NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXIX. No. 22877. Registered at the C.P.O. SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1938 (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent, abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

G. R.

IN HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S SUPREME COURT FOR CHINA AT SHANGHAI

IN THE ESTATE OF

Captain FREDERICK DAVIES

Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claims against the estate of the above-named deceased are requested to file particulars thereof with the undersigned and any persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment.

I. T. MORRIS,
Acting Registrar.

11870

G. R.

IN HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S SUPREME COURT FOR CHINA AT SHANGHAI

IN THE ESTATE OF

INDAR SINGH

Deceased.

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I. T. MORRIS,
Acting Registrar.

11871

G. R.

IN HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S SUPREME COURT FOR CHINA AT SHANGHAI

IN THE ESTATE OF

GHANSHAMDAS KARAMCHAN DADLANI

Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claims against the estate of the above-named deceased are requested to file particulars thereof with the undersigned and any persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment.

I. T. MORRIS,
Acting Registrar.

11872

ALBERT WILLIAM GRUNER

Deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925 that all persons having claims against the Estate of the above deceased, who died at 48, Marlborough Mansions, Cannon Hill, Hampstead, London, N.W.6, on the 23rd day of March, 1938, should give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned, the Solicitors for Kenneth Edward Newman, who is the lawfully appointed Attorney of MAUDE IRENE GRUNER, the Executrix of the Will of the said deceased to whom a Grant of Probate of the said Will has been granted, within two months from the date hereof, after which time the said Executrix intends to distribute the Estate of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has then been received by the undersigned AND NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons indebted to the said Estate are hereby required to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

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Shanghai, October 14, 1938. 11815

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To-day's Events

OCTOBER

18 Gen. Chiang Kai-shek's birthday (1886)
18 Don Cossack's Military Holiday
18 Tuesday Evening Club mtg. (U. Church)
18 2nd Advent mtg., The Hut, Yu Yuen, 8.15
18 Rose of Stamboul, Lt. Opera, Lyc., 8.30

Coming Events

OCTOBER

19 International Chess Club, annual meeting, Foreign Y.M.C.A., 8.30
20 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
20 Opening Performance of General Platoff's Don Cossack Choir at Metropol Theatre, 9.15
21 Shanghai Philatelic Society
21 St. Andrew's Society ann. gen. mtg.
21 YWCA Finance Campaign Report Rally. Tea 4. Report 4.30.
Joint Utilities Sports mtg. at S.A.S. Shanghai Cricket Club Smoker, 9
22 Farewell Reception and Dinner Dance for Colonel and Mrs. C. F. B. Price Engineering Society Meeting, 5.45
25 German A.D.C. "Die Vier Gesellen", Lyc., 9
26 Theosophical Society, 75 Jessfield Rd. Public Lecture, 6.30
27 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
28 Shanghai Philatelic Society
Polish Ladies' Charity Bridge/Mahjongg, Foreign Y.M.C.A., 2.30

NOVEMBER

1 B.W.A. Jumble Sale, Union Church Hall
3 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
3 B.W.A. Bridge and Mahjongg, 3
3 S.W.A. mtg., Bridge/Mahjongg, CSF, 4
3 Le Ballet Russe in "Don Quixote," ballet in 3 acts with Prologue, Lyceum, 9
4 Shanghai Golf Club, annual general meeting, American Club, 6.15
Le Ballet Russe, "Don Quixote," Lyc., 9
Le Ballet Russe, "Don Quixote" Lyc., 2.15 and 9
8 B. Zakharoff and V. Havsky in a concert for two pianos, Lyceum, 9
9 British Scouts Association Jamboree

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PHOTOGRAPHS

Durhams' Leaving Shanghai
Recs/Tung Hwa Soccer Match
Lester Hospital Bazaar
Siccawei Creek Dredging
Concession Godown Fire
S.R.C. 6th Extra Race Meeting
H.M. Consul-General Takes Salute
Seaforths' Return
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

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The Lonely Girl:

Eggs and Bouquets

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—With your kind permission we would like to sling around a few bouquets and/or eggs with reference to the various letters that have resulted from BORED BLUE's plea of the 11th instant.

BORED BLUE and her sisters in loneliness have our fullest sympathy, for even the 'mere male' portion of this entente can appreciate their feelings, fully admitting Shanghai to be a very difficult place for a decent girl on her own to find any congenial companionship.

REFINED's rather caustic advice seems to be superfluous, on the face of it, as is amply proved by SYMPATHETIC in her letter, which, together with that of EAGLE SPOIL, seems to offer the only feasible solution to the problem; and a most excellent one at that. We hope something may come of the suggestions.

The suggestion of a radio would be excellent but for the fact that the choice of programmes in Shanghai is so limited, and not all that could be desired in the way of entertainment. Also, a radio, however good, is singularly unresponsive to mutual discussion.

The scintillating wit of DOPEY in his two effusions leaves us quite cold, particularly after reading his second, where he makes the strategical error of confessing to his tender years. Granted, in his first he admits to being 'very young,' but then, so do we and we can give him quite a few years!

To us the object of BORED BLUE's letter seems to be to elicit information,—the 'striking of a sympathetic chord' being a natural corollary of course. BLUE EYES is quite right to laugh, but even DOPEY jibs at being termed 'psychological.' Personally, we would like to substitute 'callow' for 'candid'! (No offence meant, DOPEY dear!)

Gosh! DOPEY must have started travelling young! Was it in your own cradle, DOPEY, or the 'cradle of the deep'? If the latter, no further comment is required, 'we all know what sailors are!'

Which all boils down to the fact that we think DOPEY a trifle young to be airing his opinions on 'the damsel in distress', 'ensnaring the male carnivora' and 'women who couldn't get male companionship.'

Finally, best of luck to BORED BLUE and her sisters!

PETER PAN AND WENDY.

Shanghai, Oct. 8.

Lack of Opportunity

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In reply to UNSYMPATHETIC it is a good thing that everybody does not sympathize with us, or else BORED BLUE and myself will begin to think that we are in a bad way. Nevertheless I hardly agree with you as no doubt you have resided in Shanghai as many years as I have months, consequently the better judge. As for "congenial companionship" which I mentioned in my last letter to the Editor, I should perhaps have made myself a little more explicit. To enable one to pick one's friends among the opposite sex one has first to meet them, so chance would be a fine thing. It is not like being on a boat where one is thrown amongst all sorts, good, bad and indifferent.

I believe there are plenty of lonely husbands in Shanghai who appreciate our company and vice versa, but, in my opinion it is rather unwise and perhaps dangerous, one or the other may fall in love, and what if this is mutual? The fat would be in the fire. Apart from all this it may spoil one's chance of meeting eligible bachelors, should they come our way. I really must admit that some of the finest women I know have "lonely husbands" as companions, and who dare condemn? But I am young and hope one day to marry, therefore I think it a waste of time. As for the rare qualities which you mention, this type of gentleman would be a darned nuisance, and I could not keep pace with him. He would most probably be possessed of too much of the great "I am," so give me an ordinary man. I do not think you are a bad lot. A few bad eggs do not necessarily mean that the others need be cast aside. I, for one, enjoy men's company immensely, so long as they are fairly well educated. Now lack of opportunity is sometimes to blame, no doubt you have heard that one before. In most big towns in England, including London, there are tea-dances where girls, one or more in number, may go, if at a loose end, and invariably meet plenty of partners and have a thoroughly enjoyable time, I can speak from experience. There are no such places in Shanghai, which proves that it is not easy to make friends here, chiefly among the opposite sex.

We are considered a reserved people, maybe this is where we fail. There are numerous things in Shanghai that are a never-failing source of interest to a newcomer but when this becomes everyday life one suddenly feels lonely, and undoubtedly loneliness leads to boredom.

It must be difficult for the gentlemen to see eye to eye with the ladies, as everything seems so much easier for them. Perhaps I am making a mistake by adding the latter, if so, please accept my sincere apology. You say men are often bored with their female companions. I think you are martyrs to put up with this, personally I think I should sense it, and would loathe to feel that my company was tolerated rather than enjoyed.

You do surprise me with the superiority complex which you say some of our girls possess when coming out here. No doubt some are that way inclined in their own country, as I cannot understand how or why they should suddenly acquire an air of superiority and what they expect to gain by it. However this is all news to me. And for DOPEY, I should like to tell you what I think of you, but am afraid I have already taken too much space, on the Editor's page. You still have something to learn apparently. I know at least a dozen more girls in the same boat as myself, 12 to 1 DOPEY, and we cannot all be wrong, but don't you think that we are going to sit and weep our hearts out because of a few "unsympathetic writers" like yourself.

Your reply throughout is very flippant and you evidently think that we can or should pick out our Romeos in the street (reading between the lines I gather that is what you mean). Well, how? By giving some man we fancy a slap on the shoulder and ask him what about a "date," I believe this was the word mentioned. We might of course get "run in," in England most certainly, but in Shanghai the police are probably otherwise engaged. Cultivate a hobby did you say? Mine are languages, music, riding, dancing, tennis (rotten player) coupled with my job. The day is not long enough to fill in my interests. Forgive me if I have misconstrued your letter in parts. Irrespective of criticisms I am having a good laugh, but must still sign myself

ALSO BORED BLUE.

Shanghai, Oct. 15.

These Modern Times

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Having followed the "Lonely Girl" correspondence in your columns of the last few days, I feel I must ease my feelings a little regarding our twenty-two-year-old expert on—misogamy, shall we say, or the classics? Just fancy at that tender age having visited nearly all civilized and uncivilized countries, and even finding time to study the peculiarities of the opposite sex as well. Wherever was your nurse? We certainly are living in modern times, but I never imagined that the coming men of the world were so far advanced on the subject of the "eternal feminine." I should think that by the time our dear darling DOPEY is twenty-three years old he will have visited the remainder of those civilized and uncivilized countries of the world, and settled down to a nice steady life of lectures (with lantern slides)—unless he decides to remain in our midst giving valuable (?) advice to other lonely girls. Don't worry about replying, DOPEY darling, because I feel quite a lot better now. By the way, what a perfectly appropriate nom-de-plume you use. Rather obvious though.

ULTRA?

Shanghai, Oct. 17.

Programme for S'hai:

A Question of Interest

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I wondered what response I should get to my appeal for unity and strength on the part of the British community here; but obviously the lot of "The Lonely Girl" is of far more interest; which is somewhat significant.

It was kind of MR. SOWERBY to have written as he did; the writer also is a member of the B.R.A., but hears little of it, apart from requests for subscriptions and its annual meeting.

MR. SOWERBY, however, mentions no less than seven other British societies; this is precisely one of my points; why can't these amalgamate into one really weighty body? As it is, not a few who ought to be members of the B.R.A. do not join simply because (a) they are members of other British Societies, (b) they do not know what the B.R.A. achieves.

In Shanghai, there is ample scope for improvement, but neither the B.R.A. nor any other British society appears to have achieved very much—in my previous letter, I indicated some very obvious points which need not only attention but also prompt action. The B.R.A. has an Executive Committee, which should not be blind to the obvious; nor do I doubt the truth of MR. SOWERBY's remark:—"It has done a great deal in an unobtrusive way to safeguard the interests of Britons." But if all Britons are expected to join the B.R.A., less "unobtrusiveness" would encourage them.

QUARTUS.

Shanghai, Oct. 16.

Rehabilitation:

A Start Made

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—What may be regarded as the first definite step towards the restoration of the Chinese area known as Greater Shanghai has been taken with the appointment of Mr. Fu Siao-en as the new Mayor. Whatever feelings one may have regarding the Ta Tao Government, surely everyone will wish Mr. Fu success in the stupendous task ahead of him, "to work for the welfare of the people," and "to start reconstruction work on all sides," to name but two of the six points in his comprehensive programme.

When the Taiping Rebellion was finally stamped out after a reign of terror lasting fourteen years, China (to quote the graphic words of one historian) "was left to moralize over the ruins of six hundred cities, the desolation of her fairest provinces, and the loss of twenty million lives at the very least—calamities whose magnitude stands unparalleled in history."

No paternal government helped the people to re-establish themselves—perhaps the task was regarded as hopeless. The millions in the stricken regions had to work out their own destinies—to strive to keep body and soul together, or to give up and die.

China today is bravely facing another, and worse, calamity. The Chinese people, we know, possess great powers of recuperation, but these are of little avail where destruction and loss have been so complete.

Any true effort, therefore, to help the people to rehabilitate themselves in the war-torn areas, deserves the encouragement and support of every sincere friend of China.

H. A. T.

Shanghai, Oct. 17.

Saturday's Bazaar:

The Organizers' Thanks

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—May we have the publicity of your columns to address the friends who patronized our bazaar on Saturday?

We apologize to those who were unable to obtain tea, and also for the side-shows "giving out" quite early in the afternoon, but this was entirely due to the magnificent support given us, which, exceeded our highest anticipations.

The Occupational Therapy Committee is quite newly formed and this is its first venture of this kind. We thank all those who attended for making it such a success. We so earnestly believe in our cause—healing of mind and spirit by occupation—and to know we have so many friends behind us is great encouragement.

Our particular thanks are due to Miss I. M. Fleet, Headmistress of The Girls' Cathedral School, the ten Seaforth Highlanders, the P.W.D., and all other donors and helpers.

The winning ticket in the raffle for the baby doll was No. 30 and that for the Afghan No. 88.

GWENETH HULTON.
Chairman,
Occupational Therapy Committee,
Lester Chinese Hospital.

Shanghai, Oct. 17.

Shanghai Municipal Orchestra Concert

The first "popular" concert of the season drew a full house on Sunday in the Lyceum, but one wonders whether in view of the bill of fare, this most desirable state of affairs was not primarily due to the enforced musical fast which appears to be inevitable during Shanghai summers. It must be admitted that the first half of the concert was a trifle austere for the nature of the evening, and that the total length of the programme was less than the average, although in this latter connection it is fully appreciated that Maestro Paci has not yet fully recovered from his illness. The view, however, is offered that if any concession is to be made to "popular" taste over that which is apparently willing to subscribe to concerts "at the usual prices," it might have been well to slip in the Fifth Symphony of Tschaikowsky (which was played last week) in place of the lesser-known Fourth of Beethoven.

Apart from the construction of programmes, we should be grateful to the Maestro for revealing the seldom explored charms of subordinate classics. If the Fourth Symphony is of lesser magnitude than some of the rest, it is none the less beautiful; perhaps radiance of mood (as noted by M. Rolland), and hence presumably contentedness, was not conducive in Beethoven to the production of masterpieces.

One would wish for a greater degree of accuracy and cohesion in the playing of this work by the orchestra: there were careless moments in rhythms, string accompaniments, and particularly in a crop of extraneous noises which invaded the serenity of the end of the Adagio. The Scherzo and short Finale were well played.

"Rossiniana" is an extremely effective little Suite, although not by far the best of the music of other masters which Respighi has flood-lit by the brilliance of his orchestral transcriptions. The mood of this set does not wander far from the surface of things, and the single instance of deviation (the Lament) descends to the regions of teary emotionalism rather than mute grief. For the greater part, the orchestra played this Suite in a fine manner, some particularly good concerted string work and tone being evinced in the Lament. The Barcarolle appeared to require a slightly faster tempo, which would have rounded off its suave suppleness.

In glancing through the foregoing, it might appear that a carping spirit had eclipsed the broader issues of the day. To hasten a disclaimer, it is with a spirit of rejoicing that musical Shanghai welcomes the return of the Maestro, fit and vigorous as ever, after his illness. Not the least of his triumphs is the jingle of a goodly supply of that element which "talks" .....and for once exchange is in our favour!—H.

Hollywood Roman Apparently Ruined

Miss Dale's Husband Finds Missive Indicating Her Love for Another

BY WILLIAM DE MILLE
(In "Liberty")

Twenty minutes after he left the airport Frank Carter, using his latch-key, quietly entered Judith Dale's house in Hollywood. It was quite proper, because Judith was his wife and he wanted to surprise her. Her recent letters had been so full of loneliness for him that a sudden impulse had made him leave his business, hop a plane, and fly 3,000 miles just for a week-end visit.

He didn't like Hollywood—too many wild people. Why did she think it necessary for her career to make this picture, when they could have spent the summer quietly at their little home in Connecticut?

A maid was fixing flowers in the living room. Her eyes widened as she caught sight of him. "Why, Mr. Carter!" she gasped. "Miss Dale didn't tell me you were coming."

"She didn't know," he said dryly. It always annoyed him to hear his wife called "Miss Dale" at home. "Where is Mrs. Carter?" he added.

"At the studio, sir," the maid said. "She may not be home to dinner. They've been working nights this past week."

So, one of his two evenings with her was probably gone. And he'd come three thousand miles. Career. Rats!

He took his bag to the bedroom, where her private phone stood between twin beds. He regarded it sourly—the studio could come between them even here. Then he decided to call her up. If she knew he was waiting, she might get home to dinner.

Part of a Letter

Opening the drawer of the bed stand, he looked for her little Hollywood phone book. Lying on top was a torn page of white paper upon which several numbers had been roughly jotted down in pencil. As he picked it up in search of the book he saw that it was a letter—or rather, part of a letter—written in a bold hand, evidently a man's. His eye couldn't help catching the first words. Having seen them, he read the rest:

"Love you? Of course I love you. How can I help it after all that's happened—after what we've been to each other? You promised that it would always be the same—and it will—it must be. I just wouldn't want to live if—"

The rest was torn away—but if there had been a dozen pages they couldn't have told more than did the fragment in his hand. Yes, they could. The man's name—the only essential bit of information which was lacking.

He stood dazed with shock. The suddenness of it—like seeing some one you loved killed by an auto. He felt sick, too, as he slowly reread the damning words. They convicted her, all right—she could hardly laugh off "after what we've been to each other" and "you promised." Any court in the country would accept this as final proof.

So Hollywood had got her—and he, poor fool, had trusted her completely, even though he knew that she was constantly surrounded by glamorous young males. Which one had written this? Had the affair started before he left her here, only a month ago? It couldn't have. No actress was skillful enough to play such love scenes as they two had lived together. It had all happened within the last month—one of those quick, hot infatuations for which Hollywood is so famous.

Plainly the Maid Knew

Artistic temperament—that's what they call it, and they're probably right. Only artistic temperament would scribble phone numbers on the back of a passionate love letter and leave the thing lying in an open drawer. But her husband was safely in New York, so there was no danger. The maid knew—that was plain enough. That was why she looked so startled when he came in.

She could do this to him, who had never even looked at another woman since he'd been married. And her letters, pretending to miss him so—when all the time she was—It was pretty tough—but he was a man and could take it. He didn't have to stay and be made a fool. His bag wasn't even unpacked and the plane left in a few hours.

There was something else in the drawer—his revolver, which he had insisted should be there when he was away. He reached for it; then drew back. Why be melodramatic? He, at least, would not "go Hollywood." If an actress needed more emotional excitement than one man could supply, why should he object? He should have thought of that when he married her.

He had himself under perfect control. The thing to do was to find her at the studio, hand her the letter without a word, and then quietly tell her he was leaving and that when she wanted a divorce it was quite O. K. by him. No melodrama. He hated melodrama. He was sure he could get into the studio. Miss Dale's husband— He laughed ironically and started.

On the Hollywood Set

Half an hour later he stood with a studio guide at the edge of a set where his wife was working. A circle of bright lights played on the actors, making it impossible for them to see into the gloom beyond. Her beauty shook him, but he had steeled himself. He realized that he was outwardly cool and calm and would stay that way through the painful scene of his parting. No melodrama for him. No, sir!

How the woman could act! She was in the hero's arms now, and every well remembered tone of her gorgeous voice cut deep into the heart of the man who stood beyond the lights, waiting for her scene to end. Yes, the play of the mummers would end; but real tragedy would have to follow.

Could that handsome young leading man be the one? The actress was certainly ardent as she played to him. Was it all acting? In spite of his decision to show no emotion, the husband's hands were clenched as he gazed upon the woman he had loved—God help him, still loved.

He watched, fascinated, as she tore herself out of the man's arms, speaking her lines through real tears:

"Love you? Of course I love you. How can I help it after all that's happened—after what we've been to each other—"

S.V.C. Routine Orders

Officers:—The following extracts from the Municipal Gazette dated Oct. 17, are published for information:—Promotions:—Corps Headquarters.—2nd Lt. M.C. Jensen to be Lt., Sept. 16. Officers' Commissions—Renewals:—The undermentioned Officers' Commissions are renewed under Art XI of Corps Regs.—Shanghai Field Company.—Lt. W. H. Helm Sept. 9. Jewish Company.—Capt. N. S. Jacobs Sept. 30. No. 3 (Vol) Company.—Lt. V. A. Sokoloff Sept. 20. Reserve of Officers "B".—Lt. J. L. Koch Sept. 9, Lt. J. R. G. Barter Sept. 6.

Establishment:—With effect from August 1, the establishment of Corps Headquarters will include one Orderly Room Sergeant and one Orderly Room Corporal. These appointments will be filled by N.C.Os of the Russian Detachment in accordance with the rules laid down in a Standing Order. Reference R.405/18 issued on Oct. 6. The establishment of the Russian Detachment will be amended to provide accordingly for one extra Sergeant and one extra Corporal.

Promotions and Appointments:—Sergeant N.J. Hayes, is transferred from American Troop to Headquarters, Corps Cavalry is promoted Warrant Officer Cl. II and appointed Corps Cavalry Quartermaster-sergeant with effect from October 13. No. 245/392 Lance Corporal V. B. Imshenetzky, Russian Detachment is promoted Corporal and appointed Orderly Room Corporal at Corps Headquarters with effect from August 1.

Miniature Range (.22 Cal.):—Reference Corps Routine Order No. 40., para 227, dated Oct. 3. Beginning with the week ending Oct. 22. The mid-day shoots will be held from 12.00 hrs. to 14.00 hrs. on Tuesdays and *Fridays, not* on Thursdays as originally ordered.

Tactical Course—Attendance at:—The attention of unit commanders is drawn to the list issued with these orders showing the attendances at the Tactical Courses held at S.V.C. Headquarters during October. The attendances of personnel will be repeated in unit orders.

Strength:—Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps and their units on dates shown:—Corps Cavalry:—American Troop.—Tpr. P. Lutey Oct. 11. Corps Troops:—Transport Company.—Pte. M. J. Katz Oct. 7. Pte. B. Lipkovsky Oct. 11. "A" Battalion:—Scottish Company.—Pte. A. A. M. Rose Oct. 11. Jewish Company.—Pte. I. R. Furman Oct. 12. Pte. A. L. Tesler Oct. 11. Pte. D. Hirschhorn Oct. 11. "B" Battalion:—Portuguese Company.—Pte. SILVA. Gustavo Oct. 11. Pte. XAVIER. Alberto Oct. 11. Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps and their units on dates shown:—Corps Troops:—Signals Company.—Sigmn M. Utujnikoff Oct. 11. "A" Battalion:—"B" Company.—Pte. A. A. Roche Oct. 11. Scottish Company.—Pte. D. P. Ross Oct. 13.

Leave:—Corps Headquarters. — 2nd Lieutenant P. G. Calcina from Oct. 11 to Oct. 17. Light Automatic (A.D.) Co. Lieutenant H. V. Gulston, from Oct. 5, to Oct. 23. Portuguese Company Lieutenant J. R. Collaço from Oct. 6 to Nov. 5. Reserve of Officers "A" Lieutenant G. D. Nicholl from Oct. 11, to Oct. 31.

Sixty Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF OCTOBER 18, 1878

Amidst the profusion of English laurels which Lord Beaconsfield has received, he may not disdain what Bret Harte, in his memorial lines on Charles Dickens, called "a spray of Western pine." The people of California have, it seems, taken a lively interest in the Eastern Question, and a movement has been successfully organised by the English inhabitants of the Pacific coast to present to Lord Beaconsfield a costly casket of gold and silver, which is, it is stated, a veritable work of art. This tribute of Californian homage to our great Semitic statesman is expected shortly to arrive in England.

* * *

Australians are, says the "Overland Mail," full of anxiety about their mail contract. They think that the Australian mails are sometimes delayed by the India and China mail but that is shown not to be the case. Sometimes the mails come quicker by one route, and sometimes by another—much depending, of course, upon the weather as well as the steamer. Why should not the double line of mails be maintained, so that correspondents may send by the Cape or the Canal as they prefer?

DR. Schmidt, of the German Foreign Office, who did most of the interpretation between Mr. Chamberlain and Herr Hitler, is said to be the best interpreter in Europe. Its seven principal languages are to him as a child's primer.

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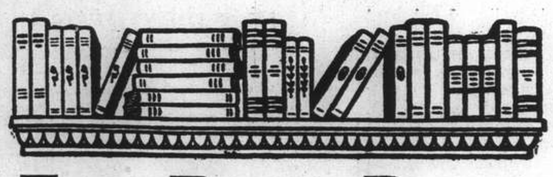

THE BOOK PAGE

Visit to Eire

IRELAND ON TEN POUNDS By Sydney A. Clark. Nicholson & Watson, London. 5/-

This is the first of the Anywhere on £10 series that I have read. In it I found a wealth of interesting information. I am afraid, however, it can only be classified as a guide-book. Although the author on occasions captured my interest, the book on the whole is rather laboured and heavy reading. There is nothing of the H. V. Morton in this work, but as a treatise on how to get the most out of a tour in Eire the book is excellent. While extravagance is barred on this tour, one could not accuse the author of meanness. There is enough data to enable the tourist to visit most of the famous towns, villages, etc., of Eire with a knowledge of what to look for and an inkling of their history and tradition.

What's in a Name?

Mr. Clark's aim in writing these books is to show the reader just how long he can remain and just how much he can see of any country for a total outlay of £10. He puts himself into the capital of the country and begins operations from there, the cost of reaching and returning from the capital not being included in the £10.

Having arrived in Dublin, the £10 tourist is advised by the author to spend at least two days there, leaving about eight days for a glimpse of the rest of the Free State. After leaving Dublin, Mr. Clark's selected tour takes him to every place of note and to many places of which I have never even heard the name. His itinerary includes besides Dublin, Cork, Maryborough, Kilkenny (incidentally there are no more cats here than anywhere else), Goold's Cross, Cashel of the Kings, Limerick, Tipperary, Killarney, Macroom, Glengariff, Galway, Mallaranny, Clifden, Leenane, Westport and finally Dublin again. Where else in the world can be found a galaxy of such glamorous names?—W.V.K.C.

A China Review

T'IEN HSIA MONTHLY October. 400 Ferry Road, Shanghai. $1 Per Annum $9.

When Shanghai residents shrink with disgust from the many and various beggars that infest the streets of the Settlement let them remember Wuu Shiunn, "the great beggar and promoter of free education" whose story is told by Hsu Ti-shan in the pages of the current "T'ien Hsia Monthly." Born in 1838, in Shantung, his father died without leaving any means of support for his widow and her two children, and in the end little Wuu Shiunn had to beg:

> ....In his early life as a child-beggar, he was recognized by the community as a "filial son." He looked after his mother devotedly and reverently, and when he received alms good enough to exchange for delicious food for his mother, he would not mind walking for many miles to get it. He never ate anything before his mother had eaten, nor did he enjoy any food more than what his mother had.
>
> On account of poor nourishment, he was physically weak. He had a face as yellow as saffron and a body as thin as a dried carrot. Being by nature an earnest and kind lad, and handicapped with a feeble physique, Wuu often suffered from ill-treatment at the hands of his fellow beggars and other villains. He never thought of avenging himself.

And so the simple and virtuous story is told, and in time this self-denying beggar, inspired by the ideal of free education for the poor, had saved enough cash to materialize his dream. The story ends:

> Many boys from his schools now hold good social positions. Among his three schools, the one in Lin-ching is the most progressive. It is known as *Wuu Shiunn Sheau-shieuq*, or Wuu Shiunn Memorial Primary School. The Shantung Government and the Chinese Ministry of Education will stage a celebration in the coming year in commemoration of the hundredth anniversary of Wuu Shiunn's birthday.

Father Henri Bernard, S.J., contributes an informative article on "Christian Humanism during the late Ming Dynasty"; "Whither China?" is by M. G. Shippe, and a "Letter to Henry Miller on Goethe" by Alfred Perlé is very readable. Tu Heng has compiled a "Cinema Chronicle" illustrated by scenes from "The Lone Battalion" and "Fight to the Last." The short story this month is "Hsiao-Hsiao" by Shên Ch'ung-wên, translated by Lee Yi-hsieh—the story of a domestic problem happily solved—and there are some interesting book reviews.

If we examine our thoughts, we shall find them always occupied with the past or future. We scarcely think of the present, and if we do so, it is only that we may borrow light from it to direct the future. The present is never our end; the past and the present are our means, the future alone is our end. Thus we never live, but hope to live, and while we always lay ourselves out to be happy, it is inevitable that we can never be so.—PASCAL.

* * *

So far as poetry attempts to improve on truth....so far it abandons truth, and is false to iself. Even literal facts, exactly as they were, a great poet will prefer whenever he can get them. Shakespeare in the historical plays is studious, whenever possible, to give the very words which which he finds to have been used; and it shows how wisely he was guided in this, that those magnificent speeches of Wolsey are taken exactly, with no more change than the metre makes necessary, from Cavendish's Life.—JAMES ANTHONY FROUDE.

* * *

Besides, monotony is pleasant in itself; morally pleasant, and morally useful. Marriage is monotonous; but there is much, I trust, to be said in favour of holy wedlock. Living in the same house is monotonous; but three removes, say the wise, are as bad as a fire. Locomotion is regarded as an evil by our Litany. The Litany, as usual, is right. "Those who travel by land or sea" are to be objects of our pity and our prayers; and I do pity them. I delight in that same monotony. It saves curiosity, anxiety, excitement, disappointment, and a host of bad passions.—CHARLES KINGSLEY.

A Man's Life

SALUTE TO FREEDOM By Eric Lowe. Collins, London. 10/6.

The publishers of this very long novel of some 670 pages claim it as one of major importance, and that is the impression which has been formed on the reviewer's mind. Approximately 200,000 words in length, the work is a trilogy in one volume, telling the story of a man's life from the beginning of the century until the present day. It takes him through all the difficulties of school, the perplexities of adolescence, the achievement of his manhood, and eventually his death before a firing squad in the Spanish rebellion. The man is an Australian and the author has succeeded very clearly in giving a description of life on that continent which is impressive by reason of the manner in which his outlines are so clearly cut.

The Ultimate Meaning

The hero's own spiritual struggle is the very fine cord along which a great deal of interesting writing has been strung, and many of the incidents with which the book is replete deserve even to stand by themselves. The action throughout is full-blooded, with plenty of adventure in Australia, Gallipoli, back in Australia, and eventually, in the closing scenes, in Spain. But together with these physical adventures there is the hero's adventure of his own mind, in which he seeks the ultimate meaning and justification of life. He asks, as so many ask, why desires attained should be turned to dust and ashes; and in his endeavour to wrest the essential meaning from such words as "death" and "friendship," "life" and "fortitude," in seeking to reconcile the responsibilities of civilization with primitive passions and reactions that cannot be denied, Mr. Lowe has succeeded in giving the world a book which should do as much for Australia as Stuart Cloete did for the Boers of South Africa in the last century.

"Salute to Freedom" by all indications is a first novel, but if the author has much more of such stuff in his mind to give the world, there can be very little doubt that he should in a very short while make a name for himself. His style is consistently good and he writes with a facility which makes the reading of so large a volume a particularly pleasurable task.—R.T.P-G.

New Fiction

"Cheung, Detective" by Mr. Harry Stephen Keeler (Ward Lock, London. 3/6) is the story of how a young Chinese in America fulfilled a certain condition in his grandfather's will which enabled him to inherit half the latter's fortune. In the event of his failure he would have received nothing. During Grandfather Cheung's lifetime young Cheung's brother won the Irish Sweepstake and became front-page news throughout America by informing the press that he had discovered the number of the winning ticket by some Chinese method of divination. This appealed to the old man to such an extent that he stipulated that young Cheung must appear honourably in a thousand American newspapers in order to benefit by his will. As Cheung had taken up the peculiar vocation of "Locater of Business Leaks" opportunities of fulfilling this condition did not appear very promising, especially as most of his employers insisted on absolute secrecy after the successful unravelling of his cases.

* * *

After carrying the reader through a very interesting maze of deduction the author presents a completely successful Cheung, a serious business leak located, and a cryptogram solved which had baffled the world for some time. Although Cheung's masterly exposing of the method employed by the purveyor of valuable secret information brings him no fame, his reward for this success is the means of emblazoning two thousand American newspapers with his name, thereby rendering him eligible for a half-share in the Cheung fortune. The grateful Milford Harven, whose business has been saved from extinction by the efforts of Cheung, gives the latter the only remaining copy of the unravelled "Marceau Death Script." After careful study the talented Chinese succeeds in solving this, and modestly communicates his discovery to the Amalgamated News Syndicate who could be relied on to spread the news among the American public. The book is really composed of two stories with the cryptogram as the only connecting link. The cryptogram story captures the imagination of the reader to the greatest extent, but in the end the interest is stolen by the main theme. The revealing of the traitor in the Harven organization comes as a complete surprise and the book winds up with a pleasing Oriental romance.—W.V.K.C.

Euthanasia may be an up-to-the-minute topic but hardly makes a good base for a light novel, which is all that **"A Modern Portia"** (Ward Lock, London. 3/6) amounts to. Mr. Paul Trent's chief characters are a dying mother, a surgeon son, and a wonder-girl, the daughter of an eminent K.C. who has been stricken down at the height of his powers and whose only interest in life is his daughter and her career as a barrister. The girl's defence of her surgeon lover, when he is arraigned (through the malice of a general practitioner) for the murder of his beloved mother, is averred to be masterly, and after the verdict the reader is left with another question in his mind: "Is an expensive professional training wasted on a pretty girl?"—D.P.

I must own it makes me very melancholy in company, when I hear a young man begin a story; and have often observed, that one of a quarter of an hour long in a man of five-and-twenty, gathers circumstances every time he tells it, until it grows into a long Canterbury tale of two hours, by that time he is threescore.—SIR RICHARD STEELE.

New Fiction

Sally Wilmot, aged twenty, the heroine of **"Palace Pier"** (Nicholson & Watson, London. 7/6), who all her life has lived on her father's rambling estate without much contact with the sophisticated world, makes one of her rare "duty" visits with the village Women's Institute outing to Newmouth. On Newmouth pier by chance she meets a repertory actor, "Handsome Andy" Fanshawe. His external glamour and polish attract her and after a few weeks' courtship she marries him. During the early stages of their married life he endeavours to suppress the cheap side of his character. After a while, however, he finds himself drifting into his former sordid ways and Sally is compelled to admit that she has made an appalling mistake. But having made her bed, her sterling character will not allow her to relinquish it. After four years of misery and humiliation she meets a kindly schoolmaster some eight years older than herself. After a short acquaintance they fall in love and carry on a friendship lasting five years, during which Sally remains faithful to her faithless husband. Mr. Robert Eton's book winds up with happiness ahead for at least five sufferers. This is assured by two incidents—the semi-murder of the rake and the timely death of a wealthy old invalid. The freedom gained from the former and the legacy accruing from the latter event join together into a complete whole the miscellaneous themes in the book. While the characters in the story do not strike me as being very consistent, I must admit that I found some of them very interesting. The schoolmaster, Robert Belling, appealed to me immensely—he could be perfectly defined as Hilton's Mr. Chips in his thirties.—W.V.K.C.

Mary Fitt's **"Expected Death"** (Nicholson & Watson, London, 7/6) is an intriguing not too lengthy yarn relating, as it does, the tale of the staid, rather crusty and elderly spinster, Elizabeth Vidor, an extremely rich woman in her own right, who decided to test the loyalty and affection of her attractive and headstrong niece, Orchid, and thereby brought upon herself—unwittingly of course—a fearful death. When Orchid discovered a box of chocolates, several of which had obviously been tampered with, addressed to her aunt, she replaced the imperfect confectionery with others, saying nothing of her actions. And what a series of disasters this move brought in its train! Death, murder, robbery, insanity and the breaking of several, up to then, carefree hearts! A country policeman—every novel reader knows the type—bovine in the extreme though far from being anything resembling a fool, and a smart Alec of a Scotland Yarn detective vie with each other in attempting to find and secure the murderer with many interesting and, at times, amusing results. Despite their efforts, however, it is left to the customary amateur sleuth to track down the real criminal by means of being a not too competent handwriting expert. Most of Miss Fitt's characters are very well drawn indeed, she writes in delightfully pleasant if racy English, while her ability to sustain the tension and suspense to the last page is admirably displayed. One criticism only is there to be made and that is of Orchid, the central character. She is, I suppose, typical of the modern girl in her mode of living, but unlike her, gives voice to the most horrible and vile expressions that would not even do credit to the lowest type of harridan.—F.A.P.

Books Received

A Key to Money and Banking. W. F. Spalding (Blackie, London. 5/-) **Laughing Diplomat.** D. Varé (Murray, London. 16/-) **The Philosopher's Stone.** I. Regardie (Rider, London. 10/6)

Fiction

The Rainbow Puzzle. E. C. Vivian (Ward Lock, London. 3/6) **Nor Equal Nor Unequal.** Valentine (Ward Lock, London. 3/6) **Prologue to Murder.** M. B. Dix (Ward Lock, London. 3/6) **Love On the Run.** W. H. Lane Crauford (Ward Lock, London. 3/6) **Yesterday's Lover.** E. Margetson (Ward Lock, London. 3/6) **Outlaw of Eagle's Nest.** P. Field (Ward Lock, London. 3/6) **Quack's Paradise.** S. Fairway (Stanley Paul, London. 7/6) **Five Were Murdered.** T. A. Plummer (Stanley Paul, London. 7/6) **Khyber Calling.** "Rajput" (Hurst & Blackett, London. 7/6) **Carey's Carnival.** B. Shurtleff (Hurst & Blackett, London. 7/6).

An evil deed, like newly-drawn milk, does not turn suddenly; smouldering, like fire covered by ashes, it follows the fool.—THE DHAMMAPADA.

* * *

The effect of a newspaper is not only to suggest the same purpose to a great number of persons, but also to furnish means for executing in common the designs which they may have singly conceived.—ALEXIS DE TOCQUEVILLE.

* * *

In good company there is never such discourse between two across the table, as takes place when you leave them alone. In good company the individuals at once merge their egotism into a social soul exactly coextensive with the several consciousnesses there present.—RALPH WALDO EMERSON.

* * *

Some have given way to shameful and desperate sorrow at the loss of a dog or horse; others have borne the death of virtuous children without any extravagant or unbecoming grief, have passed the rest of their lives like men, and according to the principles of reason. It is not affection, it is weakness that brings men, unarmed against fortune by reason, into these endless pains and terrors; and they indeed have not even the present enjoyment of what they dote upon, the possibility of the future loss causing them continual pangs tremors and distresses.—PLUTARCH.

* * *

But whether the end be seventy years hence, or seven hundred—be the close of the mortal history of humanity as far distant in the future as its shadowy beginnings seem now to lie behind us—this only we may foretell with confidence—that the riddle of man's nature will remain unsolved. There will be that in him yet which physical laws will fail to explain—that something, whatever it be, in himself and in the world, which science cannot fathom, and which suggests the unknown possibilities of his origin and his destiny. —JAMES ANTHONY FROUDE.

Official Secrets Acts

Journalists' Case Against Act; Protection from "Abuse of Power;" Story of Questioning

Details not previously disclosed of a case in which the Attorney General's Department set up inquiries under the Official Secrets Acts were given by Mr. Norman Robson, of London, at the conference of the Institute of Journalists in Keswick on September 13. The conference passed the following composite resolution protesting against the use made of the Acts against journalists carrying out their work in good faith, states the "Manchester Guardian":—

That this conference accords full approval to the action taken by the Council of the Institute in protesting against the unwarranted application of the penal provisions of the Official Secrets Act to journalists in the *bonafide* pursuit of their duties. The conference is profoundly dissatisfied with the Home Secretary's statement to the institute, and pledges itself to work unremittingly for amendment which will restrict the operation of the Acts to cases involving the safety of the realm, as was the intention of Parliament.

That this conference requests the council to give full support, legal and financial, to any member proceeded against under the existing Acts in respect of his professional duties.

Mr. Robson, who moved the resolution, said: "We are not asking for privilege, but for protection from that most dangerous of tyrannies the abuse of power. What we do is of importance not only in this country but throughout the Empire. Already the Official Secrets Act is being adopted in Australia, and the consequences may be the same to Australian journalists as they have been to us, unless they act promptly."

Unpleasant Experiences

As long ago as 1920 Sir Donald Maclean, opposing the bill, said it was objectionable because it contained no definition of an official document, and that it hit at the legitimate exercise of the function of the press.

It was the activity of the police that had aroused the resentment and alarm of the whole newspaper world. In practice inconvenient publication had been taken as synonymous with illegal publication, and the police had gone to the extreme of inventing stories.

One case involved the publication of information about the contents of some proposed legislation dealing with the coal industry. The bill itself had not been published. The Attorney General's Department set the machinery in motion, and two Lobby journalists were asked to attend at the Attorney's office. They did so, but declined to reveal the source of their information, and gave the assurance that there was no reason to doubt the fidelity of any civil servant.

It can now be stated how that case arose, Mr. Robson went on. The information came to hand as the result of an indiscreet speech by a member of Parliament who, believing himself to be out of the range of officialdom and journalism, succumbed to the temptation to tell a small meeting of his constituents many miles from Westminster just what he knew was going to happen, and he was in a position to know. He was right trusting his audience, including the reporter, who, though he made a faithful report of what had been said, did not appreciate its importance.

He reproduced it in the local paper, and there the matter ought to have ended had not one of the Lobby journalists concerned happened to employ a servant who always had the particular local paper sent to her each week. One night the journalist happened to see the paper lying about and picked it up, as all good journalists would. (Laughter.) He noticed the report, realized its value, and in view of the knowledge he already possessed of the probabilities took the necessary steps to give that information the publicity it deserved.

These facts were not communicated to the Attorney General, he added, nor have they previously received publicity, but they are given in illustration of the contention that the Acts were never intended to be used to deal with this sort of thing, and it would be ludicrous to suggest that publication of this information in any way imperilled the safety of the State.

Leakage at the Top

A cynical but experienced civil servant had declared that in matters of leakages of information the leak was usually found at the top of the barrel and not at the bottom, and the top of the Government barrel was filled with politicians and civil servants.

Sir Samuel Hoare, in the House of Commons, gave an undertaking that in future the authorization to use the Act would be given only in cases where the information disclosed was itself of serious public importance. That assurance was worth something, but until it was embodied in legislation it was not worth very much. The journalist was not seeking to put himself outside the operations of the law or to secure a privileged position incompatible with the responsibility of common citizenship, but he did object to being placed in a worse position than any common felon or suspected murderer, who at least was not required to furnish the evidence for the prosecution in advance of his trial.

Mr. A. T. Penman, of London, said that they were fighting the battle of journalists not only in Great Britain but all over the world, as these acts could be put into operation by the decree of the governors of British Colonies. There was a very real danger to their many colleagues in the colonies, especially in places like Singapore.

SHORT WAVE RADIO

Daventry, England.—Trans. 1, from *15.00 to 17.15* o'clock, 19.66m.; 19.76m.; 25.29m.; 25.53m.; 31.55m. Trans. 2, *18.45 to 21.50*, 13.93m.; 13.97m.; 16.86m.; 19.82m.; Trans. 3, *22.00 to 1.00*, 13.93m.; 13.97m.; 16.86.; 19.82m.

Via Hongkong.—31.49m.

Berlin, Germany.—*13.05 to 24.00*, 31.38m.; 19.74m.; 19.63m.; 13.99m.; *13.05 to 18.50*, 16.89m.

Rome, Italy.—*19.00 to 21.30 and 23.00 to 00.20*, 25.4m.

Australia—Lyndhurst, Mon.-Sat. *10.35 to 21.30*, Sun., *16.00 to 20.30*, 31.34m.

Sydney, Sun., *14.00 to 16.00; 18.00 to 22.00*; Mon., *22.00 to 24.00*; 31.28m.

Melbourne, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 22.00*, 31.50m.

Perth, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 19.00*, 31.28m.

Paris, France.—*19.00 to 24.00*, 19.68m.; *22.30 to 24.00*, 16.84m. Also *irreg*, on 25.24m.; 25.60m. and 31.41m.

Hilversum, Holland.—Irreg., but generally; Daily, *08.00 to 10.00, 21.25 to 23.30*; Sun., *20.25 to 23.30, 03.00 to 04.00*, 16.38m.; 19.71m.; 31.28m.

Manila, P.I.—*6.30 to 9.00 and 19.00 to 23.00*, 25.38m.; 31.35m. Sunday, *18.00 to 24.00*.

Tokyo, Japan.—*13.30 to 14.30, 21.00 to 23.30*, 25.42m.; 19.79m.

Schenectady, N.Y., U.S.A.—*20.00 to 24.00*, 13.9m.; *00.15 to 07.00*, 19.50m.

Bound Brook, N.J., U.S.A.—*21.00 to 05.00*, 16.6m., daily; *22.00 to 05.00*, 16.8m., Saturday; *23.00 to 24.00*, 16.8m., Sundays.

Today's Broadcasts

13.10 Varied (B)
13.30 News, etc. (T)
14.00 News in German (B)
15.00 News (B), "In Town Tonight" (D)
15.30 Piano recital (D)
15.40 Howard Marshall: "Under Big Ben" (D)
15.55 "Victorian Melodies" (D)
16.30 "At Home and Abroad" (LYN)
16.50 News (D)
17.00 Melbourne/Perth progs (A)
17.15 News (LYN)
17.30 News in German (B)
18.45 "Highland Games" (D)
19.00 Concert (B), News (P), Varied (M), (R)
19.20 "Victorian Melodies" (D)
20.00 News (B), Concert (P)
20.15 Play: "Behind the Door" (D)
20.30 News (LYN)
20.40 Piano recital (D)
21.00 News in German (B), Varied (T)
21.15 Gipsy music (D)
21.30 News (D), in French (P)
22.00 News (B), Talk by BBC Chief Engineer (D)
22.15 Music by Tchaikovsky (D)
22.30 Play: "Dardanelles" (P)
22.45 "Microphone at Large" (D)
23.15 "Steamboat" (D)
24.00 News (D), (R)
00.20 The Dansant (D)
05.15 News (D)
05.35 Talk by BBC Chief Engineer (D)
05.50 "Songs at the Piano" (D)
06.00 Special news, 31.48m. (USA)
06.10 BBC Empire Orchestra (D)
06.30 Varied (M)

THROUGH THE MIKE

BY THE RADIO EDITOR

"Spik Chinese?"

Herr Harold Schu..., a member of the Stuttgart studio staff in Germany, may claim to be the world's most versatile announcer for he is reported to be able to speak no less than 290 languages and dialects! The gift would appear to be a family heirloom as his father was able to converse in twelve different tongues, and was only surpassed by his uncle who, in his lifetime, had mastered twenty foreign languages. When only nine years of age, Schultz began to study Italian, one year later French and then English; at the age of fifteen he was learning several languages at one and the same time.

* * *

India—Again

The programme of transmissions is reported to have been readjusted again over the 10-kilowatt short-wave transmitters of All-India radio and is as follows, "until further notice":—VUC2, Calcutta (31.48m., 9.53 mc/s), daily from Shanghai Time 14.06-17.06 and (61.48m., 4.88 mc/s) from 18.36-22.06, VUM2, Madras (60.60m., 4.95 mc/s) from 19.00-24.00 daily. VUD3, Delhi, provides two broadcasts on Sundays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays (19.80m., 15.15 mc/s) between 20.30-22.30 and 01.30-03.30 (next morning). VUD2, Delhi, daily broadcasts on 31.28m., 9.59 mc/s, from 19.30-00.20 with a special broadcast on 60.06m., 4.995 mc/s. Through VUD2, a transmission is also made between 20.30-22.30 and from 01.30-03.30. From Bombay, VUB2 (31.41m., 9.55 mc/s) broadcasts daily from 09.30-10.30 and again from 13.00-15.30, with a third transmission from 19.00-00.30 on 61.16m., 4.905 mc/s.

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Note to Hams

The call-sign of a 300-watt transmitter installed at a base camp in New Guinea, Netherlands East Indies, by the U.S. Natural History Expedition is PK6XX. Transmissions are reported at frequent intervals on 21.13m., 14.2 mc/s.

* * *

Finland

According to information just out from Home, OFE and OFD, the two Finnish stations at Lahti, on 25.47m. (11.78 mc/s) and 31.58m. (9.6 mc/s) respectively, have altered slightly the timing of their radio programme. OFE is now on the air daily from Shanghai time 14.05-14.45, 18.00-20.00 and 23.00-01.00, while OFD broadcasts from about 01.15 each early morning. On Sundays, however, the sole Finnish short-waver would appear to be OFE.

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Turkey Calling

Early in the evenings and again around 4 "ack-emma" Shanghai Time one can now pick up test broadcasts from the new 20-kilowatt Turkish station TAQ built at Ankara, Turkey; signals are radiated on a frequency of 15.195 mc/s, the equivalent wavelength being 19.74m. Station TAP, working on 31.70m., 9.465 mc/s, is also to be tried out shortly and may be on the air by the time these notes are in print. All announcements and the call-letters are given out in the English language.

* * *

Here'n There

Push-button tuning may be added to any type of receiver without much difficulty.....Special add-on push-button units, giving improved results over those now obtainable with ordinary sets, will shortly become available at Home....no signs of them out here yet....Twin loud-speakers will give ideal reproduction ....providing they are properly balanced and fed with the correct frequencies....for best results, it is imperative each speaker be fed from a tuned circuit so that only certain frequencies are dealt with by each unit....Vertical aerials are non-directional.

* * *

World Radio

According to statistics recently compiled, the number of radio stations in the world is now roughly 36,000, of which 8,000 are land transmitters; the rest are mobile units installed in ships, aeroplanes, etc. Most of the land stations are monopolised by the communication services, thus leaving roughly 1,800 stations for the use of broadcast entertainments. Of this 1,800, about two-thirds are situated in the Americas.

Millionaire Chinese Laundryman Dies

New Orleans, Oct. 16.

A dance orchestra played English hymns at the burial of a Chinese millionaire laundryman today. Mr. Charlie Tung, who amassed more than U.S. $1,000,000 in the laundry business was given a grand funeral by his family and relatives, but his body will be shipped to China as soon conditions permit such a burial.—United Press.

Bilbao Shaken by Earthquake

Burgos, Oct. 16.

While guns thundered along the Ebro front, where Nationalist forces captured several new positions, Bilbao suffered a minor earthquake at dawn today. The populations of villages in the Bilbao region rushed out of their houses and sought refuge in the open country. The toll is not yet known.—Havas.

Teh, Others on Way To Japan on Visit

Peiping, Oct. 17.

Leading a group of sixteen officials from the three autonomous régimes of Southern Chahar, Northern Shansi and Mongolia, Prince Teh, chairman of the Federated Mongolian Autonomous Government, was on his way today to Changchun, en route to Japan. Gen. Li Shou-hsin, Vice-Chairman, is also a member of the group.

The party arrived here on October 14 from Kalgan.—Domei.

Americans Break World Endurance Record

Richmond, Oct. 16.

Mr. Bob McDaniels and Mr. Russ Morriss at 5.06 p.m. today broke the world's endurance record for light planes by remaining in the air for 106 hours. They continued to remain aloft after breaking the world mark in an effort to reach a total time of 150 hours.—United Press.

Rumania Celebrates King's Birthday

Bucharest, Oct. 16.

The whole country celebrated King Carol's 45th birthday as a national holiday today. The King's popularity has apparently grown of late, since the recent serious international development and the repression of extreme rightist activities in Rumania. During the past month, King Carol has taken all the authority of the State into his own hands. By its demonstrations today, the Rumanian people seemingly tried to show their unity behind their leader.—Havas.

Does a man buy a ticket in a lottery—a poor man, whose whole earnings go in to secure the ticket—without trembling, hesitating, and doubting? Can a man stake his bachelor respectability, his independence and comfort, upon the die of absorbing, unchanging, relentless marriage, without trembling at the venture?—DONALD GRANT MITCHELL.

* * *

It turns the stomach, it blots the daylight, where I looked for a manly furtherance or at least a manly resistance, to find a mush of concession. Better be a nettle in the side of your friend than his echo.—RALPH WALDO EMERSON.

* * *

Talking is like playing on the harp; there is as much in laying the hand on the strings to stop their vibrations as in twanging them to bring out their music.—OLIVER WENDEL HOLMES.

PASSION LIBRARY:

The Virgin of 18 Carats, Pitigrilli
Astarte, S. T. Edwards
Scandal about Sybil, M. Kezzels

Price $10 each

THE VENDOME PRESS:

Sin and Such, J. Woodford
The White Gambit, Ch. Beadle
The Love Orchid, E. Wensley Dale
The Fleshly Prelude, R. Sermaise
Jam To-day, M. Firminger

Price $12 each

THE OBELISK PRESS:

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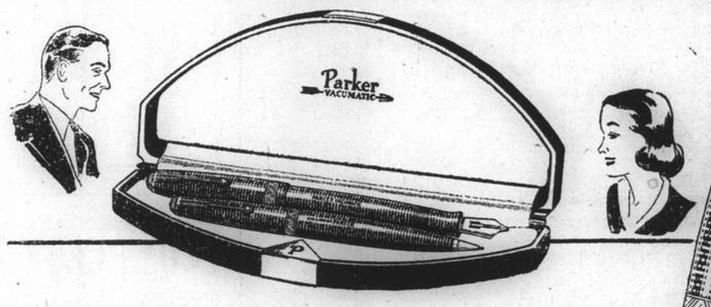

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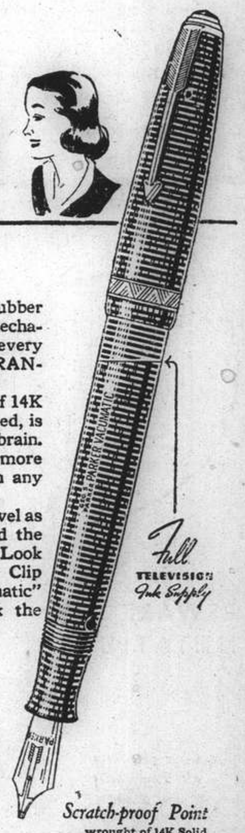

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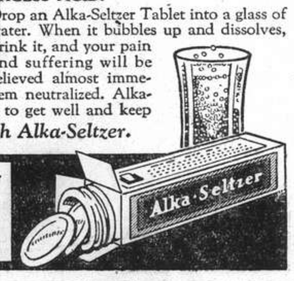

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BIRTH

GIRLING.—At the War Memorial Nursing Home, Hongkong, to VERA, wife of I. S. Girling, a son. -4241

DEATH

COSTA.—On Monday, October 17, 1938, at the Paulun Hospital, Shanghai, LILIAN (LILY) MARIA DA COSTA, aged 33 years, the dearly-beloved wife of Prospero Augusto da Costa. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Requiem Mass will be held tomorrow, Wednesday, October 19, at St. Pierre's Church on Avenue Dubail at 8.15 a.m., to be followed by interment at the Bubbling Well Cemetery at 5 p.m. (Hongkong papers please copy.)

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

THE NEW MAYOR

The acceptance by Mr. Fu Siao-en of the position of Mayor of Greater Shanghai will without doubt call forth widely divergent opinions, though most will feel that the securing of such a man to occupy the office has been an important success for the Japanese. There will always be at least two ways of regarding the conduct of Mr. Fu in taking over so important a post, and neither of them, tested in the light of real and effective patriotism can be shown to be entirely wrong. There is the one type of thought which will regard the adhesion of such a man to the invaders of China as a traitorous act, denying the existenee of any sense of loyalty and subordinating to individual ambition the duties which patriotism expects of the citizen. If Mr. Fu Siao-en in deciding to assume office has done so for the service of his own ends he must stand condemned. On the other hand this journal pointed out some months ago that the holding of such an office in occupied territory may be actuated by the most praiseworthy of motives. There are precedents which justify the contention. and the case of the famous M. Max, the burgomaster of Brussels during the years of German occupation of Belgium, is a striking example of the kind. There M. Max stood between the masses of the Belgians and the military overlords, and undoubtedly did much to make easier the difficult lot of his own people. There was not at the time and has not been since any suggestion that he acted in any improper manner, and the service he rendered to his fellow nationals earned him nothing but commendation. If similar motives have inspired the new Mayor to undertake work which will be difficult, and at any rate for the time being earn for him the opprobrium of at least a section of the Chinese public, he may in the long run be vindicated. He alone knows his reasons for taking the step he has, but if they are indeed inspired by the real desire to be of assistance to his own race they may prove to be entirely good.

That pending the final outcome of Sino-Japanese hostilities so important a section of China as Shanghai and its environs should be left desolate and idle does not commend itself to reason. This vast industrial region, and the area from which it obtains so much of its food supplies, should be reorganized into efficiency at the earliest possible moment. Not necessarily because of the purely selfish idea of getting back to business again, but because by doing so much of the misery which still exists in and around Shanghai would be alleviated. The restoration of good order in the outlying districts would make it possible for large numbers of the peasantry, at present idling away their time from their fields, to get back to their work, and prevent the further inroads of that psychological rot which inactivity so frequently engenders. The process does not stop there. There is a host of undertakings which would be operating if general conditions could be improved, within as well as without the urban areas, and the restoration of activities to some degree approaching normal would mean the commencement of that return to prosperity which is so necessary for so large a district as that over the destinies of which Mr. Fu Siao-en has agreed to preside. His declaration of policy published in this journal yesterday is interesting, even though it follows the only lines which might be expected in times such as these. Mr. Fu contemplates doing his best to stop the spread of Communism. That should not prove difficult in a land where the danger has always been more fancied than real, and where that political creed has been in the past so different from the brand preached by Moscow. The adoption of a "good neighbour policy" between China and Japan will come one of these days and in expressing an intention to bring it about now, Mr. Fu intelligently anticipates what may be expected at some future date, be it distant or near. For the rest of his declaration it may safely be said that it expresses intentions which could be those of the most rigid loyalist to the Chinese Government, and to be expected of any one who has the interests of his countrymen at heart, and in conclusion he asks to be judged by his deeds, which shall be dictated by a sense of morality.

It is by such a sense that he will be judged. The blessing which has been bestowed upon him by Mr. Masayuki Tani, Japanese Minister-at-Large, will inevitably impress those who see in the whole development the execution of the Japanese will, and in that respect it may to some extent discount the welcome which in other circumstances might have been given to Mr. Fu's appointment. Of the new Mayor's executive ability there is no doubt. He may be able to render inestimable service to his own people in this area, but it is evident that in the eyes of a large number of his fellow countrymen—probably in the eyes of the majority—the close association of the Japanese with his appointment may prove a serious handicap. It is only by the results of his endeavours that he will eventually be judged. There is so much to be done, and the tools at hand so scanty. Someone has to start the work and the men who have at one time or other intended to initiate it have paid in some cases dearly for their temerity. In view of that fact Mr. Fu Siao-en has at least shown the courage of his convictions, for though it is to be expected that every possible precaution will be taken to ensure his safety, it is apparent that in making the decision he has, he risks his personal safety, and, perhaps, that of others. It is to be hoped that the threats which have already been made will not be carried out. There have been enough wrongs committed in China during the past year or so that a surcease from them will be heartily welcomed. Mr. Fu should be given a chance to make his words good. If he can follow a policy designed to relieve the people of some of the heavy cost of war which they have been so tragically paying, his action will have been justified; if he cannot, he will not have done much harm, and the judgment ultimately to be passed upon him can with safety be left to posterity.

U.S. Rearmament

President Roosevelt's decision that the United States must embark upon a new rearmament plan, was probably more influenced by recent developments in Europe than the advice and speech of Mr. Bernard Baruch, for if ever there were a time in which actions speak louder than words it is now. Activities of dictatorship countries in the south American continent may not yet have assumed substantial proportions, but there is plenty of evidence available that such have been prosecuted vigorously, if not by emissaries sent there for that purpose, at least by natives convinced of the good qualities of totalitarianism. The result has been that a remarkable change has been wrought in the United States. Even in the last stronghold of idealism the infection of realism has secured a hold, and it is becoming increasingly realized that the treasuring of ideals needs the protection of a completely realistic outlook. To hold to those things which are of good repute is the desire of most people, but when it is realized that even they are in peril because of a rapidly spreading materialism, then the coldness of that fact induces the determination to avail of every means to protect them. That the Government of the United States has come to realize, and the conviction is being borne in upon its people. A United States fully equipped for the complete defence of the American continents would undoubtedly be a force to be reckoned with and the prospect of retaining the western hemisphere for democracy will naturally appeal to a people in which its principles are so deeply ingrained. There will even now be some opposition to the new scheme which has been propounded, but the trend of the news during the last few years has served to make Americans increasingly foreign-minded. With that will come the realization that the United States cannot stand aloof from developments elsewhere in the world, and with it the understanding of the fact that international relationships are developing along such lines that in the not too distant future somebody's business will be the business of everyone.

The Crisis in Retrospect

The cables and wireless have described very fully to readers in this part of the world the fateful days of September when Europe was on the verge of war but diplomacy triumphed over armed might. It is left to the the newspapers from Europe to fill in the details and supply the bold relief which the telegraphic picture lacked. How well they have mirrored these stirring events at a time when London publishers were considering emergency plans for publishing in Manchester and Glasgow is revealed in the latest newspapers from home which portray in an amazing degree the hopes and fears of the people. Within the space of a few years since the last war when, in spite of air raids Britons at home felt quite safe, in their service to the public the newspapers reveal a vastly different situation regarding war possibilities and precautions. On September 29, when the newspapers were announcing the forthcoming Four Power meeting at Munich they were publishing numerous advertisements for air raid shelters, filtration plants, gas masks, steel helmets and appliances for meeting household needs. One newspaper has two full pages of advertisements announcing these wares with the purchaser-attraction terms as if they were purveying hats, coats, shoes or cars. Concrete tube air raid shelters, produced by a company with works situated in Surrey, Sussex, Kent, Staffordshire and Gloucestershire ranged from £8 for four-feet diameter to £22 for six-feet diameter "supplied in strict rotation unless otherwise instructed by the Government." More elaborate shelters of self-shoring protective steel casing are delivered for £85, no skilled labour being required and all materials included. Activated carbons are another necessity to absorb gases and therefore another firm is prepared to supply these carbons for filtration plants because, otherwise, shelters are costly and would accommodate only one third of the proper number. "Economical immunity" is another firm's slogan for shelters which any handy-man about the house can assemble at a small cost, and there are all sorts of fireproof and protective lining materials for the home in case a shelter is not possible. Fire extinguishing appliances, first aid kits, and protective anti-gas clothing are among the commercial world's preparations for civilian preservation, with steel helmets as cheap as 7/11d. and the inevitable appeal to nerve solace—chewing gum for "jangled nerves are soothed by daily use of healthful, delicious——'s gum" and "wherever smoking is forbidden (as in air raid shelters) then chew a piece or two of——'s gum to overcome the longing." It is difficult to conceive, from this distance, the conditions created in every-day life by the threat of war in these circumstances although only fourteen months ago a similar shock upset the equilibrium of this community and its ignorance of war conditions when huge aeroplane bombs rained down. Perhaps from across the Atlantic came the proper response when the "New York Times," at the beginning of the fateful period, preceded its leading article with this appeal:

> A prayer that peace may be maintained in Central Europe should rise today from every house in our land. Each day that war can be staved off will allow that much more time to find a just and acceptable solution.

Newspapers have been accused, according to the bias of the interested parties, of making or breaking Governments, advancing or obstructing progress, and creating or preventing war but they never had a more difficult role to fill than during the month of September, 1938.

South China Commander

The Japanese military authorities have not yet divulged the name of the officer commanding the new operations launched in South China, and the only reference made has been to his military abilities. This is in accordance with precedent in the China "incident" which has resulted in command announcements following only a record of definite progress. It has been suggested that General Matsui, who was the first Commander-in-Chief of the Shanghai expeditionary force, is in charge but this is very unlikely. A more reasonable suggestion is that as this sphere falls within the ambit of Lieut.-Gen. Motoo Fursho, commander of the Formosa Garrison, he is the man directing these operations in a part of China whose contiguity possesses strategic relationship with the duties of the Formosa command. In any case, if another officer has been selected for this important task on which Japan places so much importance, Lieut.-Gen. Furusho's position cannot be overlooked. As Commander of the Taiwan Army at Taihoku, where the landing forces assembled and were assorted for duties at Bias Bay and afterwards at Namchau, he is one of Japan's leading soldiers, with a long period of service with the General Staff in Tokyo before being posted to his first command with the 11th Division. He was Vice-Minister of the Army in 1935 and also served as director of the Aviation prior to appointment to his present post in August, 1937.

IN PARENTHESIS

Piano Tuner

"MOST men lead lives of quiet desperation." J. W. Tapper, Pianoforte Tuner, Newton Highlands. Cen. New. 1306.—Classified adv. in the "Wellesley (Mass.) Townsman."

NOT always even quiet.

* * *

How's That Again?

FROM the "Herald Tribune":—

Last night they took her to the Rogues' Gallery and asked her to try to find a photograph of her slayer.

* * *

Raised Eyebrows

HER husband, she said, formerly was in the "race track business" but gave it up shortly after they were married at the request of her father. —"World Telegram."

* * *

Wags' Corner

"WELL, well," said the genial visitor, "and what sort of a chemist does your little boy want to be—pharmaceutical, analytical, industrial.....?"

"Cash," said the angel child.

* * *

Hints to Cooks

CUCUMBERS get along swimmingly with cold shrimp or crab. Try this molded cucumber salad when you ask a few shrimps in to supper.—"Washington (D.C.) Daily News."

WE usually just have them for cocktails.

* * *

Neatest Trick of the Week

FROM the "Reading (Pa.) Eagle":—

WHEN Herbert Bryant, of Plymouth, Ia., shot a skunk near his home, orphaning her seven babies, he brought the tiny animals home, where his toy terrier, Pep, proceeded to adopt them and supervise their feeding with an eye dropper of a mixture of canned milk, syrup and water.

* * *

In the Parish

"WELL, I think the programme for our forthcoming concert is most charming, and reflects the greatest credit on our devoted commitee. There is just one *teeny* point. At the suggestion of Miss Cosy, Strauss' *delicious* waltz, 'Wine, Women and Song' will be announced as 'Lemonade.

* * *

Rank

....WE set them down before a shabby little house on all sides of which weeds grew in rank profusion.—From "Ruby and Camelia," in the July Harpers, page 132.

We set them down at the shabby little house on every side of which grew weeds in rank profusion.—From the same story, page 134.

THIS profusion is getting pretty rank, if you ask us.

* * *

Beauty Tip

THE news in the new Half-Size LeGants is the new bustline and a shadow box act showed how this new bustline should be fitted. This is one of the most acute fitting problems in the corset departments because ladies with large busts don't always know where to place them. Press release from Warner Brothers Corset Company.

THERE's always the mantelpiece.

* * *

Trop Mal Mon Ami

LUNCHING in Paris, the other day, one of my revered contemporaries records that "overflow tables were not required in the foyer, but the restaurant itself was well filled."

This surprises me. Whenever I lunched in Paris—oh, Paree, citay de jwar! Nweets de folly! Vive l'amoor!—overflow tables were required not only in the foyer but for half-a-mile down the street. People simply fought to be near me.

Their affection was sometimes overwhelming in its demonstrativeness. Once I remember he ceiling literally fell on m e. I simply laughed it off.

* * *

More Progress

ENTERPRISING and up-to-date as ever, the Dowager Countess of Clanbridget will launch a series of jam-sessions (she thinks that is the expression) of swing music, at which jitterbugs (she hopes that is the right word) may dance, in Clanbridget House this winter.

She has been rehearsing some of the steps and expressions with Pooms, her butler, who entered her service shortly after the Crimean war.

"For example," said Pooms to a reporter yesterday, "her ladyship will shout *'Floogey wom, hot baby!'*: and I, correcting her from the book of words, will say *'I suggest it should be floogey wam-wam, hot baby, my lady.'*

"We will then face each other, and stamp, each endeavouring to hit the other's right hand so as to produce a resonant clap.

"So far we have only succeeded in hitting each on the ear, but I have no doubt that her ladyship will improve with practice. As for me, it would not do to show improvement before her ladyship."

THE WEATHER

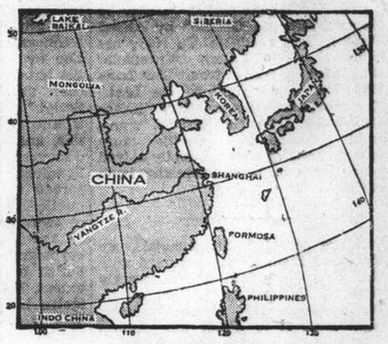
Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min. 51.0	Max. 70.0
Same date, 1937	Min. 48.0	Max. 68.0

Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min. 50.4	Max. 71.8
Same date, 1937	Min. 46.4	Max. 68.0



Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 16th:—Anticyclone over China, Korea and Japan. The typhoon is going away east-north-eastward. Strong north-westerly to north-easterly monsoon along the China Coast and at sea. Fine to cloudy weather, overcast at times, in China.

State on the morning of the 17th:—Anticyclone decreasing, central over north-eastern China. Low area to the south-east of the Loochoos.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Cloudy to overcast weather with westerly to southerly winds over northern China. Fine to cloudy with northerly to easterly breezes over our regions: with northerly to north-easterly winds over the Eastern Sea and Formosa. A typhoon to the south-east of the Loochoos seems to advance north or north-eastward.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

IN MEMORY OF MRS. L. PERRY

To the American Civilian Relief:—

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Captain and Mrs. A. E. Jackson
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Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Murray	$50.00
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Messrs. China General Omnibus Co., Ltd.	$250.00
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Mrs. N. B. Doodha	$10.00

Major Clash Expected In South China

Chinese Stem Japanese Advance, But Decisive Battle Near : Surprise Responsible For Swift Japanese Moves : Canton Evacuation

Hongkong, Oct. 17.

AN army of 120,000 Chinese troops, entrenched 18 miles south-east of Tsangshing, have finally stemmed the Japanese advance westward and are steadfastly holding their ground despite intensive bombing by Japanese aircraft, according to the "Hongkong Telegraph." These troops, commanded by General Wong Chun, are said to consist of the First, Seventh and 50th Divisions of the Central Army and to be well equipped with field guns and howitzers.

Additional reinforcements are continually being rushed from Canton, and a major battle is stated to be imminent. Earlier, the Japanese Consul-General said he had received official confirmation that Japanese units advancing westward breached the Canton-Kowloon Railway at many points last night and were now advancing northwards towards Sheklung.

Reuter learns that the unprecedented initial success of the Japanese invasion of Kwangtung is mainly owing to the element of swiftness and surprise with which the attack was launched.

Another important factor is the recent withdrawal of important Cantonese units to the Hankow front, leaving the protection of the province in the hands of provincial troops and local militias.

It is understood that the Kwangtung troops are now rushing back from the Hankow front in order to man the defence lines around Canton, which consist of a "Maginot Line" within a 45-mile radius, and inner lines within about a 15-mile radius, of Canton.

The extraordinary secrecy maintained by the Japanese is reflected in the fact that Japanese officials and other Japanese in Hongkong do not yet know the identity of the Japanese Commander-in-Chief. The rumour naming General Matsui arose from an alleged conversation between him and a Japanese friend in Tokyo last month when the General is reported to have said: "We will meet at the end of the year in Canton."

Concentrating at Waichow

According to evidence from Reuter's Special Correspondent, who flew over the Hongkong border in a specially chartered 'plane today, it is possible that yesterday's tentative landing by the Japanese at Poan has been abandoned.

He reports: "I can definitely state that no Japanese troops are within a 15-mile radius of the British borders.

"There is an absence of military activity along the Canton-Kowloon Railway from Shumchun to Lilang, the only movement on the Chinese side of the border being that of refugees, who are swarming into British Territory by the hundreds.

"The general impression I gained was that the Japanese are concentrating in the Waichow sector, and that military activity in other sections is of a minor nature."

The Japanese claimed today that their troops, advancing westward from Waichow, had reached Poklo, and that Tsangshing had been subjected to very severe bombing during the night and this morning. Certain quarters expect that a decisive battle will be fought in the neighbourhood of Sheklung, where the main body of the Chinese forces is concentrated in Canton's "Maginot Line."

It is now estimated that 500,000 civilians have evacuated Canton for the interior. The defences of the British section in Shameen are manned by sailors and Indian troops. A further 400 Chinese refugees crossed the British borders yesterday, making approximately 1,000 since the Japanese landing on October 12.

Canton remains completely cut off, and no news has been received from that city since early yesterday morning.—Reuter.

Little Opposition Encountered

With the Japanese Forces in South China, Oct. 17.

Meeting virtually no opposition, Japanese troops landed at Bias Bay last Wednesday continued their advance along the north bank of the East River yesterday. Aerial observation indicated that the entire Eastern Kwangtung area now threatened by the Japanese was virtually devoid of troops.

At Poklo, pivotal point on the Canton-Swatow Highway 100 kilometres west of Canton, which forms the immediate objective of the Japanese forces striking westward from Waichow, no Chinese troops could be sighted, aerial scouts reported. The area east of Poklo was also vacant, they said.

Chinese concentrations, however, were said to have been sighted at Pingshanhu:, a point on the highway about 20 kilometres west of Waichow, and at Lunghwahui, 12 kilometres west of Pinghu on the Canton-Kowloon Railway. The latter, a small force, was described as being on the move in the direction of the Japanese advance.

At 8.30 o'clock yesterday morning, the Japanese forces operating on the north bank of the East River were 10 kilometres east of Waichow.—Domei.

Chinese Command in Doubt

Hongkong, Oct. 17.

It would appear from reports reaching here today that the question as to who will be placed in command of the Chinese forces defending South China has not yet been decided. Whereas it was still generally believed yesterday that General Pai Chung-hsi, who played a leading part in the defence of Hankow and who is reported to be on his way to Canton, would take over the supreme command in South China, it is stated in the "Ta Kung Pao" today that the entire Chinese forces in South China have been placed under the command of General Ho Ying-ching, Chinese Minister of War, who was appointed several months ago Commander of the Fourth War Zone, namely South China.

Official quarters still decline to make any precise statement on this matter. It is also not definitely known whether the Canton Government has transferred its seat to some place in the north of Kwangtung Province. It is merely intimated that the Government has conveyed its documents to a place of safety.—Trans-Ocean.

(Continued on page 9)

Artillery Battle Across River

Fighting Continues South Of Sinyang : Chinese Rush Troops to Yangsin

Hankow, Oct. 17.

On the Peiping-Hankow Railway front fighting is now taking place at Sze Tse Ho (Lion River) south of Sinyang, according to Chinese reports. Chinese and Japanese forces are exchanging artillery fire across the stream.—Reuter.

Chinese Mass Troops

Crack Chinese forces were being massed at Yangsinshih, five kilometres west of Sintanpu, on the Yangsin-Sunpussu highway in Southeastern Hupeh in an attempt to prevent Japanese forces from making further progress in their encirclement of Yangsin, a Japanese military spokesman said last night.

The First, Seventh and Fiftieth Central Army Divisions, the spokesman asserted, were reliably understood to have been dispatched to the Yangsinshih area. These forces were described by the spokesman as the best Central troops available at present. They were equipped with 10-centimetre heavy guns, he added.

Meanwhile, Domei dispatches from the front indicated a widespread Japanese troop movement as lines were shortened to keep with the rapid advance along the northern bank of the Yangtze. Hwangmei, formerly a vital point in the Japanese system of operations, was reliably understood to have been evacuated as the Japanese shortened their sectors in their westward push.

Counter Attacks Repulsed

Three hundred Chinese dead were found abandoned at Shihweiyao, pivotal point in the second-line defences of the Wuhan triple cities, when Japanese naval and military forces entered the town on Sunday evening, a Japanese naval spokesman said last night.

Several counter-attacks were launched by the Chinese during Sunday night but were all repulsed, he claimed. Complete occupation of Shihweiyao was effected at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, the spokesman said.

At 2 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, he continued, the Japanese reached the coal mines in the vicinity of Shiweiyao where they captured four field guns, 50 horses, one locomotive, 12 freight cars and a large quantity of minerals. Japanese losses in the capture of the town included five killed, he stated.

Naval aircraft extended active co-operation to naval landing parties and Army forces operating in the Yangtze sector, besides bombing the Canton-Hankow railway along its entire length on Sunday, the spokesman declared. One naval 'plane was shot down by Chinese anti-aircraft fire at Yochow halfway between Hankow and Changsha, the spokesman stated.

At Shihweiyao, the Japanese forces were within 75 nautical miles of Hankow, he added.

East Surreys Landing In Hongkong

Battalion For Shanghai Going to Happy Valley

Hongkong, Oct. 11.

The East Surrey Regiment, which was originally sent to Shanghai from England to replace the Durhams, arrives this afternoon and will be temporarily housed in a camp in Happy Valley, military authorities announced today.

The Regiment arrived in Singapore at the time of the recent naval and military manoeuvr7es in Hongkong and disembarked at the Straits port.—United Press.

Partial Results of Belgian Elections

Brussels Oct. 16.

Communal elections will be held here all day today as the polling continues throughout the country.

At present, only partial results are known and these only from the bigger towns. First results from the Eupen and Malmedy recovered districts show advantagts for the Belgian lists. In Ghent, the Socialists and Catholics are level in the ballotting to date, with the Liberals far beyond. The Catholics have a clear lead over the Socialists and Liberals in Antwerp, however.—Havas.

M. van Zeeland to Talk On Peace at Cambridge

Brussels, Oct. 17.

M. Paul van Zeeland, former Premier of Belgium and foremost economics expert, will leave for Cambridge this morning to lecture upon the organization of peace on an economic basis. Towards the middle of the week, he will board a ship at Southampton to go to the United States, where he will make a series of lectures upon world economic co-operation. During his stay in the U.S., M. van Zeeland will see many of the most important political and economics personalities there.—Havas.

Food Supply Difficult For Hongkong

Japanese Offer to Meet Any Acute Shortage

Hongkong, Oct. 17.

The Japanese authorities at Formosa have made the Hongkong Government an offer to supply the Colony with meat and vegetables if an acute shortage should arise in Hongkong, the Japanese Consul-General here said today.—United Press.

Hongkong, Oct. 17.

The situation in Hongkong grows more difficult every day. Not only has trade been cut off over night but also the maintenance of the regular food supply has become extraordinarily difficult. The Government of Hongkong has arranged with the American liner President Coolidge to bring as much fresh vegetables and fresh meat as possible from Manila in order to mitigate the food shortage.

Besides this, the refugee question is causing great concern. The refugee camp of Kamtin is already almost full. The so-called frontier road leading from Kowloon to the frontier is now strictly guarded so that police and military authorities may be in a position to control the stream of refugees that began to pour in on Saturday afternoon.—Trans-Ocean.

Food Cards at Hankow

Hankow, Oct. 17.

The Foreign Residents' Association is issuing food supply permit cards to persons registered with the organization. Such cards will be the only credentials for the drawing of free food supplies from the association in the event of emergency.

The air service between Hankow and Hongkong was interrupted today. The Eurasia Aviation Corporation is refunding the purchase price of tickets.

The air-raid alarm sounded here at 11 a.m. today, when Japanese aircraft were sighted heading up-river, but the 'planes did not visit Hankow, and the all-clear signal was given a half hour later.

It is learned that the raiders heavily bombed the Peiping-Hankow Railway north of here in the vicinity of Hsiaokang and Kwangshui.

"Ta Kung Pao" Moves Again

The leading local Chinese daily, the "Ta Kung Pao," made its last appearance here today. It will resume publication in Chungking.

The departure of the newspaper leaves only three important Chinese dailies here, namely, the "Wuhan Daily News," a Kuomintang organ, the "Sao Tang Pao," organ of the Chinese army, and the "Hsin Hua Jih Pao," a Communist organ.

In a leading article this morning the "Ta Kung Pao" says that "the paper has moved from Tientsin to Shanghai, then to Hankow and now to Chungking in order to follow the Chinese authorities. We are not refugees. Every inch of Chinese territory is another Tientsin or another Hankow.

"Though our bodies are in Chungking, our hearts will be with our soldiers on the various fronts—in the Tapieh mountains, in the Yangtze River valley, on Poyang Lake, in North China and in Kwangtung."—Reuter.

Labour Wins Remarkable Victory in New Zealand

Premier, Finance Minister Gain Huge Majorities

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Wellington, Oct. 17.

The Labour Party's emphatic victory in the General Election came as a painful surprise to the Nationalist party, whose chances of success were regarded as very promising.

At the end of the campaign the final state of the parties was Labour, 55; National, 23; Independent, 2. All the Cabinet ministers were returned. The Prime Minister, Mr. M. J. Savage, and the Minister of Finance, Mr. W. Nash, had huge majorities.

The total poll constituted a record.—Reuter.

Funeral of Grand Duke Cyril in Coburg

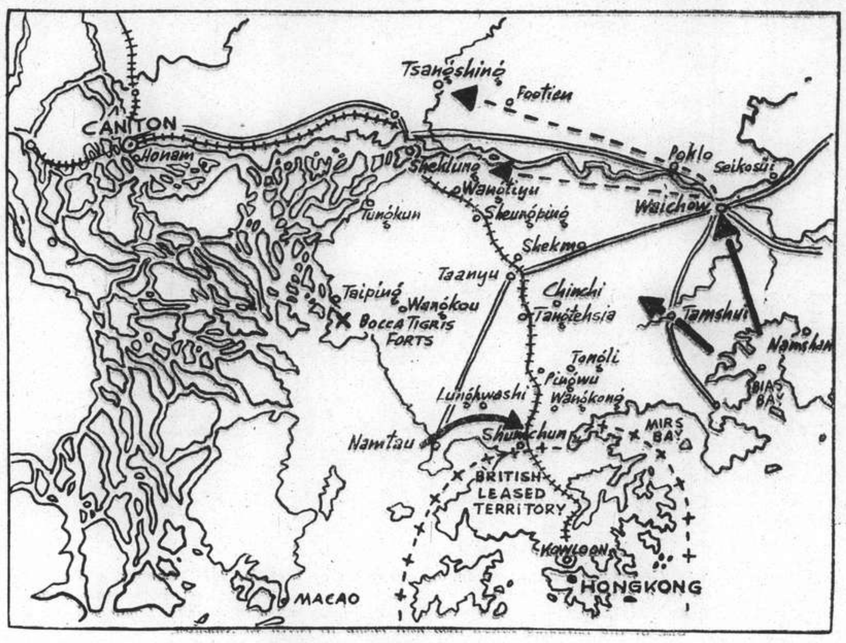
Hohenzollern Ex-Crown Prince Will Attend

Coburg, Oct. 17.

Funeral services for the late Grand-Duke Cyril of Russia will be held here at 11 a.m. tomorrow according to Orthodox rites.

The former German Crown-Prince will attend in behalf of the ex-Kaiser and in his own behalf. Other Hohenzollern Princes will not be present as most of them are officers in the German Army and are at present in the Sudeten areas.

Grand-Duke Vladimir, present pretender to the Russian throne, and the former Tsar Ferdinand of Bulgaria, who lives in this city, will attend the ceremony.—Havas.



Japanese Operations in South China

Japanese operations in South China are described in this map which shows the progress made and the two immediate objectives, Tsangshing and Sheklung. Latest Chinese reports state that sufficient troops have been massed to check the Japanese advance but a decisive battle is imminent. The Canton-Kowloon Railway is reported to have been cut at several points.

German Economic Future to Lie Eastward in Balkans

Marshal Goering Declares Vital Tasks Lie in Peace ; Yugoslav Trade Accord Now in Sight

Berlin, Oct. 17.

HERR Walther Funk, Minister of Economics, has returned to Germany from his trade tour of Balkan and Near Eastern capitals. Before leaving Belgrade, Herr Funk and Dr. Milan Stoyadinovitch, Yugoslav Premier, discussed details proposed in the German-Yugoslav Trade Treaty, the completion of which was in sight, according to a Belgrade dispatch to the German News Agency.

Field Marshal Hermann Goering, Special Commissioner for the Four-Year Plan, writing in the periodical "The Four-Year Plan," refers to the Munich Conference. He says that "great tasks lie before us and our economic and cultural progress must continue. "I expect Germany's trade and industry to stake all their strength joyfully in the days to come," Field Marshal Goering declares, "and to show their initiative in the performance of these tasks.

"We begin this new epoch of peaceful work in the knowledge of our renewed friendship with the Italian people and their brilliant Duce, and with the intention of working for further co-operation with other great nations."

In conclusion, the Special Commissioner asserts that "in a spirit of sincere understanding and honest co-operation, peoples will be able to devote their energy to the fulfilment of their own vital tasks.

"The meaning of these vital tasks," he points out, "is not war, but peace."

Referring to the Munich Conference, Field Marshal Goering says that "The Fuehrer's love of peace has saved Europe from the horrors of a new war."—Reuter.

Future "Drang Nach Osten"

Berlin, Oct. 16.

The authoritative "Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" said today that Germany's "great task" lies in a south-easterly direction and that because of the newly-changed political situation in Europe, the economic co-operation of the Powers directly concerned in the Danube Basin can be expected.

"The strengthening of Germany's economic position in south-eastern Europe was noticeable after the incorporation of Austria and the Sudeten areas. Thus Herr Walther Funk's tours to the south-east, and to Ankara particularly, are important.....German interest in commerce with the south-east differs from that of the Western European nations, thus Germany's methods are also different," the newspaper declared.

"This is particularly clear in the grant of Rm. 150,000,000 trade credit to Turkey, which is radically different from the credits about which London and Paris prated during the last few months. Germany's credit was intended to strengthen Turkish production, and it is perfectly clear that Turkey will repay this credit, not through foreign exchange, which would entail an economic deflationary policy, but through delivery of her own products.

"Genuine Trade Credit"

"In this case, it is a genuine trade credit which is calculated in terms of accrual of goods, not polical loans which are introduced in the Western European Bourses and palmed off onto a gullible public.

"Furthermore, Germany has great tasks to the southeast from the point of view of geography, economics and communications.

A glance at the map of the Danube Basin shows there is one great trade unit whose extension to the North Sea is assured not only by the intricate network of railways but most important, by the Rhine-Main-Danbue Canal.

"As Herr Funk said, many national economies have room in this area and it is expected that the changed political situation will result in a sound basis for the co-operation of all these national economies along general constructive lines," the newspaper pointed out.—United Press.

"Balkan Axis" Formed

Berlin, Oct. 17.

Germany's future economic projects were outlined today by Dr. Walther Funk, the Economics Minister, in an interview with the paper "B. Z. Ammittag."

Dr. Funk first announced that the Ministers of Economics in Yougoslavia, Bulgaria, and Turkey, had accepted his invitation to visit Berlin shortly.

"These three countries, who are political friends, constitute a sort of Balkanic axis stretching from the German Frontier to the Black Sea," he said. "This allowed the examination of a project of widescale economic organization between the three countries in question, including the construction of highways.

The great importance which the Danube represents to south-eastern Europe has for consequence the possibility of creating an economic area from the Black Sea to the North Sea, completing itself naturally.

All German Needs Latent

"South-eastern Europe and Asia Minor possess about everything Germany needs," he added.

(Continued on page 9)

French Air Arm to Be Strengthened

France Buys U.S. Craft To Fill Gap Till Own Industry Gets Going

Paris, Oct. 17.

The effort which the French air-arm must make to compete with German construction is being emphasized by experts here.

One authority declares that French production varies between forty and sixty aeroplanes a month, compared with Germany's 500 a month.

The Air Minister, M. Guy Lechambre, to whose realism experts pay tribute, has won the confidence of all aviators by appointing General Edmond Vuillemin, a well-tried airman, as Chief of Staff.

To fill the gap until the French industry gets going, M. Lachambre has ordered 100 Americans Curtiss-Wright Cyclone machines.

It is estimated that French production will not attain its full output until the beginning of 1940.

German Superiority

German pursuit planes are described by some experts as being twice as fast as the French, and German bombers are also said to be considerably faster.

France has an immediate need of 1,750 planes, for which orders have been given.

Including reserves, it is estimated that France needs more than 4,000 new machines, costing about nine milliard francs, while another six milliard francs will be required to cover the cost of new air bases, buildings and personnel.

The number of air effectives is to be increased this year to 2,550 officers and 44,000 men.—Reuter.

Anti-Fascist Body in Italy Found

Rome, Oct. 16.

An anti-Fascist organization headed by a Jewish professor was discovered by the "Ovra," organ that keeps watch against just such activities, it was announced here today. The professor, it is stated, has confessed to having political relations with other Jews in Italy and abroad. This confession led to the arrest of a certain number of Jews, including the former Deputy, Sig. Dino Philipson, of Florence, local reports conclude.—Havas.

U.S. Could Equal German Output of Fighting Aircraft If Necessary

Present Production by America Only Third of Reich Manufacture ; Co-ordination Scheme Now Planned

Washington, Oct. 16.

The United States could equal Germany's rate of production of aeroplanes and the quality of the craft would be superior, authoritative quarters here declared today.

However, there is no question of the U.S. trying to raise its production at present. Germany is now putting out 1,000 planes per month and the United States' production is only about a third of this but production rate could speedily be raised to 1,000 by standardization of certain types of planes and by changes in factories and spare-parts plants.

Military experts interested in this field have already submitted detailed plans to the War Department. These plans provide for the placement of contracts, when the necessity arises, with about 10,000 factories producing everything from munitions to the smallest articles of military equipment.

The programme of industrial mobilization already laid out by Mr. Louis Johnson, Assistant War Secretary, is understood to include provisions for mass production of aeroplanes. Details of this programme remain strictly confidential.

Trade Subsidy Unwanted

Official quarters here show but little enthusiasm over the suggestions to subsidize trade with South America, made by Mr. Bernard Baruch, wartime head of the Munitions Service.

All subsidies provided to favour exports provoke suspicions even in the countries benefiting from the measures. They always suspect the subsidies are inspired by ulterior, political motives.

A State Department personality showed, in this connection, that advantageous German offers to Venezuela, Colombia and Brazil had not been accepted. He added, "Besides," the master position of U.S. trade in South American markets is not menaced."—Havas.

Prague-Budapest Talks Will Succeed

Rome, Oct. 17.

It is believed here that negotiations between Prague and Budapest regarding Hungary's territorial claims against Czechoslovakia, which will be resumed in the next few days, will reach a successful conclusion on the basis of the principles adopted at Munich, according to the Foreign Office publication "Informazione Diplomatica."

Under the settlement, the newspaper predicts, Hungary would receive the zones with a majority of Hungarians, while the principle of self-determination would be applied in the more controversial zones.—Reuter.

Best U.S. Warships For Atlantic

Staff Organization For New Squadron; Convoy Duties

Washington, Oct. 16.

The creation of a staff of organization for the new United States Atlantic naval squadron under a new chief of staff, Captain Allan S. Faruhar, assistant to the Chief of Naval Intelligence, was announced by the Navy Department today.

The squadron now consists of more than fifty warships, many of which are the Navy's most modern vessels.

While indicating that the new destroyers, Davis and Benham, may be added to the squadron, the Navy Department denied that the cruisers, Memphis and Milwaukee, will be assigned to the Atlantic group.

The Navy Department said that the Milwaukee was being overhauled at Pearl Harbour, Hawaii, while the Memphis was being overhauled on the Pacific Coast.

Purpose of Squadron

The "Army and Navy Journal," speculating on the squadron's purpose, said, "unquestionably the destiny of the squadron depends largely on the European situation."

Several senior naval officers asserted that the reason for the formation of the squadron was to permit the Navy to "put its hands" on vessels that are the most effective for all purposes, the Journal said.

Navy Department officials said that the vessels were ordered to the Atlantic squadron not because of the recent European crisis but for the purpose of having them view the East Coast ports prior to their participation in the gigantic fleet problem to be held in January.

The "Army and Navy Journal" said that "from a tactical standpoint, the cruisers comprising the squadron are among the fastest and especially adaptable for convoy duty and best fitted for a speedy trip round Cape Horn."

Naval observers speculated on the possibilities of the new motor torpedo boats which will probably be tested in the forthcoming manœuvres. The small boats, which were being considered as "a U.S. mosquito fleet adjunct to the Atlantic squadron, ceased to be useful in heavy weather, the observers said. Because of this factor they may be used only for minor coastal defences, observers believed.—United Press.

Parliament to Decide Italian Policy

Lord Halifax Reiterates Assurance to Liberals

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 17.

Parliament would be afforded an opportunity for discussion of any decision that the Government might reach on the bringing into force of the Anglo-Italian Agreement, Lord Halifax, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, told Lord Crewe and Sir Percy Harris, representing the Liberal Party, yesterday.

The Party representatives called at the Foreign Office during the week-end to discuss developments in the international situation.—Reuter.

200 Dead in Kyushu Floods

Tokyo, Oct. 17.

There are now nearly 200 persons dead and more than 200 missing, while hundreds of houses have been washed away, according to the latest figures on the floods in southern Kyushu, which was swept by a typhoon three nights ago.—Reuter.

Mr. Churchill Answers Fuehrer

Appeal Broadcast to United States for Aid in Curbing Ambitions of Dictatorships

London, Oct. 16.

MR. Winston Churchill, in a speech broadcast across the Atlantic to America, asked the United States today to unite with other democracies against the dictatorships. "We have no doubt where American convictions and sympathies lie, but will you wait until British freedom and independence succumb and then take up the cause yourselves, alone, when three-quarters of it is ruined," he asked.

"I hear that the United States is saying that because Britain and France failed in their duty, the American people can wash their hands of the whole business. This may be a passing mood but there is no sense to it. "If things have become much worse then all of us must try to cope with them. We must recognize that the parliamentary democracies, liberal and peaceful forces, everywhere have sustained defeat. This leaves us weaker, morally and physically, to cope with the dangers which have grown vastly," Mr. Churchill said.

Mr. Churchill then launched a fiery appeal for unity on the grounds that the world is being disrupted by aggressive states.

"If ever there was a time when men and women who cherish the ideals of the founders of the American and British Constitutions should be in earnest counsel with one another, that time is now....China is being torn to pieces by the military clique of Japan. The ancient Empire of Ethiopia has been over-run. Even South American Nazi intrigue begins to undermine the fabric of Brazilian society," he declared.

Attack on Nazi Ideology

Mr. Churchill closed his speech with reference to Herr Adolf Hitler's speech at Saarbrucken when the Reichsfuerher warned against Britons like himself.

He attacked the totalitarians' "theme which leaps upon us from the darkness—racial persecutions, religious intolerance, deprivation of free speech and the conception that the citizen is a soulless fraction of the States. To this has been added the cult of war," he declared.

He then pointed out that a swift alignment of the English-speaking nations together with, those nations unsympathetic to the dictatorships "would almost between night and morning clear the path of progress."—United Press.

Civilized Forces Strongest

London, Oct. 16.

The forces of civilization remain by far the strongest in the world—"If only those forces were united in a common conception of right and duty, there would be no war," Mr. Churchill, declared in his broadcast directed especially towards the United States.

In his address, Mr. Churchill replied to the accusations made recently by Reichsfuehrer Adolf Hitler. It was at Saarbrueck that Herr Hitler attacked him, Mr. Anthony Eden, former Foreign Secretary, and Mr. Alfred Duff-Cooper, former First Lord of the Admiralty, as warlike parties.

"The German people are industrious, faithful and valiant," Mr. Churchill said today, "but, alas, they are lacking in the spirit of proper civic independence....

"If they were liberated from their present nightmare, they would take their honoured place in the vanguard of human society."

He then said, "The preponderant forces of the world are on our side. They have but to be united to be obeyed.

Conscription Seen Impending

"We must arm. And we shall no doubt arm. Britain will cast away her habits of centuries and will decree national service upon her citizens.

"The British people will stand erect and will face whatever may come."

The Tory leader declared that the antagonism between democracies and dictatorships is no longer a theoretical fact but actually exists.

"Yet does this call for war?" he asked.

It has been said that treaties are the sole guarantees of peace, he continued.

"But, a swift and resolute gathering of forces to confront not only military but moral aggression, would almost overnight banish from all our lives that fear which darkens the sunlight to hundreds of millions of men," Mr. Churchill concluded.—Havas.

"Is More To Come?"

London, Oct. 17.

After speaking on the disaster which had befallen Europe, Mr. Churchill reiterated his conviction that if, months ago, Great Britain, France and Russia had jointly declared that they would act together upon Germany, in the event that Herr Hitler committed an act of unprovoked aggression against Czechoslovakia, and had invited Poland, Yugoslavia and Rumania to join the combination of peace-defending powers, Herr Hitler would have been confronted with such a formidable array that he would have been deterred from his purpose, and the moderate forces in Germany would have been called.

"The Parliamentary Democracies and liberal, peaceful forces everywhere have sustained defeat, leaving them weaker to cope with increased dangers," Mr. Churchill declared.

"Have We Gained Peace?"

"The whole world wants peace and security, but have we gained it by the sacrifice of Czechoslovakia, which has been deserted, destroyed and devoured, and is now being digested?" Mr. Churchill asked.

"Will this bring a curse or a blessing on the world?"

(Continued on page 9)

Latest Exchange

The closing Interbank selling rates yesterday were as follows:

Sterling	8d.	U.S.$	15 3/32c.

LONDON METALS AND N.Y. CROSS RATE

London, Oct. 17.

Steady conditions prevailed in the London silver market today, with quotations being fixed at:—

	Oct. 15	Oct. 17
London spot	19 1/16d.	19 1/16d.
" forward	19 3/8d.	19 3/16d.
" gold	146/8½d.	146/6d.

London/New York:

One pound	U.S.$4.73 11/16	$4.74 3/16
One U.S. dollar	——	50.577d.

—Reuter.

American Jews Die In Arab Terror

U.S. Demarche May Be Made ; New Incidents Heightening Tension

Jerusalem, Oct. 17.

Several British officers had narrow escapes from snipers' bullets today Two men of the Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire Regiments were wounded by snipers at Ramleh.

Many casualties were sustained by Arabs in an engagement with the Royal Irish Fusiliers on the Northern Frontier road, while several Arabs were arrested at Jaffa and Haifa for distributing seditious literature.

Following several fresh incidents during the week-end, a 24-hour curfew was imposed on the old city of Jerusalem beginning from 7 o'clock in the evening.

More than twelve towns in Palestine, most of which have Arab populations, are now under night-time curfew.

While employees of the British-owned Jerusalem Electric Corporation were working yesterday, shots were fired. The police answered the firing, but no one was hit.

Four Arabs were injured when a bomb exploded inside the Mosque of Omar area.

Another incident occurred at Ramleh, where an unsuccessful attempt was made to shoot a British constable.

Shooting that involved a British military patrol in the Judean hills, west of Jerusalem, resulted in three Arabs killed and a British officer injured.

When six men were seen bolting from the scene of an explosion on the railway line near Gaza, troops fired, killing three, while two were captured.

Two Americans Killed

Jerusalem, Oct. 16.

Two American Jews were murdered today when a large armed Arab band of terrorists attacked Tiberias and killed 21 Jews.

While part of the band entered the town and started firing near the town-hall to attract the British forces who left other parts of the city unprotected, other members of the attacking group swooped down on the Jewish community.

Firing their rifles wildly and using knives and sabres, the Arabs killed 21 Jews. Two Americans were discovered among those killed and this led to the belief that there would be a strong protest registered by the American authorities. The Arab terrorists burned several buildings, including the city's synagogue, before departing.

Jews Accuse Authorities

Jewish leaders accused the British authorities today of adopting an attitude of "surrender" in the present Arab revolt.

They claimed that the "forces of law and order" were deserting police posts between Jerusalem and Nablus and Jerusalem and Gaza near Jaffa.

Curfew law on the roads outside the towns and villages aided the rebels instead of the police because the Arabs must know that cars travelling after dark must be military vehicles and they prepared "receptions accordingly," the Jewish leaders said.

Arabs recently have intensified their activities because of a fear that they would lose the support of "two western Powers," Jewish leaders said, apparently referring to Italy and Germany.

As a result of the Munich Four-Power agreement, the "two Powers" might reach an understanding with Britain precluding further support for a Moslem revolt, they said.

Belated reports said that Arab rebels had attempted to seize the Ramallah radio station, apparently for the purpose of broadcasting Arab communiques.—United Press.

Jerusalem Old City Fortified

Jerusalem, Oct. 16.

The old city of Jerusalem was transformed today into a veritable fortified camp where the police are experiencing the greatest difficulty in assuring the maintenance of order.

Roads and alleys and the close packing of houses one upon another, renders the authorities' task all the more troublesome, for people of different religions live there and the job of enforcing law is arduous.

Incidents are multiplying and it is impossible to establish what the exact conditions are.

In the face of the serious situation, the authorities have proclaimed 24 hours' curfew.—Havas.

Assurances to U.S.

Washington, Oct. 16.

The U.S. Government had received assurances from Great Britain that no decision on Palestine would be taken before the Woodhead Commission presented its report, the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, revealed today in a letter addressed to Mr. Hamilton Fish, Republican Representative of New York.

"You can be sure," he wrote, "that we will continue to follow the situation with great attention and that we will take all practicable measures necessary with regard to Palestine."—Havas.

U.S. Satisfied over Brazil Attitude on Nazis

Washington, Oct. 16.

Authoritative quarters here do not hide their satisfaction over Brazil's recent unfavourable attitude towards Germany. One high official of the State Department stated his hope that other Pan-American nations would follow Brazil's example and strive to stop Nazi infiltration into the American democracies.—Havas.

Assassination Plot Baulked

Attempt to Kill Reformed Government Official Fails: Attack in Nanking Road

A HAIL of bullets was loosed in Nanking Road, near Honan Road, at 5.25 o'clock yesterday evening at the heavily-armoured motor-car of Mr. Zau Sheh-kiung, a leading official of the "Reformed Government." Mr. Zau was in the car with four armed bodyguards, and although twelve of the missiles struck the vehicle they did not wound anyone owing to the armour-plate and inch-thick bullet-resisting window-glass.

Two would-be assassins, Chinese were seen to empty their pistols at the car immediately after Mr. Zau, himself armed, and his bodyguards had entered it outside the Hardoon Building. Apparently they knew about the bullet-proof glass but not about the armour-plate, as all the hits on the vehicle were below the glass, in the shiny black body of the luxurious American model. Another car maintained by Mr. Zau, filled with armed bodyguards, was immediately behind the first car but was not fired upon. None of the shots injured anyone on the crowded street although they made scores of persons scamper to safety in shops and doorways.

Mr. Zau (or Chao), the intended victim of the would-be assassins, is the General Director of the Consolidated Tax Bureau of Kiangsu, Chekiang and Anhwei, one of the most important agencies of the so-called reformed administration under Japanese leadership.

Body of Car Peppered

His office is at 230 Kiukiang Road, across from the Cathedral School, and he had left it a few minutes before and walked, by Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads, to Nanking Road to enter his car, bearing Settlement licence number 10249. No sooner had he seated himself, with his Chinese guards, than two unidentified Chinese approached from behind and started firing rapidly at the rear and left sides of the vehicle. Having peppered the body of the car about where Mr. Zau was seated, the gunmen parted ways and sought to escape. They succeeded in so doing. Meanwhile Mr. Zau's life had been saved by the steel inside the car body.

One of the men ran into the Laou Kai Fook & Company piece-goods shop on the corner of Nanking and Honan Roads, discarded his pistol there and then vanished through one of the smaller doors. The weapon, a brand-new automatic Mauser of .32 calibre, was later handed over to the Settlement Police.

The other man fled in another direction, still in possession of his pistol.

Foreigners Join in Chase

Indian and Chinese police constables posted near where the shooting occurred attempted to capture the criminals but lost track of them in the confused crowd. A foreigner, Mr. Gordon, British, who conducts a photographic business near the intersection, chased one of the men for a distance and then lost sight of him. A foreign sergeant attached to Central Station likewise was too late to halt one of the men after whom he ran. Excited foreigners who came running out of the Chocolate Shop after hearing the shots witnessed some of the excitement that attended the gunmen's flight.

It is not believed that any shots were fired by police, bodyguards or watchmen. The only cartridge cases picked up by detectives at the scene were from guns of .32 calibre, apparently those belonging to the two assailants.

Mr. Zau and his retinue, after the shooting, rode in their cars to the Central Police Station, where reports were made to Detective-Inspector A. Telfer and other detectives. In the course of the evening many witnesses were questioned by Central Station and Headquarters detectives. Several high police officials made personal inquiries about the case.

"Assassination Squad" on Job

Amongst those assigned to investigate the crime were the members of the special Headquarters squad dealing with political assassinations. They turned out last night in their fast "Red Maria."

The attempt, occurring as it did in Nanking Road at a time when homegoing traffic is almost at its peak, is considered one of the boldest ever to have been perpetrated in Shanghai. It was the second major political crime to be recorded during the day, the assassination of a "Reformed Government" official and one time editor having occurred at the New Asia Hotel, Hongkew, during the morning, according to widely circulated reports.

Private Detective Murdered

Five Bullet Wounds Found Near Heart: Nephew Held By French Police

Following the discovery of the body of a private detective lying with five bullet wounds near his heart on the second floor of No. 12 Cite Seng Bing Li, Rue du Consulat early yesterday morning, French police carried out investigations and later arrested the dead man's nephew who was charged with the murder.

The police were notified of the crime at about 7.45 a.m. and, on entering the room, discovered the body of Liu Ah-yong, employed by the Central Detective Agency lying on the bed fatally wounded.

Yuen Gnie-fou, a private guard and the victim's nephew was apprehended by the police on suspicion of having committed the crime, and the revolver which, it was stated, had fired the shots was also seized.

Following questioning by detectives the detained man admitted the crime, stating that he killed his uncle because the latter had a certain sum of money which he had refused to give up to him.

Hongkew Official Said Assassinated There

But No Report is Made to Police of New Asia Affair

A Chinese official of the "Reformed Government" was yesterday reported to have been assassinated in a room at the New Asia Hotel. Up to a late hour, however, no information regarding the alleged crime had been communicated to the Hongkew Police Station in whose district the hotel is situated. S.M.P. Headquarters likewise had not been apprised that a killing had taken place.

The man said to have been murdered, Yu Ta-hsiung, is a former owner and editor of a small Chinese newspaper, called the "Crystal." When he joined the reformed regime, it is stated, he was given the title "Counsellor to the Ministry of Industry" but his work actually has been in the nature of press propaganda.

He is said to have been killed by Chinese hatchet-men in the New Asia Hotel early yesterday morning.

FUNERALS

Yves Brelivet

The funeral took place yesterday morning of the late Yves Brelivet, infant son of Captain Brelivet of the French Army and Mrs. Brelivet. A short Mass was celebrated in the Church of St. Pierre Avenue Dubail by Rev. Father Chalain S. J. The chief mourners were the father and mother. There was a large attendance of brother officers of Captain Brelivet and of personal friends of the bereaved parents. At Lokawei Cemetery where the interment took place, the last rites were conducted by Rev. Father Chalain. Among these sending floral tributes were:—

The sorrowing parents, Lt.-Col. Louis Perretier, M. et Mme. P. Cousyn, Odette Lafon, Pierre Vigne, Leon Felssolle, Mr. et Mme. R. Brazil, Dr. Jean Brunati, Dr. Louis Barthere, Andre Bougon, Officiers du 1er, B.M.C., Les Sous-Officers du B.M.I.C.C., Les S/Officiers du 1er. B.M.C. Caserne Lagrene, Les Sous Officiers de Chapsal, Caporaux, Chefs-Caporaux, Soldats et Tirailleurs de la C. M. de Chapsal, Les Caporaux et soldats Europeens de Lagrenen, Tirailleur Bui Chung, Woo Chu Kun, etc.

The funeral arragments were carried out by Messrs. Thomas Macdonald and Co.

Mr. F. J. Chapman III

Funeral services were conducted over the cremated remains of the late Mr. Flavius Josephus Chapman III yesterday afternoon at the Bubbling Well Chapel in the presence of a number of old friends. The Right Reverend W. P. Roberts, of St. John's University, carried out the last rites. Mr. Chapman, an old China hand, formerly in the United States Consular service, was at the time of his death employed by the Chinese Government Salt Administration, and he died on September 25, 1938, at Yungkang, Chekiang, at the age of 38 years. Mr. Chapman was not married and had no relatives in China but he is survived by his mother and a brother at Roanoke, Virginia. Dr. O. C. Lockhart and Mr. R. D. Wolcott were present on behalf of the Salt Administration and several members of the American Consulate at Shanghai were in attendance. The cremated remains will be sent to his family in the United States.

Among those sending floral tributes were:—

Joe and Ed; Mother and brother; Salt Revenue Department, Chekiang; The Officers of the Shanghai Consulate General; Chou Chu-sheng and Wang Nai-tuo; Chang Hsin-Kang, Chang Keng-shan and Wang Chia-hsuan; Mr. Dong-wei; Clarence Edward Gauss; Hsia Shih-ying; Hua Fu-pao and Chien Kung-fu; Nelson T. Johnson and Willys R. Peck; Kiang Hsien-tsan, Kuo Yu-pei and Ho Ching-sheng; Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Cary Lockhart; Mrs. Logan and Elsa; C. G. G. and M. A. Pearson; Mr. and Mrs. John Hall Paxton; C. H. Ernest Tung; H. Tung; Miss Dorothy St. Clair; Mr. and Mrs. Edwin F. Stanton; Ed and Josie Stanton; Bob Smyth; Mr. and Mrs. Roger Dod Wolcott; George and Margurita; and others.

Funeral arrangements were in care of the Internationat Funeral Directors.

Durhams Depart for Tientsin

The troopship Lancashire with the 1st. Battalion, Durham Light Infantry on board sailed from the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf yesterday for Tientsin at noon having been delayed by bad weather reports. The vessel should have sailed soon after daybreak

Handcart Coolie Dies Under Own Vehicle

Carpenter Hurt in Another Mishap as Timbers Jall

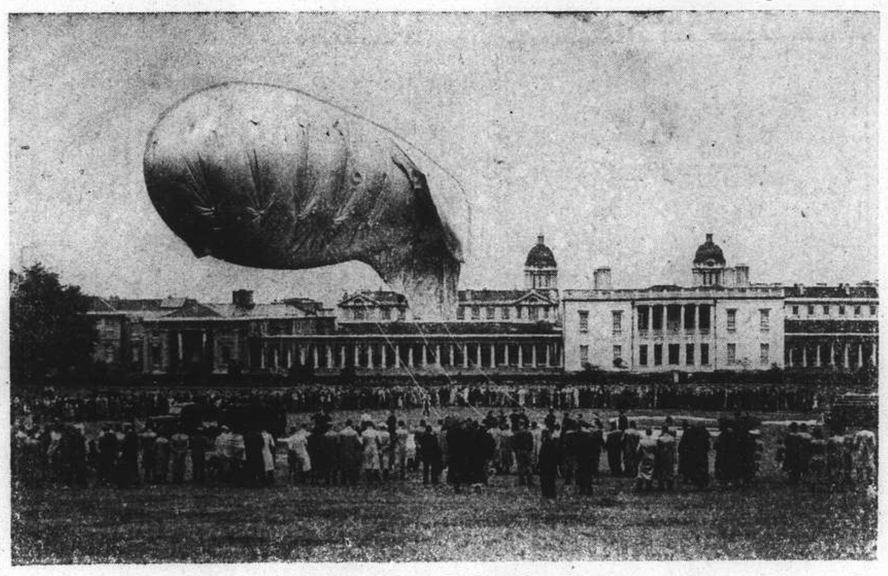
A coolie was killed under a handcart at the intersection of Honan and Peking Roads yesterday morning in the midst of traffic. He stumbled and fell, and his own cart, which he was pulling, passed over his body with fatal result. When admitted to St. Luke's Hospital the coolie was pronounced dead.

The accident occurred at about 8.30 o'clock, when there was a large volume of traffic at the crossing.

A carpenter was injured shortly after 1 p.m., while working on a demolition project behind the Bubbling Well Apartments, Bubbling Well and Seymour Roads. He was struck by debris as a verandah which was being pulled down collapsed before it was expected. He was taken to hospital in a Fire Brigade ambulance.

Heavy Seas Delaying Northern Shipping

Strong breeze and heavy seas customary to China coast at this time of the year, delayed vessels arriving here from Japan and North China most of which arrived about a day or so late. The D.K.K. Hoten Maru was one of the affected vessels being held up by the weather a day each at Dairen and Tsingtao, while most of the other ships arriving here from the North were also behind schedule. The L.T. liner Conte Biancamano was likewise one day behind the original schedule arriving from Europe and way ports. In her case the delay was not connected directly with the weather, but was necessitated by readjustment of the time of arrival to an hour more convenient for the numerous passengers of the liner.



Demonstration of London's Balloon Barrage

A demonstration in Greenwich Park, London, by members of the No. 901 (County of London) Balloon Squadron as a recruiting measure. Here one of the ballons is seen being raised with the National Maritime Museum in the background. At a later rehearsal of the London barrage, one of the balloons broke lose and came to earth in Sweden.

Elusive Russian Finally Seized

Tretiakoff Picked Up on Way Home to Sumptuous Wayside Residence

Wanted by the authorities since early August, M. Tretiakoff, Russian, was picked up by detectives from the Wayside Station yesterday morning as he was on his way, in a rickshaw, from Hongkew to his "residence" in Macgregor Road. The house, one of the finest in the district, belongs to the Shanghai Land Investment Company and, according to the police, Tretiakoff, several other Russians and some Japanese have occupied the premises for months. No permission was given by the owners, it is alleged, and no rent has been paid.

Wayside Station detectives went to the house on August 11 with a warrant for Tretiakoff's arrest on a charge of trespass. But the tables were turned on them, figuratively speaking, and they were detained by the occupants of the house supported by Japanese naval sentries with rifles and fixed bayonets. After some time the police were permitted to leave, to the accompaniment of hisses and boos from a crowd of Russians of the loafer type who had gathered about the house.

It was said last night that in addition to trespass, further charges may be lodged against Tretiakoff, who claims that he was formerly employed by the Japanese Consulate-General here for a number of years.

One of the points which the police would like to investigate further, it is understood, concerns the furnishing of the house. Furniture and fixtures are said to have been gathered from various residences in the district, which is one which was particularly hard hit by last year's hostilities. It is reported that only the very best articles were selected.

Wages Claim Against Local Doctor

Question of One Month's Notice to Defendants

A claim against Dr. J. G. Ledwidge was heard in H.M. Supreme Court before Judge P. Grant Jones yesterday when three of his former employees—Miss Lydia Nenchew, Anatole Gnedovsky and K. K. Yang sought to recover the sum of $164.50, this amount being the total of their salaries for the month of September, which they alleged Dr. Ledwidge had not paid them.

Dr. Ledwidge, represented by Mr. R. L. Stuart, contested the claim on the grounds that the employees had ceased to work for him before the expiration of one month's notice.

On oath Miss Nenchew stated that she and the other plaintiffs were employed by Dr. Ledwidge to work upon the Dollar Directory and that they were given notice on September 1 to leave at the end of the month. Witness left her employment on September 15 as she had found other work and when she asked for a month's salary, which was $62.50 it was refused.

Cross-examined by Mr. Stuart witness stated that the Directory was taken over by the Post Mercury Co. but she did not know that they had assumed control from September 1. She was now employed by the Post Mercury Co. at a better salary than before. Mr. Stuart contested the claim on the grounds that the Post Mercury Co. had taken over the Directory from September 1 and therefore Dr. Ledwidge was not responsible for the salaries.

The case was adjourned until Thursday at Mr. Stuart's request.

House Alarm Systems Sponsored by Police

"Co-operative Protection" Against Armed Criminals

Eager to promote the installation, especially in Chinese houses, of protective alarm systems, the Shanghai Municipal Police have issued an instructive leaflet on the subject in both English and Chinese. The police sponsor "co-operative protection" against robbers through devices which, when put into operation in one house, start alarm bells ringing in neighbouring places. The success of the system depends upon neighbourly co-operation.

Engineers fitting up the sets are registered with the Crime Branch at Police Headquarters, 185 Foochow Road, where applicants for installation may obtain detailed information. Firms interested in supplying the devices may also make inquiries there.

At present, houses are grouped in fives when the protective alarm system is installed. It is pointed out that the cost of installation and maintenance is not excessive.

In the Russian Colony

By "Smor"

The discussion that developed in the correspondence columns of the N.C.D.N. on the problem of a respectable but lonely Shanghai girl seeking relaxation outside of office hours found a quick echo in the Russian press. The subject, it seems, is a vitally topical one. Among other letters to have appeared in the "Evening Zaria" is one by "Miss Bored," who seeks to prove that for a Russian girl this problem is far more acute than for her English or American sisters.

If clubs are outside the means of even the latter, then they are certainly far more outside the means of a Russian girl. Girls working in offices have very little time to make new acquaintances or even keep up old ones. What, then, can she do outside office hours? The foremost and most accessible form of amusement in Shanghai is the cinema. But apart from the fact that even the cinemas have recently increased their prices, it is uninteresting and somehow embarrassing to go to a cinema alone. One would prefer to exchange views on the picture while seeing it; and to a Russian girl who often cannot fully understand the dialogue such a companion is especially necessary.

The Lonely Girl

To go to a cinema alone, then, and sit there in the dark is embarrassing and not without danger. To go alone or with a girl-friend to a restaurant where there is music is out of the question. To go for a walk in the outskirts of the town, or even to the park or cemetery is equally, if not more so, inadvisable. And so, what forms of relaxation are there remaining? To her, the doors of most foreign families are closed. Places of amusement, as evident from the above, are also far from accessible. There only remain the Russian families—and these also have their quota of lonely Russian girls. Besides, not every girl can find such a family, and even if she does she must be extremely careful not to abuse its hospitality. The emigrant purse is a slender one.

Thus she can only take walks along Avenue Joffre, taking care to be home before the hour is too late—say, by 7 p.m. (On Sundays and holidays, of course, she can if, she so wishes, devote the whole day to this form of amusement.) Promenading thus, girls try hard to seem completely oblivious to everyone and everything around them—even to the shop windows, knowing that they have only to stop and look at one of them for some individual of easy acquaintance to attempt a conversation.

There are always, of course, mahjongg and books. Russian libraries are full of novels, but the misfortune is that youth refuses to be satisfied with books alone—however full these may be of imagination youth wants to augment books with life, the company of interesting people—and it is this companionship of intelligent, gentlemanly and agreeable men that is often denied to a Russian Shanghai girl without friendship in the city.

Kazan Clan

A general meeting was held in the Kazan Clan last week on the occasion of the transference to Tientsin of the Clan's first Chairman, the Very Rev. Michael Rogojin. The Very Rev. Rogojin gave the yearly report on the Clan's activities, which took the form of mutual help, both moral and material. Mr. N. A. Tepliakoff, the Treasurer, read the report on receipts and expenditures. The proposal that Father Rogojin be made Honorary Chairman of the Clan for life was met with loud applause and was unanimously agreed upon. The election of the new Chairman was postponed to the general meeting of November 4th. Meanwhile the duties of chairman will be fulfilled by the Vice-President, Mr. V. N. Ievleva.

Mr. V. I. Tomsky, locally well known Russian actor, who is at present in Harbin with Mrs. V. V. Panova and Mrs. M. Kokoreva—two other popular stars of the local Russian stage—is now at the head of a troupe that will shortly make a tour of Japan. As the Japanese public has heard many Russian singers and musicians and has seen the troupe of Anna Pavlova in the Russian Ballet, they have not seen Russian Drama, success is therefore, predicted for this venture.

Grand Duke's Death

Solemn requiem services were held in the Russian colony following the death of Grand Duke Kyril Vladimirovitch, who, as the eldest of the Romanoffs, was counted the Keeper of the Tsar's Throne. To many Russian monarchists the late Grand Duke Kyril, who died of cancer in the American Hospital of Paris, was Emperor. Separate services were held by the officers of the Imperial Navy and by the Union of Ex-Officers of the Imperial Army. The late Grand-Duke had the naval rank of Admiral, having graduated from the Naval Corps in 1896. Shortly afterwards he became the adjutant of Emperor Nicholas II, and by January 1, 1904, had already attained the rank of Lieutenant-Commander. With the outbreak of the Russo-Japanese War Grand Duke Kyril received the Tsar's permission to leave for the war, and in Port Arthur headed the Naval Department of the staff of the famous Admiral Makaroff, who commanded the Pacific Fleet. On March 31, 1904, the Russian squadron put out to sea to give battle to the Japanese. At approximately 10 in the morning the flagship "Petropavlovsk," with Admiral Makaroff and his staff, including Grand Duke Kyril, on board, was struck by a mine and sank without leaving a trace. Among the 6 officers and 83 sailors rescued was Grand Duke Kyril. After his long convalescence he was appointed to the main Naval Staff. In 1912 the Grand Duke graduated from the Naval Academy and was given the command of the cruiser "Oleg." The same year he was the Tsar's representative at the Olympic games in Stockholm. When the revolution broke out in 1917 he and his regiment left on orders from Empress Alexandra to keep order at the Duma, and when the Tsar abdicated he went into retirement and left for Finland with his family. Subsequently he lived for a long time in Coburg, Germany.

The example set by Dr. Petersen, who together with his wife and two young Russians spanned the Pacific on a junk, gives no rest to other adventurous men in the Russian colony. A group of three young men—T. L. Blinoff, (33 years), skipper P. E. Kostiloff (28 years), artist N. I. Titoff (30 years), and mechanic S. P. Bruzentsoff (25 years), who is also not unknown in the local boxing ring, have acquired a 23-foot long whaleboat and after feverishly preparing it for its long voyage, have left Shanghai for the seven seas. They meant to steer the same course as that taken by the famous explorer Magellan—but, of course in reverse. From Shanghai they will make for Bangkok—then, by way of the Malay straits, to Borneo. From there they hope to get to Hawaii and will sail south along the coast of South America. Here—the most dangerous part of the voyage—they will bend round Cape Horn. In addition to sails their boat is equipped with a Diesel motor which will come into use during calms. Mr. Blinoff is an experienced seaman, having served on a merchantman for eight years where he was First Mate.

Russian Boxers

Mr. S. Sofoulis, promoter of local boxing cards, has once again stated in an interview with the Russian press that considering the large number of Russian boxers that take part in Shanghai boxing matches, there can in principle be nothing against a Russian judge officiating at these events. But such a judge, he pointed out, would have to possess all the requirements demanded of present ones. He must have detailed knowledge of all the rules of boxing, must know how to differentiate between a foul blow and a fair one—he must, in short, be a fully qualified judge. "Should it be brought to my knowledge," Mr. Sofoulis said, "that such a party exists in the Russian colony, and would be willing to officiate as a judge at local cards, he will certainly be invited to do so."

Low Salaried Russians

Russian charity workers continue to probe into the problem of how to help families whose heads earn from $45 to $125—a month—money on which with the present high cost of living, it is impossible to make ends meet. To point out to managers of foreign firms that Russians, as Europeans, cannot live on salaries which may be sufficient for Chinese would hardly yield any results. Inasmuch as employers want cheap labour—and have it—it is difficult to believe that purely humanitarian motives would make them pay bigger wages. But charity organizations point to another plan. In Shanghai there is a firm whose Russian employees receive very modest salaries. A year ago, however, this concern gave a general increase in salary in the form of a savings fund into which an employee put 5 per cent. of his salary and the firm 5 per cent. more. Today these savings represent quite a considerable sum, and on a rainy day can be withdrawn and would help very materially. Charity organizations also point out that at the conclusion of the war in China the Municipality must be approached to allot land in the city's outskirts for the construction of houses with cheap flats for the indigent. Around these houses stores and workshops would spring up, and new little centres of industry in ever-growing Shanghai would come into being. Connection with these centres could be set up with the aid of the Omnibus Company. But all these plans are plans for the distant future. At present prices continue to rise, winter is approaching and Russians who receive salaries on a par with Chinese but who are unable and never will be able to adapt themselves to their standard of living are in desperately sore straits.

Father Sues Son in H.M. Supreme Court

Judge Rebukes Plaintiff For His Expressions

A father's claim against his son arising out of a dispute over a will was dismissed by Judge P. Grant Jones in H. M. Supreme Court yesterday. The plaintiff, Thomas Henry Artindale, claimed that the sum of $250, which, he alleged, was due to him under the terms of a maintenance clause in his mother's will, had not been paid by his son, Frederick Henry Artindale, who together with his brother was an executor of the estate.

The defendant, who was represented by Mr. K. E. Newman, admitted that the money was owing to his father, but stated that as the estate was insolvent, it had been impossible to pay the full amount of the allowance each month, which was $150. He and his brother, however, had paid out of their own pockets the sum of $125 monthly; therefore their father was suing for the balance of $25 which should have been paid to him each month.

Plaintiff, on oath, claimed that his mother's will definitely stated that he should be paid $150 each month, but this, he added, had not been paid by his two sons, who were executors.

Insolvent

Mr. Newman, before calling the defendant, pointed out that the will was made by a Cantonese woman named Tok Ow, who had lived with a British subject. Plaintiff was her son and the defendant her grandson. The woman, Mr. Newman added, died in July 1937.

The father, continued Mr. Newman, went to America many years ago and returned in 1923. He had never supported his wife or children and he did not live with them. Defendant, questioned by Mr. Newman, stated that a sum of twenty-four thousands taels was due to the estate from a Chinese who had died hopelessly insolvent, and after all the expenses had been paid after his grandmother's death there was not enough money to pay his father's annuity. There was a sum of $589 owing to his brother and himself from the estate, this being monies they had paid themselves to support their father. Mr. Newman then asked for the case to be dismissed.

Plaintiff—Wait a minute.

The Judge.—Don't use these expressions. I will direct you when to speak.

Plaintiff then questioned his son and when told to keep quiet by the Judge on several occasions used the term "O.K.", to which His Honour replied "Where do you pick up these disgraceful expressions like O.K.?" "The whole thing's a fraud," continued plaintiff after further questioning, "You are lying and you know it", he said to his son. In conclusion, he added, "Do you see this young man going to the extent of paying a lawyer instead of paying me?"

The case was then dismissed.

Turkish President Seriously Ill

Ankara, Oct. 17.

Kemal Ataturk, President of Turkey, is gravely ill, states a Government communique. His liver complaint has grown worse.—Reuter.

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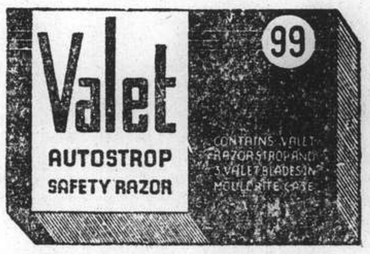

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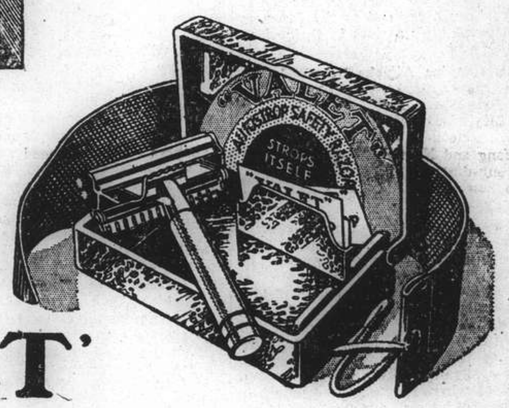

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FROM DAY TO DAY

DR. G. Velliot arrived yesterday in the ss. Empress of Russia.

BISHOP A. J. Moore arrived yesterday in the ss. Empress of Russia.

MR. H. G. W. Woodhead, editor and proprietor of the Oriental Affairs, arrived yesterday from Japan in the ss. Empress of Russia.

IN the absence of Mrs. E. F. Hardman Mrs. W. C. Bond will act as chairman of The King's Daughters' Society's Charity Organization Committee.

MR. and Mrs. E. W. Turnbull yesterday evening entertained a large number of friends to a cocktail party at their apartment in Cavendish Court.

THE daily report of refugee work for October 16 follows:—No. of Camps under inspection by Public Health Department 100; No. of refugees therein 57,789.

SEVERAL members of the Manchoukuo Goodwill Mission that have already visited Germany and Italy, arrived in Salamanca from Berlin on Sunday. The rest of the group were due yesterday when the whole party will proceed to Burgos.

COL. W. W. T. Torr, Military Attache to the British Embassy in Washington, U.S.A., passed through yesterday in the ss. Empress of Russia on his way from Vancouver to Manila. He is accompanied by Mrs. Torr and Miss Camilla Torr.

MISS Mary Pott, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Walter H. Pott of Shanghai, is registered among the new students at Elmira College, Elmira, N. Y. Miss Anna Schultz, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Schultz, and Miss Elizabeth Throop, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. M. H. Throop former residents of Shanghai are also students at Elmira.

THE congratulations of many old friends will be showered upon Mrs. T. E. Trueman tomorrow, which is her 82nd birthday; yesterday was the sixtieth anniversary of her arrival in Shanghai, where she landed on October 17, 1878. Mrs. Trueman, who is in very good health, is staying with her daughter, Mrs. G. F. Dumbarton, in Hungjao Road.

AT the American Women's Club this afternoon Miss Fausta Saharova, pianist, will join Mr. William Hsu, violinist, in a musical recital. Later there will be an exhibition of rhythmic exercises by Dr. E. Schwartz, formerly of Vienna. Members of the Civics committee will visit the "Cradle" at 296 Route Winling on October 27 at 9.30 a.m., and later pay a visit to the Loretto School on Rue Pichon.

BRIG.-Gen. E. B. Macnaghten, and Mrs. E. B. Macnaghten visited the Practical Camp at Yenping Road organized by the Emergency Relief Committee, on October 16 and found everything was very satisfactory. Brig.-Gen. E. B. Macnaghten and Mrs. Macnaghten were given a hearty welcome by Messrs. Kwei Yen-fong and Nieh Hai Fan, director and sub-director of the Practical Camp respectively and the staff.

CONSEQUENT on the recent death of Mr. Singloh Hsu, the vacancy on the Library Committee has been filled by the appointment thereto of Mr. Yulin Hsi; Mr. Li Ming will take the place of Mr. Singloh Hsu on the Finance Committee. Mr. L. T. Yuan has been appointed as the Council's nominee on the Board of Directors of the Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd., in place of the late Mr. Singloh Hsu. Mr. W. Gockson will serve on the Works Committee in place of Mr. F. G. Ede, resigned.

THE Shanghai Municipal Council health report for the week ending midnight, October 15, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement were—Foreigners 8 and Chinese 1029. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, Tuberculosis 1, Typhoid Fever 1. Chinese Typhoid Fever 31; Dysentery 25; Tuberculosis 23; Beri-beri 18; Cholera 15; Diphtheria 8; Smallpox 6; Malaria 1 and Choleraic Diarrhoea 1.

COLONEL and Mrs. Charles F. B. Price and the Officers and Ladies of the Fourth Marines will hold a reception at the French Club tomorrow in honour of Colonel and Mrs. J. C. Fegan. Colonel Fegan is to relieve Colonel Price as Commanding Officer of the Regiment. Guests will include Naval, Military, Consular and Diplomatic Officials and many other members of the Shanghai Community. The Reception will be held between the hours of 6.30 and 8.30 p.m.

THE health report of the French Municipality for the week ending October 15, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Concession were—Foreigners 4, and Chinese 392. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, Cholera 1 and Tuberculosis 1. Chinese, Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers 15; Tuberculosis 12; Cholera 4; Pneumonia 3; Beri-beri 3; Dysentery 2 and Recurring Fever 1.

ON October 22, at 8 p.m. the members of the American Community of Shanghai will bid farewell to Colonel C. F. B. Price, Commanding Officer of the United States Fourth Marine Corps at Shanghai, and Mrs. Price, at a reception at the Columbia Country Club, with dinner, music and dancing. Colonel and Mrs. Price are soon to return to America. During their three years stay in this city, they have won for themselves a big place in the hearts of Shanghai Americans, who will be glad of this opportunity to have one more social evening with them and to hear from the Colonel himself. The reception will be for the members of the American Association, the Navy and the Marines, ladies and gentlemen. Dress—Black tie. As there should be a large and representative gathering, it is requested that reservations be made not later than noon of Thursday, the twentieth of October, with the Secretary of the American Chamber of Commerce, American Club, Foochow Road, phone 14742. For further information, communicate with B. H. Watson, 18020, or J.S. Potter, 15410.

Wounded Italians Arrive Home

Spanish Nationalists Thank Sig. Mussolini For Aid in Fighting

Naples, Oct. 16.

The hospital ship Gradisca arrived from Cadiz today, bringing to Naples for treatment and convalescence 44 officers, 72 non-commissioned officers and 636 privates. All were wounded in recent Spanish engagements.—Havas.

Thanks for Il Duce

Burgos, Oct. 16.

Francisco Franco, Spanish Nationalist leader, telegraphed his thanks to Signor Benito Mussolini for Italian aid during the Spanish war.

"With the departure of part of the Italian volunteers who have given such a high contribution of heroism and blood to the Nationalist cause in two years of resounding victories, thus permitting the early liberation of our soil from the Communist invasion, Nationalist Spain sends to Italy testimony of her profound gratitude for the valuable help and heroic sacrifice of its glorious fallen volunteers.

"Adding the warmest personal desires for the greatness of your Empire, your King-Emperor and the glorious leader of great Italy," the telegram said.

Similar telegrams were sent by the Minister of Interior to the Italian Ministry of Popular Culture and by the Phalanx Secretary to the Secretary of the Fascist Party.—United Press.

German Fliers Captured

Barcelona, Oct. 16.

The Ebro front is quiet, a Republican communique announced today. It added that a Henkel aeroplane was shot down in that region and the occupants, German airmen, were made prisoners-of-war.

The League of Nations Commission which is to control the withdrawal of foreign volunteers from Spain, arrived here at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Late this afternoon, it was received by Sr. Julio Alvarez del Vayo, Foreign Minister, who affirmed, in conversations, that the Spanish Republican Government wished to ease as much as possible the task of the Commission.

General Jalander, leader of the League group, thanked the Foreign Minister for the warm welcome given his party and the sentiments expressed.—Havas.

Sudetenlands Will Be Happy Again

Herr Henlein Declares Prosperity to Return

Berlin, Oct. 16.

The ceded Sudeten regions will soon recover prosperity, Herr Konrad Henlein, Reich's Commissioner and Sudeten Party leader, declared today in a speech before 160,000 people at Aussig.

"We will play our part in the works and constructions planned by the Fuehrer," he announced.

"Autostrades will be pierced through the Sudeten regions. Unexploited riches of the soil will be taken stock of and after years of crisis, German towns will know an unexpected recovery," Herr Henlein concluded.—Havas.

Czech-Polish Economic Agreement

Warsaw, Oct. 17.

A provisional agreement has just been signed by Poland and Czechoslovakia dealing with the various economic questions raised by the reincorporation of the Olsa territory into Poland. The iron smelting works and ore mines of the Olsa region by the terms of the agreement, will now export their products to Czechoslovakia.—Trans-Ocean.

German Political Refugee Extradition Demanded

Paris Press Declares Prague Wholly in Hands Of Nazis; Gestapo Agents Taking Control

Paris, Oct. 17.

THE present Czech Government is practically in the hands of the German National-Socialists, leftist papers here claimed today. Agents of the dreaded "Gestapo," the German Secret Police, are said to have spread through all the major Czech towns. Herr Hitler is alleged to have demanded the arrest and extradition of all Deputies and Senators in the Sudeten regions of Czechoslovakia who are not Nazis.

"An alarming report has reached us from Prague," says "L'Oeuvre" today. "The Fuehrer is said to have demanded that Dr. Franz Chvalkovsky, the Czech Foreign Minister, ensures that all non-Nazi Sudetens be handed over, including tens of thousands of partisans of the Liberal Party, the members of trade unions or certain democratic organizations, and all non-Nazi Sudeten Deputies; among the latter are all those who collaborated with Prague for the past few weeks and notably those who received M. Yvon Delbos, then French Foreign Minister, when he visited Czechoslovakia last December.

"Practically, the Prague Government is completely in Herr Hitler's hands," the paper added. "They have to obey him for little matters as well as for more important things, and Dr. Chvalkovsky and the Premier, Gen. Jan Sirovy, do not seem able to resist the Fuehrer, whatever be his demands. The Gestapo have arrived in large numbers in Prague, from where they spread to all the major towns in Czechoslovakia. Along the highways and other communication lines, Gestapo agents have been installed also.

"Le Populaire" confirmed the report of the arrival of Gestapo agents in Prague and other towns.

An idea of the claims made by Herr Hitler may be obtained from an article in "Le Peuple" by M. Leon Jouhaux, Secretary-General of the General Confederation of Labour.

"I will now tell you what I heard and saw in Prague," he wrote. "Herr Hitler now has the unheard of pretention of demanding the extradition of all Germans and Austrians fleeing the Nazi regime "for the crime of high treason" which is equivalent to a death sentence. Only by speaking with the representatives of these unfortunates can one understand their moral and material anguish and misery."—Havas.

10,000 German Refugees

Prague, Oct. 16.

There are now more than 10,000 German Democrats seeking refuge here following the change of regime in the Sudeten regions, the Social Nationalist Party's newspaper, "Ceske Slovo," announced today. The authorities are now making a census of these refugees and are preparing to repatriate them, the news organ adds.—Havas.

German Denials Made

Berlin, Oct. 17.

Political circles here termed the reports spread abroad declaring that Herr Hitler had asked the Prague Government to arrest and extradite all non-Nazi Deputies and Senators formerly, representing the Sudeten regions, as completely unfounded.

These quarters also denied that agents of the Gestapo, German Secret Police, had been sent into Czechoslovakia. The situation of the Germans remaining in Czechoslovakia will be the subject of conversations between Berlin and Prague.

The Reich has reiterated that Germany could not remain distinterested in the fate of Germans still remaining in Czechoslovakia.—Havas.

Yugoslavia, Rumania Opposing Hungary

Claims to Ruthenia Are Said to Go Too Far

Belgrade, Oct. 16.

The Yugoslav Government recently drew the attention of Poland and the great Western powers to their opposition to the formation of a common Hungaro-Polish frontier, well-informed quarters here revealed this evening.

Belgrade, it was stated, disagreed with the principle of the cession of Ruthenia to Hungary.

The Yugoslav Government also voiced its disapproval for any changes of the Czecho-Hungarian frontier not necessitated by ethnical considerations, the same circles added.

The press, too, it is noted, has clearly shown that it would not regard favourably the constitution of a common Hungaro-Polish frontier through Hungary's annexation of Ruthenia.—Havas.

Rumania Against Hungary

Bucharest, Oct. 17.

In agreement with Yugoslavia, Rumania will inform the Hungarian Government and the four Powers which signed the Munich Agreement that she considers the Hungarian demands against Czechoslovakia exceed the limits of what was agreed upon in Munich, newspapers here reported yesterday.

Rumania considers that the demands put forward by Hungary can only be explained by the inordinate ambition of Magyar chauvinism.—Trans-Ocean.

Ruthenian Government Holds First Meeting

Russian Will Be Official Language

Uzhorod, Slovakia, Oct. 16.

The Autonomous Government of Ruthenia (Subcarpathian Russia) held their first Cabinet meeting yesterday, when they proceeded to the allotment of portfolios to the various statesmen. The Cabinet now includes the following:

Andrej Brody:—Premier, Education Minister
Edmund Bacinsky:—Interior Minister
Julius Revay:—Transport Minister
Stefan Fencik:—Economics Secretary
Augustin Volosin:—Social Welfare, Health Secretary
Ivan Pjescak:—Justice Secretary.

Secretaries in the government do not have the same rank as the Ministers.

The Cabinet decided that the Government's official gazettes would appear in the Russian language with translations into the Ukrainian tongue All official inscriptions will be in both languages.

The Cabinet also adopted measures to distribute corn to the needy population within its jurisdiction.—Havas.

OBITUARY

Herr Karl Kautsky

Amsterdam, Oct. 17.

The well-known Marxist theoretician, Karl Kautsky, died here today at the age of 84. He left Vienna for Amsterdam immediately after the Anschluss.—Havas.

Poland Suspicious Of "Friends"

Vice-Premier Launches Election Campaign and Explains Policy

Warsaw, Oct. 16.

"Poland is a guided democracy and is suspicious of those who claim to be her friends," the Vice-Premier, M. Eugene Kwiatkowski, concurrently Finance Minister, declared today.

Speaking at Katowice to inaugurate the electoral campaign, he said, "We are not partisans of Fascism, we are enemies of Communism!

"We wish to be a disciplined and guided democracy but we reject the idea of a democracy of freemasonry or liberalism such as leads to nothing but discord among the nations.

"The world no longer belongs to these degenerated oligarchies and power has passed into the hands of the healthy nations, morally united and conscious of their aims.

"During the past few weeks, we have found out that established friends are often more dangerous in their activities and more intransigent in their criticism than outright enemies," M. Kwiatkowski added.

He then launched an appeal for national unity, passing to affairs in connection with the country's internal policies.

He recalled that Parliament had been dissolved so that the Opposition might collaborate with the Government. He expressed regret, however, that this gesture had been rejected and that the Opposition had decided to boycott the coming elections.

"We will not tolerate a return to the Parliamentary chaos existent before Marshal Pilsudski.....In 1935, the Government felt themselves to be weak, but today, there is no element that can force them to resign or to make concessions against their will," the vice-Premier concluded.—Havas.

2,000 Chinese Troops In Mutiny

Railway Town Taken From Japanese Employers

Hankow, Oct. 17.

Two thousand Chinese troops in Southern Hopei mutinied against their Japanese command on the night of October 14 and occupied the city of Hsingtai north of Hantang on the Peiping-Hankow Railway, according to Chinese reports.

Fighting is now taking place south of Hsingtai, where Japanese troops have engaged the rebels, while Japanese reinforcements are rushing from Hantang, the reports state.

The Chinese troops were enrolled by the Japanese and commanded by Wang Tze-sing. When they occupied the city they are claimed to have captured the Japanese garrison commander there.—Reuter.

Christian Music to Be Propaganda Vehicle

Japanese Composers Will Distribute 'Xmas Hymn

Tokyo, Oct. 17.

Christmas and peace in the Orient is the title of an original cantata just published for distribution among Japanese residents abroad and Christians everywhere. The hymn is in ten parts and takes forty minutes to perform.

With the second wartime Christmas approaching in Japan, the music is designed to express to the world the righteousness of Japan's cause in China, according to its authors.

The music was composed by Mr. Shuichi Tsugawa, of Azabu Ward, and the words were written by Mr. Kiyoshi Saito, of Sugina-mi Ward, both avid students of church music. Inspired by the thought of Japanese soldiers shedding their blood on the battlefields of China for the sake of justice, the two are said to have aspired to inform the world through Christianity of "Japan's right and might."

The first part of the cantata consists of a prelude and introductory song followed by the song of the Archangel. Then responsive reading, largo and with chimes *ad lib*, precedes part four, congregational singing. Parts five and six are titled song of the women waiting for the saviour and song of the shepherds. Then several trumpet measures introduce the Japanese patriotic march, which is followed by a song of peace in the Orient. Part nine is a prayer chant for "Our Fatherland" and part ten is a grand chorus of Christmas joy.

Copies of the composition will be mailed abroad soon.—Domei.

Four Germans Held in Panama Zone

U.S. Army Authorities May Make Spying Charge

Colon, Panama, Oct. 16.

United States Army authorities detained four persons today pending a decision whether to charge them with espionage.

They arrested two Germans, Mrs. Ingeboro Guttman and Mr. Hans Schackow. The two arrested persons were reported to be employees of the Hapag-Lloyd Steamship Line's South American headquarters at Cristobal.

The Army authorities also took Mr Gisbert Gross and Mr. Edward R. Kuhrig into custody for alleged photographing of defences of Fort Randolph.

The two men were detained after they were reported to have been caught taking pictures of vital zones. They were reported to have told Army guards near the fort that they carried no cameras.—United Press.

International Red Cross

The Shanghai International Red Cross wishes to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following donations October 9 to 15 inclusive:

Previously acknowledged	$2,596,449.66
Charity Basket-ball game proceeds, sponsored by the Barbers Association	150.00
Fong Family	105.00
Mr. and Mrs. Tai Yee Zoong	50.00
Mrs. Jeanne P. Van Hengel	50.00
Staff and their friends, Standard-Vacuum Oil Co., Wuhu	30.00
Mrs. E. Muton	20.00
Staff, Chin Lun Knitting Co.	15.00
Tsu Siao Mei	10.00
Liu Tsen Ching	10.00
Save A Life A Month Club (41st remittance)	117.00
and a number of smaller donations.	
Total as of Oct. 15	$2,597,062.34

All donations should be sent to the Director's Office, 505 Honan Road.

Hospital Plane Crashes

Stockholm, Oct. 17.

Four or five persons were killed, when a hospital plane crashed in the mountains in northern Sweden, in foggy weather.—Reuter.

Martial Law Ordered In Slovakia

New Government Leaders Begin Election Campaign

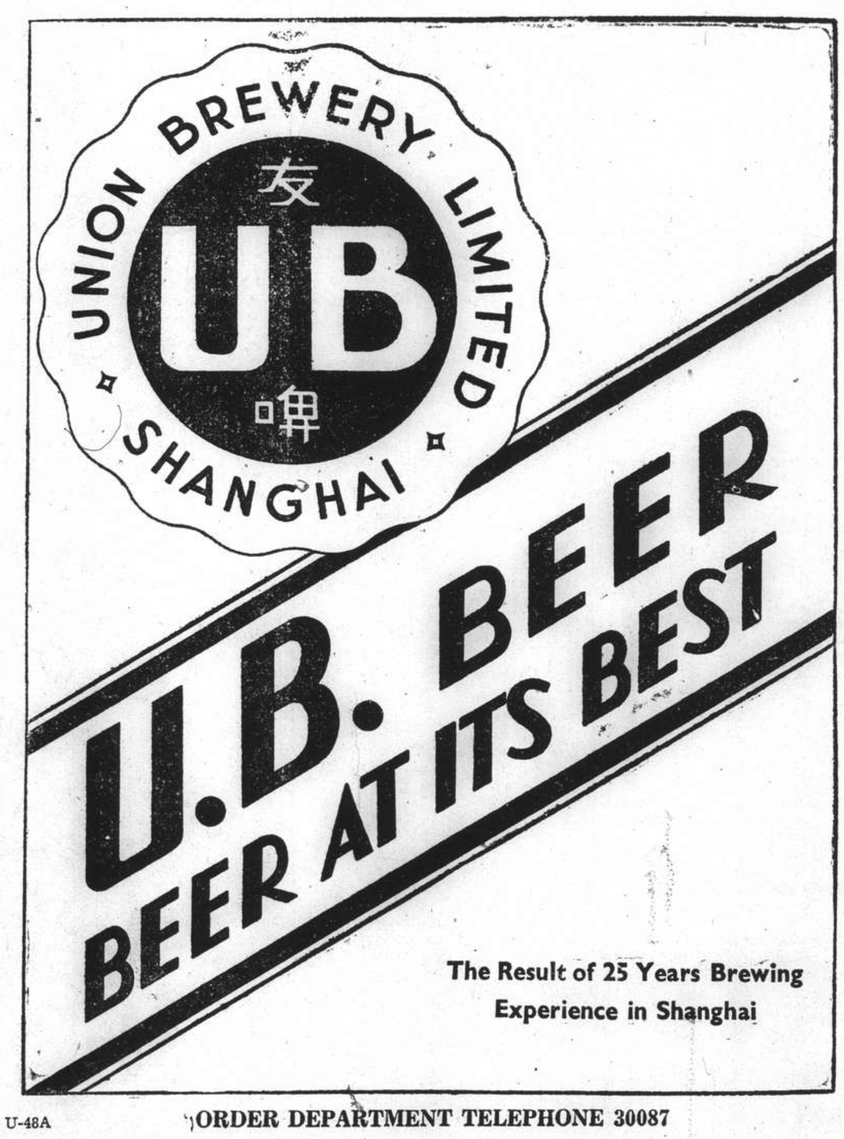
Pressburg, Oct. 17.

Martial law has been proclaimed in eighteen districts of Slovakia, including Pressburg, Komorom and Kaschau, because of the clashes that have taken place in these districts between Hungarians and Slovaks.

Almost all Slovak Ministers travelled into various country districts yesterday to begin a propaganda campaign and demonstrations of the Slovak population took place in all townships which the Ministers visited.

The Slovak Social Democratic party has convened a session of the party organizers for October 19th to sanction withdrawal of the party from the Second International.

Through the dissolution of all Freemason lodges and the confiscation of their properties, the Slovak state has come into possession of assets worth about 1,000,000 Czech Crowns.—Trans-Ocean.



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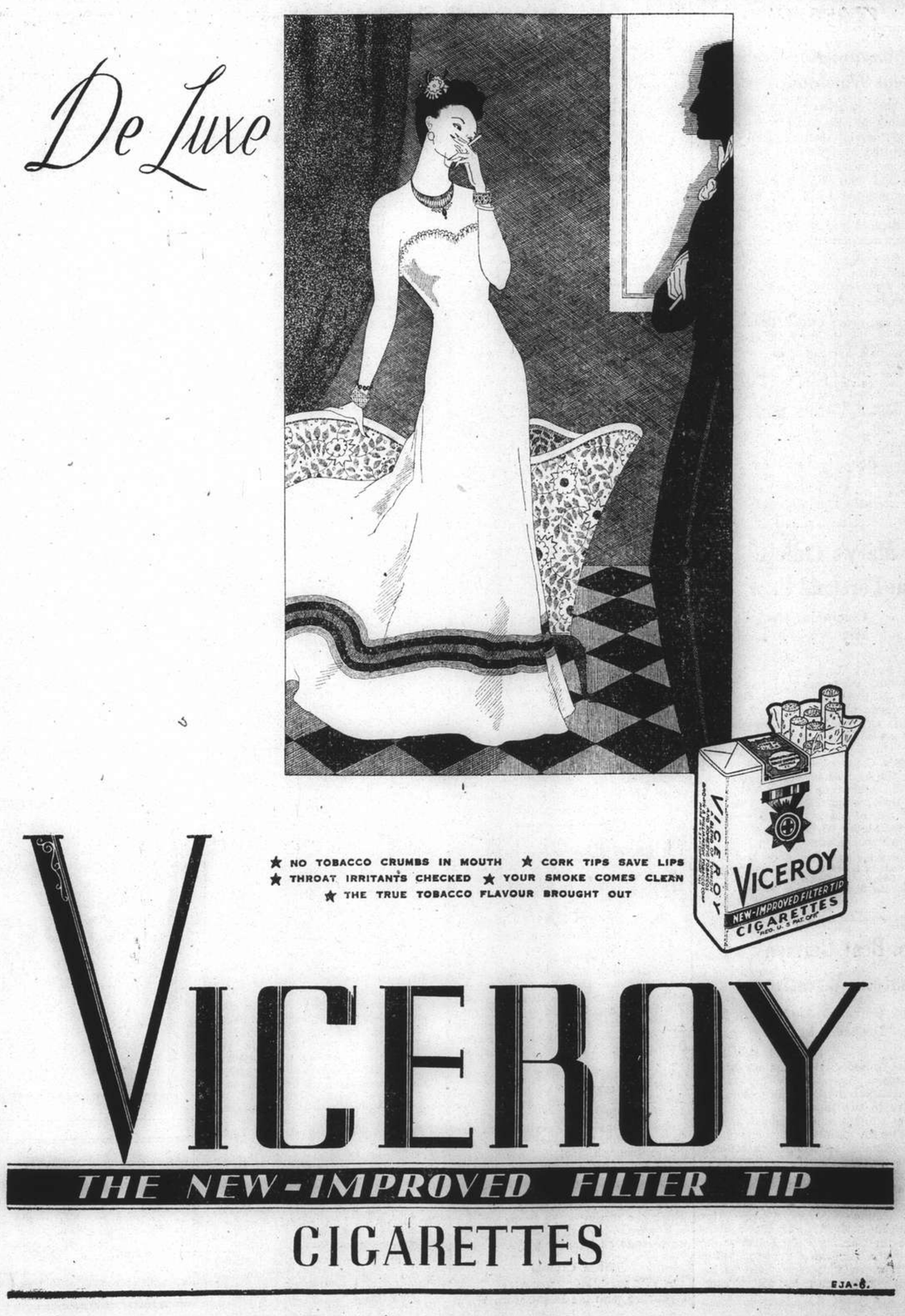

THE SPORTS PAGE

Too Many Backs at Stanford

Lack of Linemen Called Weakness of Red Machine in This Season's Football

Stanford University, Cal., Sept. 27.

TINY Thornhill wishes that football teams had only four linemen and seven backs.

If the game were revolutionized to change the numerical relations between the forward wall and the quartet of attack, the portly Stanford University coach, disciple of Glenn Scobey (Pop) Warner would be sitting pretty for the 1938 Pacific Coast conference season and an intersectional clash with Dartmouth's Red Indians.

Thornhill has plenty of backfield material for his eleven, but there are only four line-men and possibly five who are of big league calibre. In fact the fat man of Stanford is in such a state that he is considering using four tackles at one time, detailing two of them to guard duties.

The word is out that Stanford this year will have a team with lots of offense, but little defense.

Will Entertain Dartmouth

It was that way last year, and the Indians managed to finish runner-up to California by winning four conference games, tying one and dropping two. Outside the conference the Palo Alto Indians lost to Santa Clara, the Sugar Bowl kings.

This year Stanford meets the same seven conference foes, and entertains Dartmouth here on November 26, the week after the "big game" with California's Bears.

To meet this nine-game schedule coach Thornhill has a squad of 21 lettermen, 17 non-lettermen from the 1937 team, 23 for the freshmen class, and several promising transfers, including Hamilton Pool, a back who played fresh ball at California several years ago and then went to West Point for a year or two.

Thornhill is so well situated in the backfield department that he is considering holding Pool out for a year to have him available in 1939 when some of the regular ball-carriers will have been graduated.

Strong Attacking Array

Topping the offensive array are Bill Paulman, somewhat fragile but skilful quarterback-fullback whose kicking is one of Stanford's strongest points, and Pete Fay, a swivel-hipped left halfback who broke up several games last year with long runs.

Supporting them are lettermen Gene Coldiron, Al Alustiza and Glen Hamilton for quarterbacking of full-backing duties (the jobs are interchangeable under the Thornhill-Warner system), Bill Kirsh, Fred Ledeboer and Jim Groves lettermen halfbacks, and Norman Standlee, a standout freshman who may squeeze into the first quartet. Vance Peters, a transfer from San Mateo Junior College, and John Casey from Pomona J.C. can't be counted out.

Jack Clarck, an outstanding end on the coast in 1936, has returned after an absence of one season to bolster the wing squad. Lettermen Irv Cummings, son of a Hollywood director, Bill Willard and Bill McElroy are available.

Thornhill has four experienced tackles in Pete Zagar, now in Europe as a discus-thrower with an American track squad, Stan Andersen, By West and Corcky Donahue. During the spring training period each was instructed in guard duties to make it possible to use all four at once.

Best Guard Injured

Bob Dakan and Dick Sutton, last year's guards, are back and so are Jack Walton, a veteran, and Frank McMillan, the best guard until he was injured in mid-season. For centre there's Tony Calvelli, a hard worker. Replacements for Calvelli, however, are scarce.

That's the squad Stanford will send into action with the possibility of suprising, as it did last year. Washington, U.S.C. and California are rated higher than the Indians.—United Press.

Shanghai Bowlers' Hongkong Plans

Programme Slightly Amended by Delayed Arrival in Colony

It is now possible to publish the programme which has been arranged for the Shanghai Interport Lawn Bowlers during their stay in Hongkong. Due to the delayed arrival of the visitors the original arrangements had to be amended, it not being possible to commence play until Saturday afternoon, when a Shanghai four, J. M. C. Lopes (skip), A. M. Gutierrez, J. W. Brierley and K. L. Swartzell, met and defeated the Craigengower Cricket Club by 22 shots to 19.

On Sunday afternoon the first of the Interport series was played and resulted in a draw, the score being 20 shots all. Shanghai was represented by H. Wallace (skip), W. J. MacDermott, A. M. Gutierrez and J. M. C. Lopes. The reports of the play which have come through are meagre, but it is learnt that Wallace distinguished himself by remarkably good play. The fact that the game ended in a draw has given rise to considerable comment as the general impression among local lawn bowlers was that in the event of a tie in any of the actual Interport series an extra end, or ends, would be played so that a definite conclusion could be reached, this having been done a few years ago when the Hongkong team were visitors to Shanghai. If Shanghai win one of the next two matches and Hongkong the other the series will result in a draw, the way matters now stand. The reason why the extra end was not played is awaited in Shanghai with great interest.

The second of the Interpor tmaches will be played tomorrow at the Civil Service Club and the last on Saturday at the Club de Recreio. The Interport Dinner will be held at the close of this game. Of great interest is the match to be played on October 25 between Shanghai and the Governor's team.

Complete Programme

The complete programme is given herewith. It is possible that some of the closing matches will not be able to take place, everything depending upon sailing dates from the Colony to Shanghai which may mean that the Shanghai team have to leave earlier than was anticipated when these arrangements were made:—

Shanghai versus:—
Oct.
15 Craigengower Cricket Club.
16 Hongkong (First Interport) at Kowloon Docks.
17 Kowloon Football Club
18 Police Recreation Club
19 Hongkong (Second Interport) at Civil Service Club.
20 Kowloon Cricket Club.
21 Indian Recreation Club.
22 Hongkong (Third Interport) at Club de Recreio.
23 Kowloon Bowling Green Club.
24 Hongkong Football Club.
25 His Excellency the Governor's Team.
26 Yacht Club and Kowloon Tong at Kowloon Tong.
27 Taikoo and Shanghai Electric at Taikoo.
28 Association Rink.

Shanghai Bowlers Beat Kowloon

The match between the Shanghai Lawn Bowls team and the Kowloon Football Club resulted in a win for Shanghai by the close margin of 21 shots to 20. The Shanghai side was represented by J. W. Brierley (skip), J. M. C. Lopes, A. M. Gutierrez and K. L. Swartzell.

Polo at Hungjao Tomorrow

Polo matches for the Silver Pheasant Cup will be played at the Hungjao Polo Club on tomorrow. The first two teams to play will consist of Lutey, Lacks, E. B. Moller, Heyn, versus Allman, Allman, Hornby, Krikoriantz. The winners of this game will meet Riggio, Keswick, R. B. Moller, and Fritz on Sunday.

Entries for the Reinforcement Cup, four chukker handicap tournament open to members, which must be by team and accompanied by $2 per player, should be sent to A. E. Arnold, c/c Butterfield & Swire before noon on Thursday, October 20. The draw will be published on Friday and play will commence on Saturday and will be concluded the following week-end.

Tientsin's Sweeping Rowing Victory

Tientsin, Oct. 17.

Tientsin again emerged successful from the two Interport rowing events held this morning, thus giving her a sweeping victory over Shanghai and Harbin.

In the Interport eights after a thrilling race Tientsin beat Shanghai by only three quarters of a length. Harbin was a poor third. Shanghai was unable to compete in the sculls which Tientsin won from Harbin easily.—Reuter.

St. Mary's College Beat Portland U.

Cincinnati Bengala Just Win Over Los Angeles

New York, Oct. 16.

St. Mary's College beat Portland University, 32-7 today in the feature coast gridiron struggle of the day. The Gaels were never hard pressed by the Oregon boys, but chalked up counters virtually at will.

In the pro league, Cincinnati Bengals eked out a close 3-0 victory over the Los Angeles Bulldogs. The Bengals scored on a long field goal, and then managed to keep the Bulldogs out of scoring territory during the remainder of the game.

Other scores are:

Iowa State 16, Missouri 13
Louisiana State 47, Loyola South 6
St. Joseph 13, Canisius 0
Niagara 6, St. Bonaventure 0
—United Press.

U.S. Beat Germany at Amateur Wrestling

Germans Alone Gain Two Decisions by Fall

Stuttgart, Oct. 17.

The United States amateur wrestling team yesterday won the second international match against Germany by five to two points.

The United States gained all its victories by points, the winners being McDaniel, bantamweight; Millard, featherweight; Jacobs, welterweight; Harroll, light-heavy weight, and Gustafson, heavy-weight.

In the lightweight class the German champion Weikert beat the American Scriven after six mihutes while the German Fritz Schaefer defeated the American Crawford after nine minutes, these two victories being the only ones by fall.—Trans-Ocean.

Chicago Bears Swing Into Winning Form

Local Rivals Defeated In Thrilling Game

New York, Oct. 16.

The powerful Chicago Bears, heavy favourites to take Western Division honours in the National Professional Football League, swung back into winning stride today after a setback last week to defeat the Chicago Cardinals in an inter-city contest, 34-28.

The Bears presented a jumping jack, flea-circus type of attack, with lateral and forward passes the dominant keynote of the entire offence. Unable to gain through the Cardinal line, the Bears took to the air to triumph, materially aided by three field goals from the toe of Automatic Jack Manders.

The Cardinal line ripped great holes in the Bear defence through which the flame-jersied backs poured in a stream. All the Cardinal scores were made on running plays.

Huge Crowds

The Washing Redskins, co-favourites with the Bears, were given a hard struggle by the Detroit Lions before downing the Motor City eleven by 7-5, scoring the winning touchdown in the nick of time.

The New York Giants had little trouble in disposing of the Philadelphia Eagles, 17-7, while the Green Bay Packers, off on their first eastern invasion of the year, routed the Brooklyn Dodgers by a score of 35-7. Huge crowds, indicating the smashing strides pro-football is making in public interest, witnessed all games.—United Press.

Alice Marble Wins the U.S. Tennis Singles Cup

Miss Alice Marble, of California, holding the cup symbolic of the National Women's Singles Championship after accepting the trophy from Mr. Fred Pond, Vice-President of the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills, Long Island. Looking on is Miss Nancye Wynn, of Australia, the runner-up.

Girl Softball Players Invade Japan in Goodwill Campaign

Police Fascinated By Bare Legs; Shorts Inspected And Lengthening Rule Vetoed

Tokyo, Sept. 17.

"SOFTBALL fever" today threatened to sweep Japan following an exhibition of the game by 31 bare-legged American girl players. The length of their pants approved by smiling police censors, who were quoted by newspapers as admiring the shapeliness of the players' torsos and limbs, the team has enjoyed wide popularity since it gave its first exhibition game here on October 12.

Despite the fact that they had been kept waiting more than an hour because of painting or powdering exercises, officers of the Metropolitan Police Board amusement enterprise squad gave the American girl softball players the once over and promptly reversed their previous decision that shorts worn by the players would have to be three inches longer than the standard American uniform, or public appearances would be banned. "Either short or long pants will do," the officers were quoted as saying.

The spectacle of 31 American girls romping around Korakuen field in bare legs obviously was not as severe a jolt to the moral sensibilities as anticipated, although police took the precaution to bar all spectators until after the official preview on October 11. "They are so cheery about everything that we can't bring ourselves to impose any regulations against them," one official was reported to have said. Another officer observed, "My, aren't their bodies built nice?"

A Little Cosmetic Work

After spending their first night in Tokyo, the girls got up bright and early last Tuesday and visited the plaze before the Imperial Palace, the Meiji Shrine and the Yasukuni Shrine, carrying huge Japanese and American flags and wearing sashes designating themselves as the American Amateur Softball Girl Mission for American-Japanese Friendship. Most of them were hatless, their blonde hair arousing considerable curiosity among wounded soldiers and members of women's patriotic groups worshipping at the shrines.

Although they were scheduled to start practice at 10 a.m. at Korakuen field, the girls found it necessary to return to their hotel to get in a little cosmetic work with the result that they didn't straggle onto the field until nigh upon 11 o'clock.

Once there, however, they got right down to action and didn't waste any time. They stripped off their outer garments and stood resplendent in shorts and jerseys decked out in Stars and Stripes and Rising Sun emblems. "Ordinarily the diamond looks desolate," one sports writer observed, "but on Tuesday it flowered in five colours."

Plenty of Fun

The girls started their practice automatically, without a signal from anyone. A pitcher tossed out a huge grapefruit-like ball and a comely batter smacked it. Instead of the usual sharp crack and a soaring fly to the outfield as could be expected under similar circumstances with a regular baseball, there was a dull thump, like a pumpkin being whacked with a club, and the ball rose in a short, sluggish arc. "Such is the nature of softball but it's plenty of fun just the same," the girls said.

The girl softball players, carrying a message of goodwill from Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, disembarked from the Nippon Yusen Kaisha liner Chichibu Maru at Yokohama on Monday. The party is under the wing of Mr. Marty Fielder, former big league star with the Cleveland Indians, who went over to softball. Mr. Toraichi Takano, private secretary to Mr. Charles Chaplin, also is on the tour, which was arranged last year by Viscount Hidemano Konoye, brother of the Premier.

When interviewed, the girls manifested no lack of confidence regarding their abilities. In fact Miss Kathryn I. Rohrer, shortstop and motion picture actress, declared they would be willing to take on and trounce any team of Japanese boys caring to volunteer. "We have a wonderful team," she disclosed.

International Match

Apparently Japanese girls will learn the game from observation, rather than participation, although Japan may carry off the honours in a series of competitions planned in Kwanto and Kwansai during the next month.

The "Japanese team" will be Japanese in theory only, it was disclosed, except for two second generation Japanese girls who are included in the American squad. It will work this way, Mr. Fielder explained. "The squad of 31 will be divided as nearly in half as possible, 16 being designated as the 'Japanese team and the remaining 15 upholding the honour of the United States."

The American team will be attired in uniforms of red, white and blue and the Japanese team will wear red and white.

"We have visited this country on a purely goodwill mission and are not interested in making money," Mr. Fielder said. "Any proceeds from the exhibition matches will be spent for articles which will remind us of this visit.

"Each team will play with nine girls and if there are any boys' softball teams in Japan we will be glad to meet them," he said.

At present some 15,000,000 boys and girls in the United States are playing softball. The number of players and spectators far exceeds that of regular baseball, according to Mr. Fielder.—Domei.

Javelin Record Broken

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Helsingfors, Oct. 17.

The world famous javelin thrower, Nikkanen, established a new world record yesterday, when he threw a distance of 78.70 metres, thus beating his own previous record of 77.57.—Reuter.

Gonzaga College Keeps Trophy

Beat St. Xavier's After a Hard-fought Tussle

By winning three matches out of five, Gonzaga College defeated the visiting St. Francis Xavier's College on Sunday in their annual tennis contest and earned the right to keep possession of the Cup presented by Mr. H. C. Yao.

The Chinese lost the first singles as Wei Su-Sung, after winning the opening set 6-3, could not subdue a hard uphill fight put up by Norman Augusted and was beaten in the following sets by drawn-out scores of 5-7 and 6-8. Augusted was more steady and had confidence which helped him to break ahead.

In the second and third doubles, the Gonzaga representatives found no difficulty to post their victories. Sun Loh-sing easily defeated Frank Canavarro, son of Raoul Canavarro, by two 6-2 sets while Chao Lin-Sung disposed of Alfred Augusted 6-2 and 7-5. Augusted made a determined comeback but did not possess enough stamina to carry through.

The two teams came out even in the doubles in which Gonzaga won the first and S.F.X. took the second. S. S. Wei and L. S. Chao triumphed over N. Augusted and Canavarro 6-4 and 6-3 while L. S. Sung and C. Lee fell victims at the hands of the other two members of the Augusted family, Alfred and Harold, by 4-6 and 3-6.

Basketball Tourney Opens Today

17 Service Teams Enter Navy Y Competition

The annual basketball tournament sponsored by the Navy Y.M.C.A. for local service teams will get under way today. A total of 17 teams have entered the competition and they are divided into two groups, the "A" and "B."

A new cup presented by Colonel Cates will be awarded to the winning team after the meeting of the two strongest sides in the two sections. There will be a series of three games in the play-off and they are scheduled to be held on the 19th, 22nd and 24th of November, starting at 7 p.m. each night.

The Navy will be represented by two teams from the U.S.S. August and one from U.S.S. Isabel. "H" Company, champions of the past League, are in the "B" Division.

Tonight's schedule, beginning at 5.30 p.m., will see "D" Company against Headquarters First, "E" Company against Service Company and Headquarters Second against Motor Transport Company.

Shanghai Football Season Begins

Highlanders May Draw First Blood Against Clube Lusitano

With the opening of the Race Course this Saturday for winter sports, the 1938 football season will get into full stride for the first time this year, comprising games of the first, reserve, second and third divisions.

In all, no less than twelve games have been fixed for the coming week-end. Heading the list of encounters are the clash between Clube Lusitano and the Seaforth Highlanders on Saturday afternoon at the Canidrome and the meeting of the S.M. Police and Association Sportive Francaise the next morning at the same place.

The Seaforth Highlanders, who conquered the Durham Light Infantry last May shortly after their arrival here and the A. S. F. a few weeks ago prior to their departure to Hongkong for manœuvres, are expected to have a successful season in this city. As the Portuguese failed to show any class in their match last Saturday and lost to St. Francis Xavier's College, the Scottish soldiers should be able to win handily.

Fixture Lists

The fixtures, with the exception of the two first division matches and one second division match at Kiaochow Park, will be kicked off at 3 p.m. sharp. The list follows:—

Saturday

FIRST DIVISION

Clube Lusitano *v.* Seaforth Highlanders, Canidrome at 2.30 p.m.

SECOND DIVISION

Abteilung *v.* British Navy, Race Course Ground 1.
J. A. C. *v.* Sokol, Race Course Ground 2.
French Forces *v.* Area Details, Race Course Ground 5.

THIRD DIVISION

Public and Thomas Hanbury School *v.* R.A.M.C., Race Course S.R.C. Ground.

Sunday

FIRST DIVISION

A.S.F. *v.* Police, Canidrome at 10.30 a.m.

RESERVE DIVISION

S.R.C. *v.* S.F.X., Race Course S.R.C. Ground.

SECOND DIVISION

J.R.C. *v.* Russian Regiment, Race Course Ground 1.
Public and Thomas Hanbury School *v.* Ching Hwa, Kiaochow Park at 10.30 a.m.

THIRD DIVISION

Area Details *v.* Betar, Race Course Ground 2.
Bramtoco *v.* Vitiaz, Race Course Ground 5.
Parks United *v.* Russian Club, Kiaochow Park.

Punch Scratched for Cesarewitch

London, Oct. 17.

Punch, last year's Cesarewitch winner, and well backed for this year's event, was scratched today owing to a leg injury.—Reuter.

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Results for week ending October 15
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No. 945 forecasted 9 correct results.
POOL No. 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 x 2 1 2
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Pool 1.	139 250	4	9	10.10
Pool 2.	212	3	5	12.20
Pool 3.	124	10	3	27.20
Pool 4.	140	10	2	46.60
Pool 5.	250	9	5	12.20
Pool 6.	121 166 169	8	8	9.60
Pool 7.	150 184	3	4	11.00
Pool 8.	139 200 231	3	5	8.50
Pool 9.	208 246 247	8	4	9.20

I have examined and checked the total amount to be received from the Pools conducted by Messrs. Scotland & Co., and hereby certify that after providing for commission as allowed by the rules and such expenses as I have certified to be properly chargeable, the whole of such amount has been divided amongst the winners, resulting as above, more than 80 per cent. of the total amounts staked being paid to Pool Winners.
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Japanese Desire to Safeguard Foreign Property

Third Party Nationals Asked to Distinguish Their Property and Avoid Zone of Hostilities

DIPLOMATIC representatives of third Powers were requested yesterday by Mr. Masayuki Tani, Japanese Minister-at-Large, acting at the instance of Japanese naval authorities, to take steps to warn third Power Nationals to avoid the zones of hostilities in South China and to mark foreign property clearly so that it can be distinguished from the air.

Severe fighting was expected to take place within a radius of 200 kilometres around Canton and 100 kilometres around Swatow, and third Power nationals were requested to refrain from travelling in those areas.

Mr. Tani also sent to the diplomatic representatives copies of a memorandum in which the Japanese authorities expressed appreciation for the information which the various Powers had given regarding the location of their vessels on the Yangtze.

The Japanese naval authorities expressed a hope that, with the progress of hostilities toward Hankow, those Powers which had not given such information on the movements of their vessels would do so in the future.

Mr. Tani's communication to diplomatic representatives concerning the South China zone of hostilities follows:

"I have the honour to inform you that I have been requested by our Naval Authorities to notify our honorable colleagues concerned of the following:

"Severe fighting is expected within a radius of 200 kilometres around Canton and 100 kilometres around Swatow. According to past experiences such as the unfortunate incident involving His Excellency Sir Hughe Montgomery Knatchbull-Hugessen, it is impossible for airmen to identify the different signs painted or hoisted on roofs of motor cars belonging to nationals of Third Powers. In this connection we may mention that it has been proved that the same can be said of trains. Therefore, the nationals of Third Powers are earnestly requested to refrain from travelling in these areas as the Japanese Forces are not in a position to guarantee their safety.

"This request is based on the sincere wishes on the part of our Naval authorities to preclude any possibility in the course of our military operations of causing injuries to nationals of Third Powers and thus bringing about untoward incidents between Japan and Third Powers, which they are anxious to avoid. It is earnestly hoped, therefore, that nationals of Third Powers concerned would, on their part, co-operate with our Naval authorities by complying voluntarily with the above request."

Another communication from Mr. Tani in regard to the marking of foreign properties in Kwangtung read as follows:

"At the instance of the Japanese Naval authorities I have the honour to inform Your Excellency that as the positions of foreign properties in the districts in and around Waichow and Poklo, Kwangtung, are not clearly marked, it is earnestly desired that the properties belonging to third Powers or their nationals in the above-mentioned districts be immediately provided with marks large and distinct enough to be discerned from the air."

The note was addressed to the following: Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, British Ambassador to China, Shanghai; Monsieur le Baron Jules Guillaume, Belgian Ambassador to China, Shanghai; Monsieur I. T. Luganetz-Orelsky, Soviet Ambassador to China, Chungking; Baron G. W. de Vos van Steenwijk, Netherlands Minister to China, Shanghai; Baron Johan Beck-Friis, Swedish Minister of China, Shanghai; Mr. Nelson Trusler Johnson, American Ambassador to China, Chungking; Monsieur Paul Emile Naggiar, French Ambassador to China, Shanghai; Dr. Joao de Lebre Lima, Portuguese Minister to China, Shanghai; Monsieur Georges Barthel de Weydenthal, Polish Minister to China, Shanghai; Dr. Renato de Lacerda Lago, Brazilian Minister to China, Peiping; Monsieur Jan Seba, Czechoslovakian Minister to China, Shanghai and Monsieur L. F. A. Oscar de Oxholm, Danish Minister to China, Shanghai.

The memorandum issued by the naval authorities expressed gratification over the fact that notification of ship movements on the Yangtze had prevented incidents in the zone of hostilities above Wuhu such as might impair friendly relations between Japan and third Powers.

German Economic Future To Lie Eastward in Balkans

(Continued from page 5)

The Minister specified that the credit of Rm. 150,000,000 granted to Turkey would be used to finance the construction of a war port in Turkey and large industrial installations. Turkey will order railway material, bridges, and various machines from Germany.

In the Balkan states, Germany will purchase large quantities of cotton and cottonseed to increase her textile production and oil and grease supplies. In turn, she will assist the Balkan countries to develop the exploitation of their mines.

The Minister declared that it was his intention to establish with all these countries lasting accords valid for several years because "no other country can buy as much products from south-eastern Europe as Germany."

"We are purchasing there twice as much as Britain, France, and the United States put together," he concluded.—Havas.

France Urged to Leave Balkans Alone

"Le Matin" Calls for New Scheme of Foreign Policy

Paris, Oct. 17.

An emphatic demand for the reorientation of the French foreign policy is contained in an article published by "Le Matin" this morning.

France, says the writer of this article, should pursue a policy in keeping with her geographical position. France has two capitals, namely Paris and Algiers. Geographically France is a west European country stretching across the Mediterranean to Africa. Hence her vital interests, her strength and her future lie in Western Europe in the Mediterranean and in Africa. It would be folly to seek success in any other sphere.

The only countries with which France is able to enter into helpful and enduring pacts are her neighbours, namely Britain, Belgium, Italy and Spain. With other countries France should set about improving her trade relations. What she should not do is to enter into military alliances especially with countries in Central and Eastern Europe or in the Balkans as her security lies not on the Danube or the Vistula or at the Bosphorus but along the Vosges, the Alps, the Pyronnes and the Atlas mountains.—Trans-Ocean.

Major Clash Expected In South China

(Continued from page 5)

Hankow, Oct. 17.

General Li Tsung-jen, famous Kwangsi leader, interviewed at an undisclosed village on the north bank of the Yangtze where he is directing operations, expressed the deepest concern over the South China operations.

Declaring that "Japan wishes not only to occupy South China, but to endanger British and French interests as well in Hongkong and Indo-China," General Li declared that Britain, France and China should put up a common front, in which "China would supply the manpower while Britain and France supplied funds and ammunition." Concluding, the leader pledged himself to rush Kwangsi troops into Kwangtung for the defence of South China.—Reuter.

Chinese Massing at Poklo

Hankow, Oct. 17.

Chinese forces were at present massing in the hills west of Poklo for a major battle against the Japanese now pushing westward towards Canton, declared the Chinese military spokesman at a press conference this afternoon.

The Chinese, he added, held a well-constructed defence line between Tsengcho and Sheklung, in the Tayu and Lowen mountain ranges east of the Canton-Kowloon Railway, from which the Japanese, he claimed, were still 20 kilometres away.

Referring to the Yangtze situation, the spokesman pointed out that Japanese warships on the river were about 72 miles from Hankow, while the Japanese column which was trying to cut highway and railway communications south of Hankow was now 40 kilometres from the highway between Hankow and Changsha and 80 kilometres from the Canton-Hankow Railway.

Strong Chinese forces, he asserted, had been concentrated in the hills east of Tungshan in an attempt to check the Japanese westward advance towards the highway to Changsha.

The spokesman expressed the opinion that it would be difficult for Japanese warships to steam upriver towards Hankow, as Chinese shore batteries on both banks of the Yangtze between Huangshihkang and Ngochen would subject the warships to intensive fire.—Reuter.

ALTHOUGH the Earl of Macduff is the son and heir of the late Prince Arthur of Connaught, he will not be able to use the title of prince. Under an edict issued by King George V. in 1915, only the Sovereign's sons and their sons in turn are entitled to be called prince. The earl is now immediate heir to two titles—the Dukedom of Connaught held by his 88-year-old grandfather, and the Dukedom of Fife through his mother, who is a duchess in her own right. The earl is 24 years of age, and takes his title from the Earls of Fife, whose family name was Duff. The young earl can claim descent from Shakespeare's somewhat legendary nobleman, to whom Macbeth cried: "Lay on, Macduff, and damn'd be him that first cries, 'Hold, enough!'" The earl is a lieutenant in the Scots Greys, the regiment in which his father served for 13 years.

Mr. Matsuoka May Take Gaimusho Post

S.M.R. Director Said to Be Resigning Post

Tokyo, Oct. 17.

Early retirement of Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka from his present post of managing director of the South Manchurian Railway is predicted by the "Asahi Shimbun."

Political circles interpret this report as meaning that Prince Konoye intends to appoint Mr. Matsuoka to the post of Foreign Minister for which he would be qualified by his previous career in the diplomatic service.

Mr. Matsuoka as principal Japanese delegate to the League of Nations, announced in 1933 Japan's withdrawal from the Geneva institution. Mr. Matsuoka is generally believed to be an advocate of an "energetic" foreign policy and to entertain close relations with high military quarters.—Trans-Ocean.

Two Robberies Reported To Police Last Night

Two armed robberies were reported to the Settlement Police last night, the first occurring at 6.45 p.m. when three unarmed Chinese held up a pedestrian on Yu Yuen Road and robbed him of property valued at $60. The other took place at 769 Kiukiang Road at 8.45 p.m. when three armed Chinese entered the residence and stole $400 in cash. No shots were fired in either of the robberies and all were committed by men speaking the Shanghai dialect.

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Herr Hitler Seeks Arms Limitation

Some Satisfaction on Colonial Claims Also Anticipated

London, Oct. 16.

Diplomatic sources said today that Herr Adolf Hitler had made tentative soundings in London, seeking formal talks between Britain and Germany on pressing European questions.

Herr Hitler's plans, diplomats said, include:—

1. Disarmament or arms limitation.
2. Anglo-German air pact, including possibly a declaration against bombings of civilians and open towns in the event of war, and the establishment of a production ratio between the two countries.
3. Some satisfaction to Germany's colonial demands.
4. Possible revision of the Anglo-German naval treaty which permits Germany to build only up to 35 per cent. of Britain's naval strength.

British authorities indicated that the present German press attacks against Mr. Neville Chamberlain's intensification of rearmament has not provided a favourable atmosphere for future negotiations.

Natives Threaten Civil War

The "Daily Mail" said today that both Europeans and natives living in Tanganyika have threatened civil war if any attempt is made to return the colony to Germany.

The "Daily Mail" also reported that reliable sources are convinced that British negotiations to return the colony to Germany are imminent.

Residents of Tanganyika, perturbed by these reports, have formed a Defence League to resist any attempted use of Tanganyika as "a pawn in European appeasement," the paper declared.—United Press.

Yugoslavia to Face Croat Minority

M. Stoyadinovitch Opens Election Campaign

Belgrade, Oct. 16.

The Premier, M. Milan Stoyadinovitch, concurrently Foreign Minister, launched the Yugoslav Government's electoral campagin today with an address in which he stressed that the Cabinet was seeking a solution to the Croat minority question.

The Croats are widely different from the Serbs and their incorporation in Yugoslavia raised difficulties in the proposed settlement of which they have to date refused to co-operate with the Government.

The Premier declared, "We were the first to render possible a free exchange of ideas upon the Croat question and we will be the first to look for a solution to this problem after the elections.

"We desire a fraternal accord, but, just because we seriously and sincerely wish for such an accord, we know that there is a limit beyond which we may not go.

"We want an agreement, but not one at any price!" he concluded.—Havas.

Japanese Aviation Firms Merged Into Combine

Corporation to Have Y.25,500,000 Capital

Tokyo, Oct. 17.

To meet the situation in the Orient arising from the development of the China incident, the Ministry of Communications has formally announced establishment of the Japan Aviation Corporation. This is a merger of the Japan Air Transport Corporation and the Kokusai (International) Aviation Corporation.

The new firm, engaged mainly in air transportation and related business, will be capitalized at Y.25,500,000. Of this sum the Japan Air Transport Corporation will invest Y.20,000,000, including Y.10,000,000 in kind; the Kokusai Y.5,000,000 and promoters Y.500,000.

The first general meeting of the new firm will be held early next month and business will start in December. Meanwhile, the Government is reported planning to increase the capital to Y.100,000,000.—Domei.

MR. Bernard Baruch, who was urgently summoned by President Roosevelt from his grouse shooting holiday in Scotland, enjoyed almost unlimited power over America's industry during the Great War. President Wilson appointed him Chairman of the War Industries Board, and later took him with him to Versailles. President Roosevelt has also consulted him frequently, despite Mr. Baruch's vigorous opposition to some features of the New Deal. Starting life as a newsboy, Mr. Baruch amassed a huge fortune by speculating on Wall Street. One day, to the surprise of all his friends, he suddenly announced his intention of "walking out never to return," and said he intended to devote himself henceforward to "philosophical discourse and political conversation." He celebrated his 68th birthday in August.

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British P. O. Found Shot in Hongkong

Hongkong, Oct. 17.

Frederick George Pittman, Chief Petty Officer of H.M.S. Birmingham was found shot dead in a room of the China Fleet Club today.

It was believed that he had killed himself as preliminary evidence indicated that the shot was self-inflicted. — United Press.

Mr. Churchill Answers Fuehrer

(Continued from page 5)

The questions, Mr. Churchill continued, that all English-speaking peoples were asking themselves were: "Is this the end, or is more to come? Can peace be secured by submission to organized and calculated wrong-doing and violence?"

Mr. Churchill made a slashing attack on Communist and Nazi tyranny. "This combination of mediaeval passion, party caucus, weapons of modern science, black-mailing and the power of air bombing," he declared, "is the most monstrous menace to peace, order and fertile progress that has appeared in the world since the Mongol invasions of the 14th Century."

Europe Abashed, Distracted

Europe now lay abashed and distracted, he went on, before the triumphant assertions of a dictatorial Power.

He urged, for the sake of peace, a swift and resolute gathering of forces to confront not only military, but moral, aggression.

Referring to dictators, Mr. Churchill said:

"You see these Dictators on their pedestals, surrounded by the bayonets of their soldiers and the truncheons of their police on all sides.

"They are guarded by masses of armed men, cannons, aeroplanes and fortifications—they boast and vaunt themselves before the world.

"Yet in their hearts there is an unspoken fear. They are afraid of words and thoughts—the words spoken abroad and the thoughts stirring at home."

The Dictator, in Mr. Churchill's opinion, was all strong without and all weak within.

Dictatorship, he concluded, was a passing phase that could not long endure if it was brought into contact with the healthy world outside.—Reuter.

Chinese Doctor Injured By Two Assailants

Enticed to Hotel and Almost Blinded

A Chinese doctor, Liu Ssiu-eu, carrying on a practice at 47 Tiendong Road, was gravely injured yesterday evening by two men who, after enticing him to a room in the Hotel of China at 160 Kweichow Road, threw chemicals over his face and battered him about the head with a revolver.

Statements made by the victim to the police after the attack showed that the doctor had been called from his office to the hotel by two men who asked him to attend a sick patient there.

The two men escorted him to the establishment and showed him into Room 410 where they slammed the door and attacked him before he could raise any alarm. Almost blinded by the chemicals which were thrown into his eyes, the doctor was unable to defend himself against their onslaught and the two men made their escape leaving him lying on the floor in a pool of blood.

An alarm was raised later and detectives from the Louza station visited the scene of the attack after which Liu was removed to the Police Hospital where his condition is serious. Although no traces of any shots having been fired could be found the doctor asserts that his assailants fired one shot.

The motive of the attack is not known by the police, the victim being at a loss to explain why the two men had injured him. Enquiries were being conducted at a late hour last night to trace the two assailants.

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OPENS TO-MORROW
"KING KONG"

U.S. Invitation to Their Majesties

Formal Request to Visit America Said on Way

Paris, Oct. 17.

The King and Queen of England have been invited by President Franklin D. Roosevelt to visit the United States next summer at the close of Their Majesties' tour through Canada, states the Paris edition of the "New York Herald," which emphasizes that British official quarters decline to make any statement on the matter.

From Court circles, however, it is learned that the invitation has already been accepted and that preparations for the visit are being made accordingly.—Trans-Ocean.

Visit to Washington

London, Oct. 17.

After Their Majesties' trip through Canada next year, the King and Queen will pay a visit to Washington, according to reports current here. Details of the programme of the American visit are now being discussed by responsible quarters.

The formal invitation from President Roosevelt is on the way and will probably be delivered in Buckingham Palace by the American Ambassador in London, Mr. Joseph Kennedy, after the return of Their Majesties from Scotland.—Trans-Ocean.

White House not Informed

Washington, Oct. 17.

The White House and the State Department declared today that the Government had received no notification of the intention of King George and Queen Elizabeth to visit the United States next year affer their trip to Canada.—Havas.

King to Review U.S. Navy

London, Oct. 17.

The "Daily Herald" said today that King George, in his Throne speech on November 8, will announce his decision to make a State visit to the United States following his tour of Canada.

The State visit, the newspaper said, will include a three-day visit to New York and Washington, one of which he will spend on board the Presidential yacht or an American warship.

The King will also review the American navy, it was said, during his visit to Washington.—United Press.

IN view of their vital importance under present war exigencies, the network of railways linking Hunan province with French Indo-China are being rushed, says a report to the "Sin Wan Pao." The line runs from Hengyang, in Hunan province, passing the Tuhwangho (river), to Kweilin, Liuchow, Nanning and Lungchow, in Kwangsi province, to French Indo-China. The line converges at Henging upon the Canton-Hankow Railway. Construction work is being divided into various stages, that from Hengyang to Kweiling representing the first, that from Liuchow to Nanning the second, that from Nanning to Chenankwan the third.

Japanese Vessel Held In Vladivostok

Tokyo, Oct. 17.

The motorship Tsuruga Maru, missing since September 13 when she sailed from Tsuruga on her maiden voyage to Northern Korea, has been detained by Soviet authorities at Vladivostok, according to a message received by the Foreign Office on Saturday night.

The Tsuruga, carrying a 400-ton cargo, was bound from her home port on the Sea of Japan for the Korean port of Seishin. According to the report, she was washed ashore and held by Soviet authorities. Her crew of thirteen is said to be safe.—Domei.

Portugal Confident on Colonial Issue

Dr. de Oliveira Salazar Discounts Rumours

Lisbon, Oct. 16.

The Premier, Dr. A. de Oliveira Salazar, had a narrow escape from death today when his car collided with a speeding taxi. Dr. Salazar was not even injured. The taxi-driver was arrested, but the Premier ordered his release, merely cautioning him to be "more careful in the future."

"The idea that our colonies are coveted by someone else appears to me to be without sense," Dr. Salazar declared today.

Countering rumours that Germany's colonial claims might be met at the expense of the smaller countries, particularly Portugal, he asserted, "Britain, by our treaties of alliance, has engaged herself to defend them and no one can accuse France of nourishing such plans."

"Berlin declared its demands for colonies which bore only upon lands formerly German-governed.

"But let us leave this subject.... We will not admit any discussion of our sovereignty. Our possessions abroad were not taken at the expense of any other nation; we discovered them and they have always been ours."

Dr. Salazar concluded, "our alliance with Britain will be all the stronger when the rights and obligations for which it provides balance each other."—Havas.

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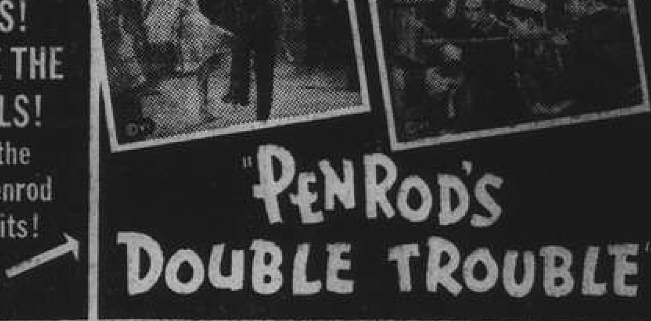
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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1938

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8 .....$ 30.00
U.S. $100 @ 15 1/16 .....$637.45

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8 1/16 .....$29.767
U.S. $100 @ 15 1/16 .....$627.45

London—demand	8 1/16
4 months' sight credits	8 3/32
4 months' sight docts	8 1/32
6 months' sight credits	8 1/8
6 months' sight docts	8 3/16
New York—demand .....U.S.	$15 13/16
4 months' sight credits	16 1/16
4 months' sight docts	16 3/16
Paris—4 months' sight docts	Fcs. nom.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ..... 8 U.S. $15¾
Hongkong/London 1/2⅞

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders	.....Buying	29¼
Java Guilders	..... „	29¼
Netherlands Guilders	.....Selling	28⅜
Java Guilders	..... „	28⅜

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100=$627.451 £1=$29.768
Selling U.S.$100=$637.45 £1=$30.00

Italian Bank For China

It. Lire 2.85=$1 Swiss Frs. 0.69=$1
Tourist Lire 3.15 .....$1

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 0.92½=$1 Belgas 27.90=£1

Other Quotations

Berlin-Hamburg T.T. $100=Rm. 39.00
$100=Reg. Mk. 38.00

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTERBANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest 8	Lowest 8
U.S. G.$	15¾	15¾
Yen	—	—

MERCHANTS CLOSING RATES

Cash		SELLING		BUYING October
*£	T.T	8	4 m/s. l.c.	8 1/16
G.$	T.T.	15 11/16	4 m/s. l.c.	15 13/16
Fcs.	T.T.	593	4 m/s.	618
Rs.	T.T.	44⅜	7 d/s.	45

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	19 9/16	19⅜
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	—	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	51.06	—

Bombay offtake 25 bars.
*Hongkong Bank only.

London silver was ⅛ down both ready and forward, being 19 9/16 for ready and 19⅜ forward. New York was unquoted and Bombay was 1 anna down at 51.06.

It was reported demand was small. There was a little general selling. Market ruled steady.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 8d. sterling and 15 11/16 U.S.$.

The Interbank market opened quietly steady with sellers and buyers for cash at 8d. sterling and 15¾ U.S.$. For sometime there was very little interest in the market but afternoon there was heavy buying for forward delivery and forward rates declined sharply though cash rates were unchanged.

At the close there were sellers and buyers at:—

8d. sterling	15¾	U.S.$	Cash
7 29/32 „	15 9/16	„	Oct.
7 29/32 „	15 7/16	„	Nov.

Manila Gold Shares

(Closing Bids in Pesos)

	Oct. 15	Oct. 17
Antamok	.36	.35
Atok	.32	.32
Benguet Consolidated	11.50	11.50
Coco Grove	.43	.43
Consolidated Mines	.003	.003
Demonstration	.27	.27
Mine Operations	.12	.12
San Mauricio	.77	.77
United Paracale	.36	.36

Turnover: 135,000 Pesos.
Shares Index: (closing prices) 88.28.—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

Official Averages

1938 High	Low		Today's Average	Change
143.16	103.30	General	127.84	—0.47
148.65	95.55	Rubbers	147.72	Unch.

Volume 26,344 shares, 230 bonds.

Morning Session

OFFICIAL

		CASH
$3,000	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 78.75
1,000	S'hai Loan	$ 5.20
1,600	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 16.40
150	S'hai Power (Pref)	$116.00
1,500	Int. Assurance	$ 3.50
1,500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 16.40
1,000	S'hai Land	$ 7.60
400	Anglo Java	$ 16.50
1,000	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 16.40
500	Kaiping	$ 24.50
200	Anglo Java	$ 16.50
4,500	Exploration	$ 6.20
1,000	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 16.40
600	Kaiping	$ 24.50
500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 16.40
300	S'hai Cotton	$ 90.00

Afternoon Session

OFFICIAL

$20,000	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 79.00
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 16.40
50	S'hai Power (Pref)	$116.00
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 16.30
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 16.30
18	S'hai Power (Pref)	$115.75
500	Kaiping	$ 24.25
500	S. W. W. 7% (Pref)	$ 13.00
200	Tebong	$ 0.95
2	S'hai Power (Pref)	$115.75
1,000	Chemor	$ 1.50
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 16.30
100	Tram (Regd.) £1	$ 33.00
2,000	Chemor	$ 1.50
2,000	Tebong	$ 0.97
1,000	Langkat	$ 10.00
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 16.20
15	S'hai Telephone	$ 54.00
9	S'hai Power (Pref)	$115.75
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 16.30
2,000	Kroewoek	$ 1.29

Raise World Commodity Prices

Washington, Oct. 16.

The proposal by Mr. Henry Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture, that a "two-price" system be established in the United States to supply low-income families with cheaper commodities without affecting the domestic price may renew emphasis on the United States' desire to raise world as well as domestic commodity prices, it was said today.

Economists pointed out that the "two-price" measure would be extremely salutary to the world market since it would reduce the carry-over surplus, although the presence of a two-price system usually tends to weaken higher prices.

The new proposal, it is said, is fundamentally directed toward increasing consumption, whereas other plans, notably the export subsidy systems, result in the displacement of one nation's products by another through "dumping" operations.

Some informed circles believe that the two-price plan—which is nothing more than a government subsidy to the consumer—will effectively counterbalance the effects of a wheat export subsidy in the world market.

It is pointed out that the new plan does not include wheat since wheat is an inelastic commodity and does not respond to price fluctuations. Regardless of the wheat price, the wheat bread consumption remains stable.

The proposal would apply to pork, cotton, butter, cheese, beef, fruits vegetables and other "class items" in the national diet.

Economists believe that Federal purchases of these items for resale will general reduce political opposition to the plan which would result in increased imports of some competitive commodities from South America.

Considerable opposition to the proposal is expected from retailers and conservative political factions. Mr. Robert Taft, Ohio's Senatorial candidate, has already attacked the two-price plan as an admission that the farm programme has failed.—United Press.

The Petroleum Industry

Survey of Sources of Supply and Demand; Outlook Can be Viewed with Satisfaction

In all directions, on land, at sea and in the air, there has been a steady growth in demand for oil products within recent years, and particularly since the closing months of 1933. While it has to be admitted that the rate of increase this year has been less than that of 1937 over 1936, there has nevertheless to date been a continuance of the upward trend in demand. Industrial activity, in which the oil industry must necessarily be affected, has slackened. On the other hand, this has been largely offset by the buying of oil products by the Governments of the world, for storage purposes against possible contingencies. Without ample supplies of oil products, no country could wage a war with any prospect of success. Moreover, oil is a consumers' industry and oil, once used, cannot be replaced, states "The Financial News."

Though the oil industry is subject to fluctuations, it has weathered the storms of industrial depression better than some other branches of industry. Moreover, the measures it has taken to balance supply and demand, more or less, have made its recovery more rapid than that of other industries. Within recent years there have been special factors leading to increased requirements. The development of the Diesel engine has played no small part in the higher demand, and this particular industry continues to expand. Again, the growth in the aviation business, both civil and military, has called for considerably larger quantities of high-grade petrol. The mechanization of armies is another factor which cannot be ignored, while the demands for shipping continue to be large.

Production Falls

Production of crude oil throughout the world in the current year has shown a small reduction compared with the record established in 1937. For the first six months of this year, world output amounted to approximately 970,513,562 barrels, according to an estimate of "World Petroleum," against 993,624,368 in the corresponding period of 1937, a reduction of 23,110,806 barrels, equal to 2.3 per cent. Some three-fourths of the total reduction was accounted for by the United States, where the total for the first six months of this year of 602,745,000 barrels compared with 620,166,000 barrels in the same period of 1937, a decrease of 17,421,000 barrels, equal to 2.8 per cent. Daily average output for the world this year to June 30 was 5,361,952 barrels, against 5,586,201 barrels in 1937.

Russia, in June, had the largest production of crude oil for any month this year, of 18,540,000 barrels, and the highest since July, 1937. It still retains second place, after the United States, and is followed by Venezuela. For the first six months of this year, Russian output amounted to 99,192,000 barrels and Venezuelan to 88,539,000 barrels. During August, September, October and November, 1937, Venezuelan output exceeded that of Russia. December saw the beginning of labour troubles in Venezuelan oilfields, and output, in consequence, showed a material reduction until the end of April. Mexico, whose Government expropriated foreign oil company properties last March, also suffered a sharp curtailment in production. In June, the output is estimated to have been about 1,590,000 barrels, against more than 4,000,000 barrels monthly before the expropriation. For the first six months Mexico's output probably amounted to slightly more than 13,000,000 barrels, while for the whole of 1937 it totalled 46,455,687 barrels. The most notable gains in June of this year against the corresponding month of 1937 were shown in countries where development work has been unusually intense, such as Iraq, whose production this year in June amounted to 2,653,879 barrels, against 2,344,213 barrels a year earlier; in Germany, where the respective figures were 329,525, against 249,434; in Austria, 30,780, against 18,410; and in Canada, 454,500, against 209,181 barrels. Other countries which showed a larger production in June this year than last include Iran, Netherlands Indies, Colombia, Argentina, Trinidad, Bahrein Islands, Brunei, Poland, Ecuador, British India and Sarawak.

Consumption Rises

During the first half of 1938, world oil consumption is estimated to show an increase over the corresponding period of 1937, according to an investigation by the Amsterdam "Telegraaf," based on export figures of the leading countries of production and the imports of some of the prominent consumer countries. In Europe alone, imports are estimated to have been more than 6 per cent. greater than in 1937 during the first half of the year. In regard to Great Britain, Board of Trade figures enable a comparison to be made of the first eight months of this year with the corresponding period of 1937. This shows that imports of all oils amounted to 2,225,157,000 gallons, compared with 2,111,187,000 gallons, an increase of slightly more than 5.4 per cent. Petrol imports alone were up by 11,256,000 gallons, or 1.2 per cent., at 972,075,000 gallons. Owing to the big subsidies given for the production of synthetic oils in Germany and the success which has attended this system, it might have been expected that oil imports into that country would decrease this year. On the contrary, the total shows an increase greater than that of Great Britain—and this despite the fact that large and costly factories for the production of synthetic petrol have been established. Petrol imported into Germany between January and June this year amounted to 582,518,000 kilogrammes, against 463,748,000 kilogrammes in the same months of last year. The rise was thus 25.6 per cent. Total imports of oil amounted to 2,118,314,000 kilogrammes, against 1,862,230,000 kilogrammes in the first half of 1937—an increase of 13.8 per cent. Dutch imports have shown a steeper rise than those of Great Britain and Germany. The total for the half-year rose to 814,137,000 kilogrammes, against 702,632,000 kilogrammes between January and June last year—a difference of 15.9 per cent.

Largest Producer

Since the United States is both the largest producer and also the largest consumer and exporter of crude oil and its products, her position is the governing factor in the world situation. Crude oil production in America has been kept well in hand, and this has allowed the price of mid-Continent crude to be maintained at $1.22 per barrel for oil of 36 degrees gravity since February, 1937. The leading purchasers have recently cut the price of East Texas crude by 10 cents, to a flat rate of $1.25 per barrel, thus removing the disparity which had previously existed in the prices of mid-Continent and East Texas crude. In view of the sound statistical position of crude oil stocks, it is not thought that the price structure in the mid-Continent is in any way endangered by the cuts in East Texas. According to the estimate requirements of the U.S.A. Bureau of Mines, there is at present underproduction of crude oil in America. In the week ended September 17, it is estimated by the American Petroleum Institute that the daily average crude oil production was 3,239,050 barrels, or 205,350 barrels below the Bureau's estimate. From the standpoint of production, the industry is still in a fairly good position, and withdrawals from stocks above ground are continuing. Moreover, total stocks today (approximately 284,919,000 barrels) represent about 82.7 days' supply, whereas crude oil in storage a year earlier was equal to some 89 days' requirements. Oil economists estimate that present crude oil stocks above ground represent a reasonable working level, and it is doubtful if many companies have surplus inventories. An absolute working minimum would be about 250,000,000 barrels. Moreover, the stock position is likely to be still further improved by the resumption of the five-day week in Texas.

U. S. Petrol Stocks

In regard to petrol, the American oil industry entered the heavy consuming season this year with record-breaking stocks. This was due to the fact that the growth in demand for fuel oil had necessitated the running of larger quantities of crude to stills, and in the manufacture of fuel oil there was an excess production of petrol. Definite progress has been made in reducing petrol stocks, largely because of curtailed allowable production of crude oil in leading producing States and in reflection of smaller runs of crude to stills. At their present level of 69,244,000 barrels, petrol stocks are equal to slightly more than forty-four days' supply, whereas those held a year earlier represented about forty-three days' requirements. Domestic demand for petrol in the United States in the first six months of this year was at a new high record, showing an increase of one-half of one per cent. over that for the first half of 1937. American crude oil exports are mounting steadily, and will probably reach a record level this year. In the first seven months 47,000,000 barrels were exported, an advance of 36 per cent. on the previous year. Petrol exports over that period totalled 28,000,000 barrels, an increase of 39 per cent.

Berlin Bourse Report

Berlin, Oct. 16.

The liquidity of the money market has not yet decreased in any marked degree through the flotation of the new Reichs consolidation loan because reserves had already been accumulated last month in anticipation of these demands. It is however expected that the demands that will be made on the money market in the near future will be very considerable, particularly in connection with the reorganization of economic life in Sudetenland. A certain strengthening of the liquidity is however expected when the first delivery bills mature in the third week of October.

The issue of the new loan has not resulted in an decrease of prices on the share market since realization sales for the purpose of raising funds already took place weeks ago. The general relaxation of political tension has had a very steadying effect on the share market.

The fixed interest securities market remained quiet with only small price variations. Those seeking new investments naturally turn to the new reichs loan the terms of which are exceedingly favourable. Bank shares were in active demand as it was believed that the profits on last year's trading would be greater than in the preceding year. Dividends will therefore not be smaller and in certain cases almost certainly higher.

The following are the quotations of some leading German shares on October 10 and 15 respectively:

Reichsbank	186.25	187.625
German Dye Trust	152.125	151.875
Saldetfurth Potash	148.25	—
United Steel Works	104.50	105.25
Mannesmann Pipes	110.75	110.375
Harpener Mining	152.00	151.00
German Mineral Oils	130.50	130.75
Continental Rubber	209.25	—
Siemens & Halske	202.00	200.00
General Electrics AEG	120.25	120.50
Rhenish-Westphalian Power	121.50	122.00
Hamburg America Line	72.00	71.00
North German Lloyd	—	74.00
Bemberg Rayon	138.50	137.00
Deutsche Bank	117.25	117.25
Deutsch-Asiatische Bank	566.00	541.00
Young Loan	102.25	102.375

—Trans-Ocean.

Britain's Changing Industry

Big Changes have taken place in recent years But few have appreciated their significance

In the last seven years, there have been tremendous changes in British industry. Nearly everyone, in private business or the professions, has seen some small part of them. But relatively few people have appreciated their significance as a whole. In this period, British has changed from a country with a predominantly free trade system to a country with an advanced protectionist system. The old gold standard has been swept away, and a managed currency substituted for it. In almost every industry there has been a marked tendency towards monopoly. The State has intervened in industry to an unparalleled extent. A host of price-fixing associations has sprung up, ranging from partial and informal gentlemen's agreements to full-blooded cartels of the old continental style. British industry, which had in the 'twenties been based upon the export trade and free competition has now turned towards a protected home market, exploited by monopolies of various ranks of firmness. This has indeed been a spectacular change, and it deserves closer investigation states "The Financial News."

The publication by the London and Cambridge Economic Service of a special memorandum entitled "Output, Employment and Wages in the United Kingdom, 1924, 1930 and 1935," by G. L. Schwartz and E. C. Rhodes, provides the essential raw material for such an analysis. The memorandum is, in effect, a summary of the censuses of production of those years, presented in a form in which their meaning can be more easily understood. The authors do not draw conclusions. But they present facts, and the conclusion follow from them. The years 1924, 1930 and 1935 are reasonably comparable—1924 was the year before the return to the gold standard and the deflationary drive which followed, and it was a fairly prosperous year; 1930 and 1935 were both years of part-depression and part-prosperity; in the last two years, unemployment was 15-16 per cent., and in 1924 it was somewhat lower. I think we can say quite fairly that the three years are years of more or less equal business activity, in which the natural resources were being used to much the same extent. This is an important point, incidentally, for one could get spectacular but wholly erroneous results—as the German publicists do—by comparing years of boom with those of slump.

Big Strides in 1930-35

We thus have two periods—1924-30, period of gold standard, deflation and free trade, and 1930-35, period of managed currency, inflation, and protection. The first point to be made is that in the second period there was a spectacular increase of production in the factory trades. The expression "factory trades" means precisely what it says; it excludes building, mining, quarrying, public utilities. In the 1924-30 period, the volume of output increased by only five per cent., and the value of the net product—the value added to raw materials in the factories—actually fell by 1 per cent. But in the 1930-35 period, the volume of output increased by 22½ per cent. and the value of net output increased by eight per cent. In other words, whereas in the earlier gold standard-free trade-deflation period output increased very little more than the rate of population, in the later period there was a real and rapid advance. Under the new regime, industry went ahead fast. No more was it ossified by the monetary and economic background. The pace of advance was enough, indeed, to give an increase of 29 per cent. in physical output between 1924 and 1935, and to produce a seven per cent. increase in the value of net output.

No Increase in Labour

The first surprising point is, however, that this increase was attained without any appreciable increase in the amount of labour required. In 1924, the total number of factory workers was 4,857,000. In 1930, the total was 4,876,000. In 1935 it was no more than 5,018,000. It is perhaps worth while to point out that this is less than one-quarter of the occupied population—three men and women out of every four are builders, road-makers, miners, farm workers, transport workers, shop assistants, cinema attendants, waiters, domestic servants, typists, or unemployed. However, this figure shows that whereas between 1924 and 1935 physical output increased by 29 per cent., in the same period the number of workers in industry increased by only 3.3 per cent. The true fact is even more spectacular than this, for the number of operative workers has hardly increased at all. In this eleven-year period there was a 28 per cent. increase in the number of technical, administrative and clerical workers—the result of technical progress, of the creation of large-scale units, and of more scientific means of production—while the number of operative workers remained about the same. Thus, the output per operative, which had increased by seven per cent. between 1924 and 1930, increased by a further 20 per cent. in the next five years, making an increase in output per head of 29 per cent. during the entire eleven-year period. In eleven years, therefore, productivity increased by two-sevenths. Five men can now do an industrial job which required seven men in the middle of the 'twenties.

Industrial Revolution

This is something like an industrial revolution. It represents an annual increase in productivity of about 2.3 per cent. Such an annual rate of development will challenge comparison with anything in our history. From 1865 to the turn of the century, the average annual rate of advance was of the order of 1.3 per cent., according to the computations of Mr. Colin Clark, and in the first decade of this century the rate fell to one-half of that pace. It seemed, indeed, that there was some grim law which caused the rate of increase of productivity to fall. But the war put an end to that. Despite drastic reductions in hours, the rate of productivity had by 1924 returned to the 1913 level, and since then, as these figures show, it has gone ahead powerfully. It is true, of course, that this only applies to the factory trades. The three-quarters of the workers who do not find employment in factories have not increased their productivity nearly as rapidly. But that fact—together with the fact that an increasing proportion of the workers are doing non-factory jobs—does not conceal the basic fact of vastly improved industrial technique.

How has this increased in productivity been attained? There must evidently be a variety of causes. One is an increase in the number of working hours. In 1924, there was a good deal of short-time and under-employment. In 1935, over-time was being worked in some industries. Thus, there is evidence in this memorandum that since 1924 the number of weekly hours has increased by at least two throughout all factory industry. This does not mean, of course, that "official" hours were changed. In that respect, indeed, there has been little movement, one way or the other. But whereas in 1924, the workers in work tended to be under-employed in 1935 they tended to be over-employed. The difference between the two conditions works out at two hours a week—an adjustment which brings down the hourly productivity increase to between 20 and 25 per cent. This bona-fide increase has been secured almost entirely by technical advances, by improved internal administration—I am inclined to attribute much of the advance to that—and by a change-over from industries with low output per head to those with a high output.

How Industries Have Fared

How have different industries fared? For many industries, insufficient data are available to enable us to take a measured view of changes in productivity. Assumptions which are sufficiently accurate for the calculation of a weighted total of industry as a whole are not necessarily valid for individual trades. Of the 108 industries classified in the census of production, some 43 provide enough particulars of their output to enable an exact view of productivity to be taken. There are a few in a second group for which we can get a fair idea of industry's productivity. Even the 43 for which full particulars are known cover nearly 40 per cent. of the factory trades. Now, in the 1924-30 period, roughly two out of three of these industries increased their output per head—or their productivity, whichever term is preferred. But in 1930-35, all but five of these industries increased their productivity. Most of them, of course, increased their output perhead by more than they had done in 1924-30. The following table shows the appropriate figures for a number of the most important industries:—

Industry	Employment Number 1935 ('000)	Change 1924-30 (%)	Change 1930-35 (%)	Productivity Change 1924-30 (%)	Change 1930-35 (%)
Steel smelting and rolling	123	—15.0	— 0.8	—11.4	+25.3
Wrought iron and steel tubes	24	— 9.5	—13.9	+ 3.0	+32.1
Motor and cycle	226	+23.6	+ 9.0	*	+43.3
Cotton spinning	176	—24.6	— 4.4	— 1.0	+19.2
Cotton weaving	159	—28.7	—16.7	—15.4	+23.1
Woollen and worsted	227	—16.5	+ 4.7	— 9.1	+32.5
Silk and rayon	76	+47.5	+38.5	*	+96.0
Hosiery	105	+ 8.8	+ 9.3	—18.5	+26.5
Boot and shoe	107	— 7.0	— 5.0	+ 8.5	+21.5
Brewing and malting	44	— 6.1	—12.2	— 2.0	— 2.7
Tobacco	35	+10.5	— 6.1	+17.1	+ 8.0
Paper	55	+ 3.8	+10.0	+11.8	+23.5
Brick and fireclay	86	+ 7.2	+24.1	—	+15.5
Total factory trades	4,363	— 1.4	+ 1.8	+ 7	+20

*No adequate figures available.

The most significant conclusion which can be drawn from this table is that increases of productivity in the second period have been remarkably wide-spread. Even the textile industry has shown a great increase in efficiency—cotton spinning and weaving and textile finishing and wool and worsted have all done very well indeed. It was expected that the steel industry would make a good showing, and the motor trade has evidently had a rapid reduction of real cost of production. But it is certainly surprising that so uniform an advance should have been shown. Clearly this result has not been attained by a few dramatic inventions. Part of it is caused by mechanization, part by the transfer from steam to electric drive—the consumption of electricity by the factory trades increased by 40 per cent. in the five-year period—and part by the improvement of organization resulting from the growth of large-scale units.

There is no evidence whatever that this growth of productivity has reached its peak. Indeed, when the new factories which have been built in the last three years—factories like the new Ebbw Vale steel and tinplate plant, and the hundreds of new plant extensions up and down the country—reach full production and appear in full in the production statistics, then we shall probably see another big increase in dustrial productivity. It is by no means impossible that the output per operative in 1940 will be as much higher than that of 1935 as the output per operative in 1935 was higher than in 1930. It is perhaps significant to point out that the expanding industries are those of which the productivity is increasing fastest. The opportunity for further electrification is very great, and the opportunity for reducing real cost by concentration of output upon most efficient plants is considerable. A further rapid advance of productivity is more than possible.

Non-Factory Trades

All this is definitely encouraging for the future. It means, on the face of it, that there is no obstacle to a further very considerable increase in the standard of life. It means equally that the nation will be able to afford an intensification of the rearmament programme without any great reduction in the standard of life. But this is not quite the whole of the truth. We have seen that the factory worker represents only one-quarter of the occupied population. Thus, if industrial productivity rises by 2.3 per cent. per annum, the national income will rise by only 0.6 per cent. per annum, unless there is an increase of productivity in the other departments of the national life. In the non-factory trades, according to this memorandum, there is apparently some similar increase of productivity in progress. But something like two-thirds of the working population are not employed in industry at all. It is highly necessary, therefore, that there should be an increase in productivity in agriculture, transport, distribution, building, and services. The industrial system of this country is expanding fast, and is turning out masses of goods in an increasingly economic way. But the benefit to the community as a whole will be lost unless there is a comparable increase of productivity in the non-industrial part of the national life. The Government, indeed, might well turn its attention away from industry, and direct it towards those sections of the national economy in which there is still great scope for an increase in efficiency.

Half-yearly Report Of I. T. and T.

Consolidated Net Income Shows Increase Over the Previous Six Months

A statement of consolidated income account of International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation and subsidiaries for the six months ended June 30, 1938 compared with the six months ended June 30, 1937.

Consolidated net income as set forth in such statement amounted to $4,379,757 for the six months ended June 30, 1938 as compared with $4,285,854 for the six months ended June 30, 1937.

Gross earnings including gross profit on sales amounted to $32,792,649 for the six months ended June 30, 1938 as compared with $30,071,973 for the corresponding period in 1937. However, taxes increased $1,024,199 and foreign currency variations caused a charge to the income account for 1938 of a net exchange loss of $895,241 as compared with a net exchange profit of $385,516 for the same period in 1937. These exchange items result mainly from the translation of net current assets of foreign subsidiaries from foreign currencies into terms of U.S. dollars. Other items of expense and interest charges showed a net increase of $321,817.

4 per cent. Debentures

During June, 1938, International Standard Electric Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary which controls the majority of the manufacturing and sales subsidiaries, authorized and sold an issue of Fifteen Years 4 per cent. Debentures (to be retired by fifteen equal annual lots) payable in Swiss francs and Dutch guilders in the aggregate principal amount equivalent to approximately $15,000,000. The Swiss issue is in the principal amount of Swiss francs 36,000,000, the principal and interest being payable in Swiss francs or, at the option of the holder, either in Dutch guilders at a fixed rate of exchange or in Swiss francs equivalent to the amount of such Dutch guilders. The Dutch issue is in the principal amount of Dutch guilders 12,300,000, the principal and interest being payable in Dutch guilders.

Out of the proceeds of the issue, International Standard Electric Corporation purchased from the International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation its controlling interest in Compagnie des Téléphones Thomson-Houston, Paris, France, and Creed and Company, Limited, Croydon, England, and its minority interest in L. M. Ericsson Telephone Company, Limited, Stockholm, Sweden. These investments were sold for an amount of $12,963,000 from which the amount of $3,963,000 owing on current account as of December 31, 1937 by the International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation was deducted and the balance of $9,000,000 was received in cash.

During July, 1938 the Corporation sold in London an amount of £400,000 per value of its holding of £1,785,000 of 5½ per cent. Preference stock of the United River Plate Telephone Company, Limited and during August, 1938 sold in Buenos Aires, an amount of Argentine pesos 2,275,000 principal amount of its holdings of Argentine pesos 5,000,000 of Twenty-Five Year Floating Charge Debenture Bonds of the United River Plate Telephone Company, Limited.

Extension of Loans

On June 30, 1938 the Corporation entered into an agreement with certain New York banks providing that, subject to the Corporation having on or before December 15, 1938, funds which, when added to the amounts to be loaned as provided in the agreement, will be sufficient to provide for the purchase or retirement of the 4½ per cent. Convertible Debentures due January 1, 1939, the banks will agree (a) to extend their existing loans to the Corporation, in the amount of approximately $9,269,000, for a period of five years from January 1, 1939, at 5 per cent. interest, with provision for annual sinking fund commencing October 1, 1939, based on earnings, and (b) to lend to the Corporation on similar terms such additional amount, not in excess of approximately $3,309,000, as the Corporation may require to complete arrangements for the payment of the Debentures due January 1, 1939.

At September 14, 1938 the balance of cash set aside (not held in trust) for the acquisition or retirement of the 4½ per cent. Convertible Debentures due on January 1, 1939 amounted to $18,533,161 and the amount of such Debentures outstanding in the hands of the public had been reduced to $30,892,800 from the amount of $37,511,100 outstanding on January 1, 1938.

Capital Stock

The number of shares of capital stock outstanding at June 30, 1938, remained the same as at December 31, 1937, namely, 6,399,002 shares.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED

(Established 1880)

CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y.100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y.137,150,000

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S. ASADA, *Manager*

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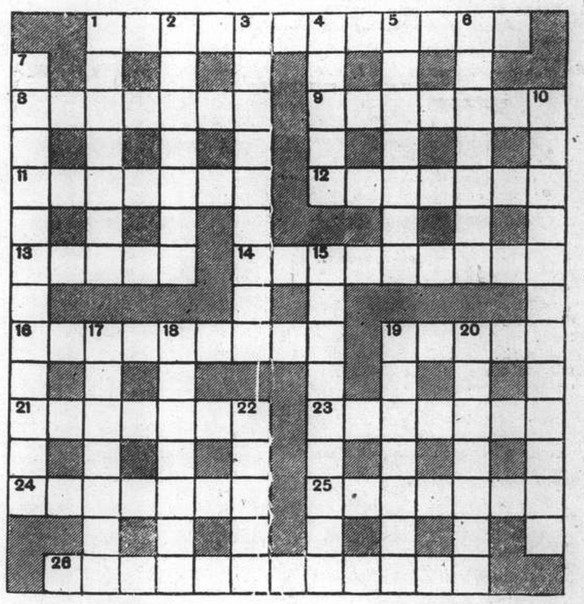
TELEPHONE 13150—45 KIUKIANG ROAD

LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1643

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



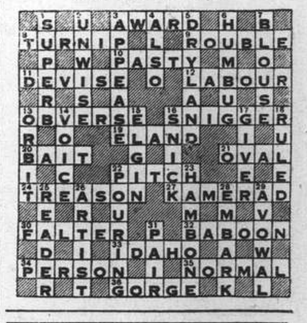
ACROSS

1 It is meant to carry secrets to the gods (two words)
8 It's mostly rubbish, but it catches the eye
9 A disagreement was the end of this old rascal
11 This old ruler was an artist at heart
12 Appropriate after dinner advice is a help
13 Pigment
14 A coarsener of form in rarer form
16 Rock cakes thus cooked might deserve the name
19 It should support the boss
21 Ape
23 Uneasy, but equipped finally to resist
24 Dainty provision for its head
25 The kind of act Parliament would not approve
26 The King's Prize winner at Bisley? (two words)

DOWN

1 Little more than half this vegetable is necessary to go round
2 Set in motion
3 For this defence spades are better than clubs
4 Dope
5 Product of piplets
6 An abridgement comes finally to me
7 A student of 11 across and his doings
10 Strung up to concert pitch? (four words)
15 Part of the body, in the finish, is very likeable
17 May be a grave remark
18 Bluff that ends in trouble
19 This vegetable is all heart
20 He was the product of a grim era
22 Resinous part of enamel emission

SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1642



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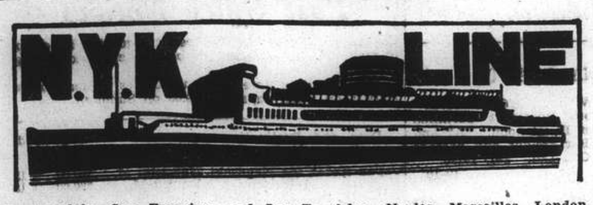

To Honolulu, San Francisco and Los Angeles, via Yokohama

From Kobe
CHICHIBU MARU ..... Oct. 22
ASAMA MARU ..... Oct. 31
TATUTA MARU ..... Nov. 12

To New York, Boston, Philadelphia via Hongkong, Japan Ports, Los Angeles and Panama.

From Shanghai
NARUTO MARU ..... Oct. 26

To Vancouver and Seattle

From Kobe
HIKAWA MARU ..... Oct. 24

To Australian Ports via Manila

From Hongkong
KAMO MARU ..... Nov. 26

To Aden, Naples, Marseilles, London, Antwerp and Rotterdam via Straits and Colombo (*Calls at Hamburg)

HAKONE MARU ..... Nov. 2
HUSIMI MARU ..... Nov. 15
HAKOZAKI MARU ..... Nov. 29
SUWA MARU ..... Dec. 13

To Kobe, Yokohama

†TAIYO MARU ..... Oct. 18
HAKOZAKI MARU ..... Oct. 25
SUWA MARU ..... Nov. 9
TERUKUNI MARU ..... Nov. 19
HAKUSAN MARU ..... Dec. 6
(†Calling at Kobe only)

To Nagasaki (Rapid Express Service)

NAGASAKI MARU ..... Oct. 18
SHANGHAI MARU ..... Oct. 21
NAGASAKI MARU ..... Oct. 23
SHANGHAI MARU ..... Oct. 26

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PASSAGE FARES
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Class	Single	Return
A	£88	£154
B	£68	£119
C	£64	£112

Sailings to EUROPE and UNITED KINGDOM Ports

C	CYCLOPS	Oct. 18	Havre, Liverpool and Bromborough
C*	MEMNON	Oct. 29	M'lles, London, R'dam, H'burg, and Glasgow
A†	ANTENOR	Nov. 12	M'lles, London, R'dam and Glasgow
C	PROTESILAUS	Nov. 18	Havre, Liverpool and Bromborough
B*	AJAX	Nov. 26	M'lles, London, R'dam, H'burg, and Glasgow

*calls at Casablanca † via Aden ø via Saigon

A monthly service is also maintained from Hongkong and Japan to Pacific Coast

Vessels due and Sailings to Japan, North China, etc.

		From	Due	Sails	For
C	TALTHYBIUS	Pacific Coast	Oct. 18	Oct. 20	Hongkong
C	ADRASTUS	New York	Oct. 19	Oct. 20	Hongkong
C	AGAPENOR	Liverpool	Oct. 25	Oct. 26	North China
B	AJAX	Liverpool	Oct. 28	Oct. 29	Tsingtao and Japan ports
B	TYNDAREUS	Pacific Coast	Nov. 1	Nov. 4	Hongkong
B	DIOMED	Liverpool	Nov. 4	Nov. 5	Japan Ports
A	HECTOR	Liverpool	Nov. 9	Nov. 10	Japan Ports
C	PYRRHUS	Liverpool	Nov. 21	Nov. 22	Chinwangtao, Taku Bar & Dairen

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(Australian Newspapers on File).

Steamers	Leaves Hongkong	Leaves Manila	Due Sydney
"CHANGTE"	Oct. 13	Oct. 16	Nov. 1
"TAIPING"	Nov. 14	Nov. 16	Dec. 1
"CHANGTE"	Dec. 13	Dec. 16	Jan. 1
"TAIPING"	Jan. 13	Jan. 16	Feb. 1

AGENTS:

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D. K. K.

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	Arrival.	Departure.
SS. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 16	Oct. 18 at 9 a.m.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 18	Oct. 20 at 9 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 21	Oct. 23 at 9 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 24	Oct. 26 at 9 a.m.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 27	Oct. 29 at 9 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 30	Nov. 1 at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-LINE
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SS. KAKKU MARU	Oct. 18
SS. KOGA MARU	Oct. 19
SS. HAKUSHIN MARU	Oct. 20

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MS. AFRIKA .. .. Nov. 30

Homewards
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The vessels have accommodation for a limited number of passengers

Fare Shanghai/Rotterdam/Hamburg £65

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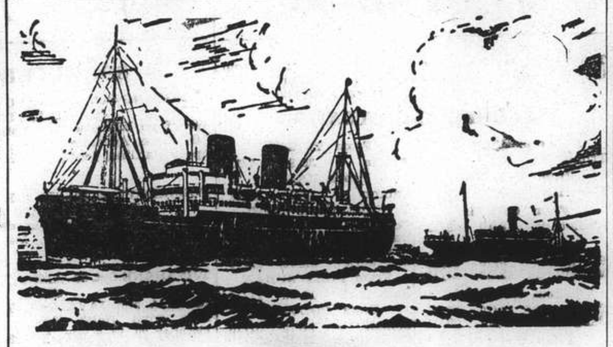

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Via Hongkong, Straits and Ceylon

	From Shanghai	Tonnage
Oct.	25 †RANCHI	17,000
Nov.	1 *BURDWAN	6,100
	8 RANPURA	17,000
	22 †RAWALPINDI	17,000
	29 *SOMALI	7,000

	From Shanghai	Tonnage
Dec.	6 CANTON	15,500
	20 CORFU	15,000
	27 *BANGALORE	6,100

†Omits Bombay

*Cargo only; calling at Casablanca, Havre, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

To CALCUTTA via PORTS

	Leave Shanghai For Japan	Leave Hongkong
SIRDHANA		Oct. 22
SHIRALA		Nov. 5

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Visit Australia and New Zealand for a healthy and cheap holiday. Your money is worth 25% more. Variations of climate to suit all with surfing and shooting second to none.

Steamers	Commanders	Lv. Shanghai via Japan	Leaves Hongkong	Arrives Sydney
NELLORE	H. C. Stratford		Nov. 4	Nov. 23
TANDA	E. Pilcher	Nov. 8	Dec. 2	Dec. 21
NANKIN	T. J. Mills	Dec. 9	Dec. 31	Jan. 19

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SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave	Arrive Kobe	STEAMERS	Leave Kobe	SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave for Marseilles
Oct. 15	Oct. 17	Oct. 19	ATHOS II	Oct. 22	Oct. 24	Oct. 25
Oct. 28	Oct 31	Nov. 2	Felix Roussel	Nov. 5	Nov. 7	Nov. 8
Nov. 11	Nov. 14	Nov. 16	Pres. Doumer	Nov. 19	Nov. 21	Nov. 22
Nov. 25	Nov. 28	Nov. 30	Aramis	Dec. 3	Dec. 5	Dec. 6
Dec. 9	Dec. 12	Dec. 14	Marc. Joffre	Dec. 17	Dec. 19	Dec. 20

FREIGHT SERVICE
YALOU ..... will arrive at Shanghai about Nov. 11

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE

Far Eastern Mail / Passenger and Freight Service

Sailings from Shanghai to Europe:

ss. OLDENBURG	Oct. 27	Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg
ss. NEUMARK	Nov. 1	Marseilles, A'werp, R'dam, H'burg

Outward vessels latest movements:

		Due Shanghai	
mv. RAMSES	Left Manila	Oct. 15	Oct. 21
ev. VOGTLAND	Left Penang	Oct. 16	Nov. 3
mv. KULMERLAND	Left Genoa	Oct. 11	Nov. 17

Through-tickets Far East/America/Europe issued
Subject to Alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight apply to

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O.S.K.

SHANGHAI SAILING

For Formosa (Keelung and Takao)
HONGKONG MARU .... Oct. 22
FUKKEN MARU ..... Oct. 27

HONGKONG SAILING

For South America via Africa
SANTOS MARU ..... Oct. 19
RIO de JANEIRO MARU Nov. 14

For Africa
ARIZONA MARU ..... Nov. 2
ARABIA MARU ..... Dec. 5

For Calcutta
*HAGUE MARU ..... Nov. 2

KOBE SAILING

For New York via Panama Canal
*KYUSYU MARU ..... Nov. 15
*KANSAI MARU ..... Dec. 24

For European Ports via New York
*HOKKAI MARU ..... Oct. 30
*TOKAI MARU ..... Dec. 2

For Australia
*MELBOURNE MARU ... Oct. 31
LONDON MARU ..... Nov. 30

For New Zealand via Australia
LONDON MARU ..... Nov. 30

For West Africa
*SYUNKO MARU ..... Dec. 6

*Cargo only

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(OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA)
20 Canton Road Telephone 15324

LLOYD TRIESTINO

ss. CONTE BIANCAMANO

is due to arrive at Shanghai on October 18, at about 8 a.m., berthing at the Shanghai-Hongkew Wharf.

Tender meeting incoming passengers will leave the Customs Jetty at 7.30 a.m. returning at about 11 a.m.

Visitors are admitted only if in possession of special admission cards issued by this office.

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26 The Bund
Telephone: 16885 SHANGHAI Telg. Add. LLOYDIANO

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Will leave Shanghai for above ports
On Tuesday, October 25, 1938

Passenger tender leaves Customs Jetty
Hand Packages only will be accepted by the tender.
Heavy Baggage will be received into Lighter at the Customs Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. Monday, October 24th

Customs Permit required for any nailed cases
All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviations with or without notice.

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HAMILTON HOUSE TELEPHONE 11330

MS. "MARCHEN MAERSK"

Loading October 30 up to November 1

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INWARDS: Due at Shanghai

"GLENBEG" October 30
Sails November 1 for Taku Bar and Dairen

HOMEWARDS: Due to sail from Shanghai

"GLENOGLE" October 22
Casablanca, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Antwerp via Hongkong and Straits

Loading dates approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Passenger and Loading Agents
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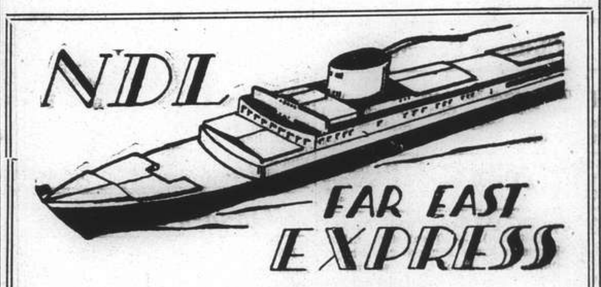
Discharging Agents
Telephone 82020



ss. POTSDAM

will sail for

Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen and (Hamburg)
via
Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Penang, Belawan, Colombo, Port Said

on Tuesday, October 18, at 3 p.m.

from the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Broadway.

EMBARKATION: on Tuesday, October 18, by tender "SCOT I" at 1.30 p.m. from the Customs Jetty.

No visitors will be permitted on the embarkation tender.

No heavy baggage will be accepted on the tender.

Passengers are notified that they may embark directly at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Broadway on Tuesday, October 18, between 12 noon and 2 p.m.

For Passage and Freight apply to

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CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP LINES

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1 p.m. Tuesday, October 18

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TENDER SERVICE

From Customs Jetty		From Ship
8.00 a.m.	Tuesday, Oct. 18	9.00 a.m.
11.30 a.m. (Last Tender)	" "	1.00 p.m.

Due to limited tender facilities the Company regrets no visitors will be permitted on board the tenders.

Steamer	S'hai Leave	N'saki Leave	Kobe Leave	Y'hama Leave	H'lulu Leave	Vancouver Arrive
Empress of Russia	Oct. 29	Oct. 31	Nov. 2	Nov. 5	—	Nov. 14
Empress of Japan	Nov. 13	—	Nov. 16	Nov. 18	Nov. 24	Nov. 29
Empress of Asia	Nov. 27	Nov. 29	Dec. 1	Dec. 3	—	Dec. 12
Empress of Canada	Dec. 11	—	Dec. 14	Dec. 16	Dec. 23	Dec. 28

SOUTHBOUND SAILINGS

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Hongkong	Arrive Manila
Empress of Russia	Oct. 18	Oct. 20	Oct. 22
Empress of Japan	Nov. 1	Nov. 3	Nov. 5

Bookings for 1939 are now open
Make applications early to secure accommodation desired

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ms. TEGELBERG (From Hongkong) **November 5, 1938**
ms. RUYS (From Hongkong) **December 9, 1938**

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WILL SAIL FROM

Shanghai on October 23

FOR SAN FRANCISCO AND LOS ANGELES VIA JAPAN PORTS AND HONOLULU

For Freight and Passenger accommodations apply:

DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES, INC. LTD.
51 Canton Road Telephone 15309

Positions Vacant

WANTED Chinese or Eurasian steno-typist, must speak perfect English. Address Box 2286, NCDN. 11875

LARGE British firm requires capable British stenographer, preferably around 30. State age, experience and salary, to Box 2287, NCDN. 11876

WANTED salesman and saleslady. Salary and commission. Josepho Studio, 61 Nanking Road (1st floor). 11873

RADIO salesman required by responsible foreign firm. Excellent prospects for right man. Address Box 2292, NCDN. 11881

BRITISH School of Accountancy. Correspondence Tuition in all Commercial subjects. Coaching for degree examinations a speciality. Easy courses for beginners in Bookkeeping, Business Methods, English, etc. 264 Kiangse Road. Telephone 14967. Principal, J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant). -4155

FARMER'S Commercial College. Day and Evening Classes in Shorthand, Typewriting, Business Correspondence and Bookkeeping. 264 Kiangse Road. Telephone 14967. -4155

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of four dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.65.

LADY journalist-secretary-stenographer. Efficient. Rapid. Dependable. Permanent/temporary, after office. Box 1673, NCDN. Telephone 38197, 8 p.m. Room 8. -4233

STENOGRAPHER, well-educated, hard-worker, good references. Moderate salary. Address Box 2289, NCDN. 11878

ENGLISH lady-steno-typist seeks immediately work from travellers or residents, after 5.30 daily, also Saturdays, Sundays full day, at home or outside. Address Box 2291, NCDN. -4243

ACCOUNTANT/manager, Chinese, La Salle University graduate, twenty years import/export/bank/factory experience, seeks position any capacity. Outport unobjective. 36/179 Route Alfred Magy. -4217

CAPABLE middle-aged Japanese, perfect English, good references and connections, seeks position. Address Box 2279, NCDN. -4221

JAPANESE speaking perfect English, experienced in machinery, seeks position. Address Box 2278, NCDN. -4220

TYPEWRITING work undertaken by certificated first-class typist, thoroughly experienced. Reply anytime, Thomas, 833 Weihaiwei Road. -4206

EXPERIENCED Chinese secretary, steno-typist, speaking, writing English and French fluently, seeks position with responsible foreign firm. Offers one week free work on approval. Requires decent salary. Replies to Box 2282, NCDN. -4226

FULLY-QUALIFIED lady dentist, A1 references, seeks employment as assistant to a dentist, or as partner. Address Box 2281, NCDN. -4224

AVAILABLE, experienced, returned Chinese, German translator/tutor, perfect knowledge of German. Salary moderate. Box 2284, NCDN. -4235

AUSTRIAN engineer-mechanic requires immediate employment. Salary no object. Good knowledge of English. Address Box 2253, NCDN. -4171

CHINESE, long experience in hand-made Chinese lace, embroideries, linen, cotton, silk goods generally and fancy arts. Capable taking charge department, salary $150. Box 2196, NCDN. -4078

EXPERIENCED stenographer-typist (English lady) requires position. Telephone 22907 or Box 2216, NCDN. -4112

STENOTYPIST, owns typewriter, executes work accurately, typing in French also taken. Telephone 71530 from 12-2. -3624

EXPERIENCED foreign lady willing to take charge of boarding house. Address Box 2243, NCDN. -4153

YOUNG European lady with knowledge of English, typing, seeks immediate employment. Will take position as shop assistant, doctor's secretary, or any similar occupation. Please reply Box 2265, NCDN. -4194

NURSE seeks position, very experienced, good references. Can take full charge of child. Russian, quiet, single widow. Address League Russian Women, Telephone 75362, 9-12. -4129

YOUNG Chinese lady, experienced in accountancy and general office routine. Address Box 2237, NCDN. -4070

ACCOUNTANT, foreigner, experienced in import, export, shipping business and auditing, seeks any position or part time job. Moderate salary, A1 testimonials. Box 1733, NCDN. -3929

Personal

MISS Tania also wishes to inform her clients that she is now working at Marie-Antoinette Beauty Parlour, 257 Cardinal Mercier (Grosvenor Gardens) Telephone 77039, and hopes that they will continue their kind patronage as in the past. -4148

HOPELESS. Despairing. You are invited to the Second Advent Meeting, at The Hut, 495 Yu Yuen Road, 8.15 to-night. Come and hear about "The Blessed Hope" set before the redeemed of the Lord, of whom you may be one, through the exercise of faith in His Blood. -4227

SINGLE, attractive, independent, young European lady, different from the Shanghai outdoor type, wishes to meet a gentleman for friendship. Box 2268, NCDN. -4200

Business Opportunities

FOREIGNERS, good connections, undertake any difficult business, transaction shipping or properties. Address Box 2226, NCDN. -4136

FOR RENT. On Avenue Joffre, two beautifully appointed rooms, large and with parquet flooring. Most suitable for high-class dine-and-dance club. Details to reliable applicants and inspection by appointment. Box 2160, NCDN. 11804

Lost

MY identity card was stolen on October 14. Same declared null and void. Han Hsiang Kai, Customs Revenue Guard No. 94. -4207

NOTICE is hereby given that a Delivery Order covering 12 casks Asphalt and 2 cases Jute marked CAC, 101 in triangle B/L. No. 33/2 ex ss. Eurypylus arrived 20/7/37 is lost. The Blue Funnel Line have been duly notified of the loss and the said Delivery Order is hereby declared null and void. China Foreign Trade Corporation. 9 The Bund. 11866

Educational

CHINESE lessons, by experienced Chinese lady, speaking English, French, $15 per month. Twice weekly. Telephone 77190. -4242

AMERICAN lady desires Mandarin lessons with experienced Chinese lady-teacher. Reply stating fee to Box 2275, NCDN. -4213

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Shorthand, Typewriting, English, Bookkeeping, Office Routine. Typewriters hired. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 11626

RUSSIAN lessons by experienced Russian lady-teacher. Reasonable fees. Address Box 2062, NCDN. -3823

ENGLISH lady requires German lessons. Reply to Box 2255, NCDN. -4179

SINGING, Piano, by Mrs. F. Kann, graduated Petrograd Conservatory. 150 Route des Soeurs, Apartment 6, Telephone 73632. -4017

ENGLISH lady gives conversation lessons to pupils of any nationality. Fees moderate Box 1262, NCDN -3635

COMPLETE Commercial Course, Shorthand (Gregg or Pitman), Typewriting, Bookkeeping, English, Coding, Filing. Individual tuition. Rules patiently, carefully, and clearly explained. Day and evening classes. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney, Steno-typist Academy, 173 Seymour Road, Apartment 301. -3626

Mortgages and Loans

ENGLISHMAN, temporarily embarrassed, requires $500 urgently. Willing to pay reasonable interest. Address Box 2274, NCDN. -4211

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED to buy second-hand piano, will pay a good price. 276 Route Vallon. Telephone 73606. -4239

WASTE films wanted to buy for melting purpose. Kindly address your offers to Telephone 74537. -4238

WILL buy few more N.Z. Perpetual Forest shares. State class and lowest price in Shanghai dollars. Box 2235, NCDN. -4130

For Sale—Miscellaneous

RED carpet 13½ x 10 ft. coloured design, in good condition. Address Box 2290, NCDN. -4240

DOLLAR Directory, latest issue, for sale $2. 114 Peking Road. Telephone 19230. -4210

SHIRTS made to measure. Genuine silk, $6.50. Duro, Wemco, $7.50. Tootal, $10.50 Razon's, 12 Central Road. -3809

LARGE, two-door steel safes, suitable for banks. Far Eastern Credit Co. 46 Route de Grouchy. -4012

CUCUMBER pickles, 25 lb. tins, $6. Carnation milk, $5.80 dozen. Sardines, 28 cents. Jam 36 cents. Chocolates lowest prices. Zimmerman's, 215 Szechuen Road, Telephone 13233. Delivered anywhere. -4038

BRITISH as your best investment. Air Mails, news issues—and wonderful selections on approval. Victoria Stamp Co., 1045 Bubbling Well. -4205

NICK'S second-hand furniture store. Buying and selling new and second-hand furniture, household effects, etc. 146A Route des Sœurs, Telephone 73937. -3856

ZEISS binocular, latest model of 8 x 30 magnification, for all ranges. Cost $550, but owner will part for $350. Apply 4D, 275 Avenue Haig. -4149

$100 One settee and three arm-chairs with loose covers. Telephone, Watson 30244 noon to 1.30 p.m. -4164

APPLIQUE tea-cosies, 60 cents. Coloured grass bridge sets, $1.75. Fine linen handkerchiefs, 25 cents. Chair-back sets, 35 cents. Lace gloves, 30 cents. Lace and Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 11884

Motor Cars and Cycles

WANTED 1934/5 Chevrolet/Ford or Plymouth 4-door sedan. Full particulars and lowest cash price to Box 2276, NCDN. -4216

WANTED good closed car. State make, model, price. Address Box 2242, NCDN. 11849

SIX-cylinder four-door sedan in first-class mechanical condition, model 1933 at sacrifice price. Telephone 72982 daily between 1 and 2 p.m. 11920

FOR SALE, Fiat coupe 514 in perfect running order. Best offer Auto-Hall. 11835

SHANGHAI Auto-Driving School (Foreign). Driving licence guaranteed. Temporary Telephone 75129, from 8-10 a.m. and after 6 p.m. Car for practice lessons. -3803

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors, authorized Ford and Lincoln dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 11861

WANTED second-hand Ford/Chevrolet sedan 1935, 1936 model, good condition. Box 2221, NCDN. -4124

HUMBER Snipe 1934: First-quality British car, carefully used, 20,000 miles, new tyres, chromium duco as new. Leather upholstery. $2,000. Telephone Eggleton 30010. -4174

1934 Vauxhall Cadet, 4-door saloon de luxe, very economical, excellent condition throughout, owner leaving, sacrificing $1,600. Box 2250, NCDN. -4166

1931 Ford coupe, excellent condition, new tyres, battery. Address Box 2241, NCDN. 11849

Boats

UNIQUE opportunity of buying a Ningpo junk. See Page 1. -4036

Animals

FOR SALE: beautiful snow white Eskimo puppies. Telephone 33874, from 12-2 p.m. -4192

WANTED pure bred Dachshund male puppy, less than one year old. Smooth, black and tan. Must be perfect physical condition. Telephone Broadway Mansions, 1102. -4098

FOR SALE, pedigreed male Scotch collie, well-marked, registered, parents imported. 1207 Yu Yuen Road, House 8. -3959

FOUND in French Concession Scotch-terrier dog, owner may recover same on telephoning 75267. -4172

Furnished Apartments

FOUR-room flat, newly furnished, with large verandah, situated in best residential section of French Concession, for 4/5 months from December 1 to responsible party. Telephone 75542. -4215

TWO-ROOMED furnished apartment, separate bathroom, $80 month; Peking Road, near British Consulate. Box 2273, NCDN. -4210

FLAT of three furnished rooms in detached house, bath, kitchen, garden, garage, for couple with/without child. Route Mayen. Address Box 2283, NCDN. -4234

FULLY-furnished three-roomed apartment, furniture for sale. Rental $145. Bubbling Well near Seymour, Telephone 37517. -4170

Houses and Land

FOR SALE, fine large residence, 7 main rooms, 3 bathrooms, excellent appointment on 4¾ mow, Lucerne Road. Very reasonable. Apply China Realty Company, Telephone 15410. 11850

WANTED four to eight mow of land for private residence purpose. Western district, International Settlement or outside roads limit. Send particulars to Box 2252, NCDN. -4168

Unfurnished Houses

TO LET, attractive eight-roomed residence, situated on Route de Sieyes, available November 1, 1938. For further particulars apply to Fonciere et Immobiliere de Chine, 9 Avenue Edward VII, Telephone 82008. 11877

TO LET, Granada Estate, Lane 222-A Hungjao Road. Attractive six-roomed houses in high-class compound. All Settlement utilities. Quiet and clean. Rents $203 to $243 water included. 11834

Offices, Shops, Godowns

HONGKONG & Shanghai Bank Building and Wayfoong House: Modern offices to let. Apply Sub-Accountant's Department, Hongkong Bank. 11562

TO LET, large and small modern office space in the Chartered Bank Building, 18 The Bund. Space arranged to suit tenants' requirements. Apply Eric Davies, Room 214, Chartered Bank Building. Telephone 15874. 11563

Wanted to Rent

WANTED small room for a foreign, young, business gentleman. Any district. Address Box 2277, NCDN. -4219

FURNISHED room or rooms with full board required by married couple, middle of October. Near bus route, preferably Settlement. Please state full particulars of location, rates per month, etc. to Box 1881, NCDN.

WANTED furnished houses and flats for reliable British families. McMichael's Agency, 993 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 34245. 11699

REQUIRED three-roomed apartment or flat. Willing buy furniture. Particulars address Box 2161, NCDN. -3998

FURNISHED two/three-roomed house or flat. Vicinity Bubbling Well Road or within 20 minutes bus from Bund. Will pay three months in advance. Address Box 2256, NCDN. -4180

Miscellaneous

LADIES dress-maker, graduate from Academy de Coupe de Paris, Paris. Orders taken. Room 10, 200 Chengtu Road, Telephone 32916. -3955

MAGAZINES are expensive, why not be a subscriber to The Home Magazine Library who will supply you on loan with British and American magazines latest issues delivered home or office twice or three times weekly, for $2.60 monthly. Telephone 83288 for list. 11731

Radios

WANTED second-hand short-wave radio, good tone, cabinet appearance immaterial. Telephone 20835 mealtimes only. 11880

FOR efficient and reliable radio service, telephone 37220, Radio City Service, 1249 Bubbling Well Road. American-owned and managed. -3658

BETTER reception, less noise, install our all-wave antenna. Results guaranteed. Radio Corporation of Asia. Telephone 82304. -4046

RADIOS promptly repaired. Telephone 13750. Ask for Mr. Stewart. Complete service Philco, Zenith, all leading makes. Oldest, best equipped in Shanghai. American Radio Equipment Company. 11698

FOR radio repair call International Radio Service, Telephone 75897. 9 Cardinal Mercier. -3884

Chinese Servants

HONEST cook-boy and wife-amah seeks position. Can do any kind work. Good reference. Address Box 2197, NCDN. -4223

AMERICAN family wish to recommend very good cook. Address Box 2285, NCDN. -4236

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). 2,000 satisfied international customers. Picked cook-boys, baby-amahs, cook-amahs, house-amahs, wash-amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen, stenographers. -3819

AVAILABLE now good cook-boy, has been in English family 7 years. Best reference. Box 2239, NCDN. -4150

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -3617

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

1205 BUBBLING WELL Road, Apartment 15. Massage. -4216

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road. Apartment 30. Second Floor. 11606

LADY gives massage. 1025 Bubbling Well Road. House 56, from 10-7 p.m. -4157

MME. Madeleine gives excellent general massage. 10 a.m.—8 p.m. 24 Astor Road (opposite Astor House), Room 6. -4088

Rooms Without Board

TO let, nicely furnished south room in private family, bathroom attached. For particulars to House 4, Lane 1412, Yu Yuen Road. -4214

TO LET, western district, one furnished room, with balcony. Quiet and pleasant locality. Box 2280, NCDN. -4222

COMFORTABLY furnished rooms for men. Club facilities. Navy Y.M.C.A. 11604

Rooms with Board

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable single/double rooms, private bathrooms, garden, excellent food. Telephone 35534 Mrs. Lupton. -4231

PAYING guests received, Tunsin/Great Western Road vicinity, very near No. 2 Bus. Quiet neighbourhood, large garden. Large double rooms, private bathrooms, modern sanitation, central heating, good food, ample supply good servants. Telephone 20544, Mrs. M. Harvey. -4198

200 Chengtu Road. One single and one double room, facing south. Near bus lines, moderate rates. Telephone 32916. -4173

355 AVENUE Haig, corner Tifeng Road. Clean, comfortable, small/large rooms. Special attention to food. Bus stops. Telephone, Mrs. Hedden 71163. -4188

WE THRIVE ON DIRT

G. H. PARKES & CO.

TELEPHONE 72245

COAL

Telephones 10952, 18418

S. A. RACINE & CIE.

For coal apply

Head Offices 2 PEKING ROAD

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
E. of Russia	Japan	Can. Pacific
Produce	Wenchow	T.C.C.
Prominent	Foochow	H. Changan
Tembien	Ningpo	C.I.N.
Taiseunhong	Tientsin	Jardine
H. Tseangtah	Ningpo	T.C.C.
Norse Carrier	Keelung	Wallem
Solviken	Foochow	H. Changan
Ranpura	Hongkong	Mackenzie
Potsdam	Japan	Melchers
Tjisadane	Hongkong	J.C.J.L.
Helga Moller	Hongay	Mollers'
Kiangsu	Hongkong	B.&S.
Prosper	Tientsin	H. Changan
Nagasaki M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Suiwo	Tungchow	Jardine
Wusueh	Hsinkong	B.&S.
Wingsang	Tientsin	Jardine
Liwo	Chitung	Jardine
Santa Rosa	Yangling	P.N.&T.
Patti	Sankokang	Chang Yuen
Marie Moller	Tungchow	Mollers'

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Mohlenhof	Ger.	Carlowitz
Pelikan	Ger.	Brockelmann
Kiangting	Ger.	Foo Hwa
Tseangtah	Br.	Mow Tung
Athos II	Fr.	M.M.
Haikong	Ger.	Keh Lee
Hertha	Ger.	G.F.E.
Chingning M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Tungwo	Br.	Jardine
Whangpu	Br.	B.&S.
Tejo	Port.	I.C.R.N.
E. of Canada	Br.	Can. Pacific
Ikwang	Br.	A.P.C.
Ningkwang	Br.	A.P.C.
Hangsang	Br.	Jardine
Shukwang	Br.	A.P.C.
Lancashire	Br.	—
Tainan M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Yamagata M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Sontay	Fr.	M.M.

In Harbour or Dock

Name	Flag	Berthed
Analock	Br.	W.S.W.
Asiatica	Br.	A.P.C.L.W.
Aymeric	Br.	P.W.W.
Celtic Monarch	Br.	Buoys 32-33
Changon	Br.	McW.
Chialing M.	Jap.	T.D.W.
City of Athens	Br.	O.N.W.
Dairen M.	Jap.	W.W.
Daishin M.	Jap.	C.M.E.W.
Elbhof	Ger.	K.L.Y.W.
Ethel Moller	Br.	K.L.Y.W.
Festa	Port.	K.L.Y.W.
Fuhwo	Br.	Buoys 29-30
Fukwang	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Hai Ping M.	Jap.	Buoys 25-26
Hakka M.	Jap	W.W.
Hunan	Br.	C.N.C.W.
Ingeren	Nor.	Buoys 31-32
J. A. Boyd	Br.	Int. D.W.
J. Justesen	Dan.	K.M.A.W.
Kalapoi	Br.	M.B.K.U.W.
Kaikou	Br.	A.P.C.U.W.
Kathleen Moller	Br.	McW.
Kangaroo	Br.	M.B.K.L.W.
Kintang	Br.	C.D.W.
Kungwo	Br.	Buoys 29-30
Liu Hsing	—	Y.P.D.W
Lushan M.	Jap.	O.S.K.Y.W.
Myoken M.	Jap.	W.S.W.
Naruto M.	Jap.	Buoys 30-30a
Nord	Pan.	C.N.C.B. 1-2
Norse Trader	Pan.	Buoys 22-23
Ready	Br.	Int. D.W.
Rota	Port.	H.S.W.
Santarem	Port.	K.L.Y.W.
Siushan	Br.	C.D.W.
Suiting	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Tachi M.	Jap.	Buoys 27-28
Taiyo M.	Jap.	W.S.W.
Tangyang M.	Jap.	Buoys 24-25
Tstung	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Tienkwang	Br.	A.P.C.L.W.
Treherbert	Br.	Buoys 13-14
Wantung	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Wuhu	Br.	Buoys 30a
Yatshing	Br.	K.L.Y.W.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Duncan	Br.	Dest.	B.N.B.
Scarab	Br.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Augusta	Am.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Isabel	Am.	Slp.	U.S.N.B.
Sacramento	Am.	Gbt.	S.O.C.W.
S. de Brazza	Fr.	Slp.	F.N.B.
Tahure	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	G.B.P.
Hakutsu M. 1	Jap.	Tr.	C.M.L.W.
Hakutsu M. 7	Jap.	Tr.	M.B.K.U.W.
Hotatsu M. 346	Jap.	Tr.	D.K.K.W.W.
Idzumo	Jap.	Cr.	1/2 B.
Kuma	Jap.	Cr.	N.Y.K.M.W.
Ondo M.	Jap.	Tr.	28/29 B.
Shinsei M. 600	Jap.	Tr.	C.W.P.W.
Susuki 15	Jap.	Dest.	8 B.
Taihoku M. 432	Jap.	Tr.	40 B.
Tamayu M.	Jap.	Tr.	M.B.K.U.W.
Wanshan M.	Jap.	Tr.	C.M.C.W.
Yamayuri M.	Jap.	Tr.	C.M.L.W.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS
Strictly Prepaid

One insertion	per word	8 cts.
Three insertions	" "	6 cts.
Seven or more	" "	5 cts.
Positions wanted, any number of insertions	"	4 cts.
Front Page	" "	15 cts.

Minimum of 16 words

Replies to Box Numbers should be addressed care of "North-China Daily News," 17 The Bund (or P.O. Box 707), Shanghai, unless otherwise stated.

In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.

Vessels Arriving

The first date is that of the ship's departure from the Port under which she appears; the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

Ship	Dep.	Arr.
From OSLO		
Triton	19/10	11/12
From FINLAND		
Tamerlane	10/9	6/11
From GDYNIA		
Antilochus	18/10	9/12
From LIVERPOOL		
Pyrrhus	8/10	21/11
Menestheus	15/10	24/11
From LONDON		
Terukuni M.	14/10	18/11
Bangalore	15/10	29/11
From ANTWERP		
Serooskerk	17/10	10/12
From HAMBURG		
Afrika	14/10	30/11
Scharnhorst	29/10	2/12
Aller	15/10	3/12
From ROTTERDAM		
Gneisenau	6/10	5/11
From MARSEILLES		
F. Roussel	30/9	28/10
Pres. Doumer	14/10	11/11
From GENOA		
Kulmerland	11/10	17/11

Ship	Dep.	Arr.
From TRIESTE		
Arabia	20/9	7/11
From MALTA		
Canton	17/10	14/11
From PORT SAID		
Coburg	3/10	27/10
Danmark	4/10	8/11
Hector	13/10	9/11
Meerkerk	12/10	12/11
From PORT SUDAN		
Temeraire	17/10	11/11
From COLOMBO		
Somali	14/10	31/10
Rawalpindi	16/10	31/10
From PENANG		
Vogtland	16/10	3/11
From SINGAPORE		
Agapenor	13/10	25/10
Ajax	15/10	28/10
From SOERABAIA		
Tjinegara	21/10	6/11
From SAMARANG		
Tjisalak	18/10	5/11
From MANILA		
Ramses	14/10	21/10
From HONGKONG		
See "China Ports" below.		

AMERICA AND JAPAN

Ship	Dep.	Arr.
From NEW YORK		
Anna Maersk	10/9	26/10
Cing. Prince	—	26/10
Irisbank	7/9	27/10
Phemius	28/10	20/12
From VANCOUVER		
Tyndareus	7/10	1/11
From SEATTLE		
Ixion	29/10	30/11
From OTARU		
Burdwan	18/10	30/10

Ship	Dep.	Arr.
From YOKOHAMA		
Ranchi	18/10	24/10
Tyndareus	22/10	1/11
From KOBE		
Java	11/10	21/10
Anyo M.	—	28/10
Hakone M.	—	31/10
From MIIKE		
Talthybius	16/10	18/10
From NAGASAKI		
Shanghai M.	19/10	20/10
Nagasaki M.	21/10	22/10
Shanghai M.	24/10	25/10
Nagasaki M.	26/10	27/10
Shanghai M.	29/10	30/10

AUSTRALIA

Ship	Dep.	Arr.
From MELBOURNE		
Nankin	2/11	8/12
From BRISBANE		
Tanda	14/10	7/11

CHINA PORTS

Ship	Dep.	Arr.
From DAIREN		
Tsingtao M.	15/10	18/10
Hoten M.	18/10	21/10
Glenogle	18/10	22/10
Dairen M.	21/10	24/10
Tsingtao M.	24/10	27/10
Hoten M.	27/10	30/10
Toulouse	1/11	15/11
From TIENTSIN		
Leesang	12/10	18/10
Fooshing	11/10	19/10
Shuntien	16/10	19/10
Sandviken	16/10	22/10
Shengking	19/10	22/10
From TSINGTAO		
Memnon	6/10	28/10
From CHANGKIAKONG		
Whangpu	18/10	18/10
From HSINKONG		
Tungwo	18/10	18/10

Ship	Dep.	Arr.
From AMOY		
Shantung	16/10	19/10
From SWATOW		
Chungking	12/10	18/10
From HONGKONG		
C. B'camano	14/10	18/10
Sinkiang	14/10	18/10
Kingyuan	14/10	18/10
Fausang	14/10	19/10
Chaksang	15/10	19/10
Adrastus	15/10	19/10
Kaying	16/10	20/10
Taisang	16/10	20/10
H. Peking	17/10	21/10
Soochow	17/10	21/10
P. Coolidge	19/10	22/10
Norviken	18/10	22/10
Tsinan	19/10	23/10
Nanning	21/10	25/10
Suiyang	23/10	27/10
Kiungchow	24/10	28/10

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

HUNAN Oct. 18. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Tuesday, October 18, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 18-10

CHUNGKING Oct. 19. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Wednesday, October 19, at 6 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 18-10

CHAKSANG Oct. 21. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Buoys on Friday, October 21, at 9 a.m. "A" and "B" Class Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 20-10

SHUNTIEN Oct. 22. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Saturday, October 22, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 22-10

TAISANG Oct. 22. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, October 22, at 2 p.m. "A" and "B" Class Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 22-10

NORVIKEN Oct. 24. CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Monday, October 24. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 24-10

SOUTH CHINA COAST

TAISEUNHONG Oct. 19. SWATOW, HONGKONG, HOIHOW, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Wednesday, October 19, at 7 a.m. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 18-10

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

WINGSANG Oct. 19. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Wednesday, October 19, at noon. "A" and "B" Class Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 19-10

FOOSHING Oct. 20. HONGKONG.—Sails from Buoys 29 and 30 on Thursday, October 20. "B" Class Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 20-10

TJISADANE Oct. 20. AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA, CEBU, MACASSAR, BALI, SOERABAIA and JAVA N.C.—The J.C.J.L. ms. Tjisadane sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung on Thursday, October 20, at 5 p.m. taking cargo to Java and transhipment in Java. Excellent passenger accommodation. Passengers tender leaves Customs Jetty at 2.30 p.m. Through tickets issued to European Australian and African Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 19-10

KINGYUAN Oct. 21. SWATOW, HONGKONG, HOIHOW, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Friday, October 21, at 9 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 21-10

KAYING Oct. 22. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Saturday, October 22, at 9.30 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 22-10

SINKIANG Oct. 22. AMOY, CHUANCHOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Saturday, October 22, at 9.30 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 22-10

SANDVIKEN Oct. 24. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Monday, October 24. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 24-10

JAPAN

RANPURA Oct. 18. KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co. No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 18-10

STRAITS AND EUROPE

CYCLOPS Oct. 18. HAVRE, LIVERPOOL and BROMBOROUGH.—For freight and Passage apply Agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 18-10

POTSDAM Oct. 18. GENOA, SOUTHAMPTON, ROTTERDAM, BREMEN and HAMBURG via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, PENANG, BELAWAN, COLOMBO and PORT SAID.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., General Agents, N.D.L. 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 18-10

CONTE B'CAMANO Oct. 21. NAPLES and GENOA via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, MASSOWAH and PORT SAID.—The Lloyd Triestino s.s. Conte Biancamano will sail from Shanghai on October 21, at 6.30 a.m. sharp. For freight and passage apply Lloyd Triestino, 26 The Bund. Tel. 16885. 21-10

GLENOGLE Oct. 22. CASABLANCA, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and ANTWERP via HONGKONG and STRAITS.—Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Agents, Glen Line Ltd. Tel. 15290. 22-10

ATHOS II Oct. 25. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 82034. 25-10

RANCHI Oct. 25. MARSEILLES and LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, PORT SAID and MALTA. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co. No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 25-10

SHANTUNG Oct. 26. ALGIERS, ORAN, CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, OSLO, COPENHAGEN and GOTHENBURG. The Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.'s ms. Shantung will leave Shanghai on or about October 26, for the above mentioned ports. Through bills of lading to all Scandinavian and Baltic ports. Cargo for U.K. ports accepted on optional Bs/L. For freight and passage please apply to The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd., Hamilton House, Foochow Road Entrance. Telephone 11330. 26-10

OLDENBURG Oct. 27. GENOA, CASABLANCA, ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG via PORTS.—(Captain W. Arfsten), on or about October 27, 1938. For freight and passage please apply to Hamburg-Amerika Linie, Filiale Shanghai, 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709. 27-10

MEMNON Oct. 29. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and GLASGOW.—For freight and passage apply agents. Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 29-10

BURDWAN Nov. 1. BOMBAY, CASABLANCA, MARSEILLES, HAVRE, LONDON, HULL, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM and ANTWERP via HONGKONG, STRAITS and CEYLON.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co., 27 The Bund. Tel. 11428. 1-11

AUSTRALASIA

NELLORE Nov. 4. (From Hongkong) SYDNEY and MELBOURNE via PORTS.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, E. & A. S. C. Co., Ltd., No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 4-11

Post Office Notices

Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is requested in order to make connection with the below-mentioned closing times.
(Last connecting time from Sub-Offices to Head Office is 19.35 on week days and 19.05 on Sunday.)

Date and Destination	Per		Reg.	Ord.
TUESDAY, Oct. 18.				
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	Nagasaki M.		*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen	Dairen M.		*20.00	7.15
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	Hunan		*20.00	7.30
Aust. N.Z. and Manila ..	E. Russia		9.00	10.00
Hongkong and Canton ..	E. Russia		9.30	10.00
Haimen Che.	Santarem		9.30	10.00
Haimen Che.	Elbhof		10.30	11.00
Aust. N.Z. Manila S.S. India Suez Europe	Potsdam		10.00	12.00
Hongkong and Canton ...	Potsdam		11.30	12.00
Wenchow	Tembien		12.30	13.00
Chuanchow	Nord		12.30	13.00
Wenchow	Produce		14.30	15.00
Foochow	Prosper		15.30	16.00
Kiangpei Offices east of Haian	Tejo		16.30	17.00
Swatow H'kong Yunnan	Taiseunhong		19.30	20.00
Tsingtao Wei. C'foo T'tsin	Chungking		19.30	20.00
Haimen Che. and Ningpo	H. Tseangtah		19.30	20.00
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19.				
Hongkong Aust. N.Z. and Indo-China	Troja	AY	8.00	8.30
Swatow and Hongkong ..	Wingsang		9.00	9.30
Nantung	Nantung M.		14.30	15.00
THURSDAY, Oct. 20.				
Tsingtao and Dairen	Tsingtao M.		*20.00	7.15
Hongkong	Foosning	X	*20.00	7.25
Amoy H'kong (Y) Aust. (Y) N.Z. (Y) Indo-China (Y) Manila (Y) Java ..	Tjisadane	B	13.00	13.30
Aust. N.Z. Manila S.S. India Suez Europe	C. B'camano	C	14.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton ..	C. B'camano		15.30	16.00
Indo-China(Z) via H'phong	Kingyuan	D	—	—
Swatow Hongkong Yunnan	Kingyuan		19.30	20.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for S.S., F.M.S., Egypt, E-Soudan, Holland, Germany and other countries, closes at 16.00 on 18th.
B Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 12.00 on 20th.
C Parcel mail for S.S., F.M.S., Ceylon, India, Egypt, E-Soudan, Italy and other countries, closes at 12.00 on 20th.
D Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 20th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Y Superscribed correspondence.
Z Parcel mail only.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Via Siberia by steamer to Tientsin or Chinwangtao for transmission.
Next steamer mails will be closed as follow:—
ss. Potsdam, via Suez, October 18, due London November 13.
ss. Conte Biancamano, via Suez, October 20, due London November 16.
ss. Paesident Coolidge, via Pacific, October 22, due London November 22.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service (Hongkong-Bangkok-London and Hongkong-Bangkok-Singapore-Australia) per ss. Empress of Russia, at 10.00 a.m. on Oct. 18, and due Rome on October 26, and London on October 27.
Pan American Airways Service (Hongkong-San Francisco per ss. Conte Biancamano, at 4 p.m. on October 20, and due San Francisco on Nov. 2.
Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per ss. Potsdam, at 12.00 on October 18, and due Amsterdam on November 1, and London on November 2.
Air France (Saigon-Marseilles) per available steamer to Hongkong for transmission to Saigon.
Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service:—Air mails close daily at 8.00 p.m.
Via C.N.A.C. or Eurasia planes sent to Hongkong for further transmission.

Train Mail

Light mails for or via Pengpu, Wuhu, N.S.R. and Lunghai (east of Yunho) close daily, at 9.00 a.m.
Light mails for or via Hangchow and Sunkiang close daily, at 3.30 p.m.
Light mails for or via River Ports beyond Kiukiang per available steamer via Canton.

Vessels Discharging

RANPURA. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Ranpura, from London and Ports, bringing Cargo ex steamer Stork, from Bordeaux, and steamer Shirala, from Calcutta.—This steamer discharged her Cargo at the Pootung Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Pootung Wharf on Tuesday, October 25, 1938, at 9 a.m., by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 18-10

SONTAY. From the Continent and ports arrived on October 16, 1938, now discharging at the Jardine's Pootung Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for exchange of Delivery Orders and take immediate delivery of their goods. Consignees of Bulk and Iron cargo are further requested to send their representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such cargo whilst it is being landed. All risks of fire at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by consignees. Claims against this steamer must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival or they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Thursday, October 20, 1938, at 9 a.m. at the Wharf by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. No Insurance effected. Cie. des Messageries Maritimes. 19-10

PRINCE LINE and SILVER LINE

Joint Round World Express Service

DUE TO ARRIVE FROM NEW YORK:

mv. SILVERASH .... Oct. 18
mv. CINGALESE PRINCE .... Oct. 26

Fortnightly sailings for Hongkong, Philippine Islands, Java, Straits, Colombo and Atlantic Coast ports via Cape of Good Hope

All vessels have accommodation for limited number of first-class passengers.

Silver Line vessels have refrigerated space.

For further particulars regarding

PRINCE LINE — *Apply to:* Jardine Matheson & Co., Limited

SILVER LINE — *Apply to:* Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.

Busy Week-end in Shanghai Port

Three Liners Bring Many Passengers

Shanghai port had a busy weekend with the arrival of the C. P. ss. Empress of Canada and the Empress of Russia, the P. & O. ss. Ranpura and the N.D.L. ss. Potsdam, which carried many passengers from London, Vancouver, Japan and South China.

Two hundred travellers from London and ports, disembarked yesterday from the ss. Ranpura. Among these were:—

Mrs. Bruce and two children, Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Coffey and two children, Miss L. E. Moody, Miss D. Wright-Hay, Miss L. Blott, Dr. C. L. Simmons, Dr. F. E. Powell, Miss M. L. Thomson, Miss I. E. Walker, Miss I. E. Woodward, Miss F. M. Flanigan, Miss M. E. Keranan, Miss K. H. Eckholm, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. P. Hartley, Mr. and Mrs. H. Jackson and two children, Miss A. F. Kerslake, Mr. F. R. McAulay, Miss M. Peckham, Mr. and Mrs. P. V. Simpson, Capt. and Mrs. C. Smart and child, Mrs. M. A. Underwood and two children, Mr. T. T. Walker, Mr. F. W. Wright, Mr. A. L. Jones, Mrs. D. Hasford, Capt. R. R. McGrigor, Miss M. G. Carpenter, Mr. A. M. Ebrahim, Mr. C. J. Doughty, Mr. and Mrs. F. Gregory, Mr. J. W. MacKay, Mrs. S. Mason, Mr. R. Duncan, Mrs. Jennings, Miss A. M. Moncrieff, Mrs. E. J. Pollock, Mrs. Heslop and child, Mrs. Lowe, Mrs. Johnson and child, Mrs. Kirby and two children, Miss Eynon, Mrs. D. Bathe and child, Mrs. Brooks and two children, Mrs. Hartridge and two children, Mrs. Bentley and child, Mrs. Flemming and three children, Mrs. Bush and two children, Mrs. Newman, Mrs. Howard, Miss Trevitt, Miss Miller, Mrs. Kirk and daughter, Mrs. Sedman and three children, Mrs. Walker and two children, Mrs. Cowell and two children, Mrs. Patrick and two children, Mrs. Bowlan and three children, Mrs. Hogarth and three children, Mrs. Coulthard, Mrs. Scott, Mrs. Pickering, Mrs. Stonehause and child, Mrs. Nicholson and child, Mrs. O'Brien and two children, Mrs. Fulton and two children, Mrs. Brannon and child, Mrs. Gill, Mrs. Hush, Mrs. Watt, Mrs. Ford, Mrs. Smiles, Mrs. Arrowsmith, Mrs. Flinn, Mrs. Murphy, Mrs. Gresham and child, Thompson and three children, Mrs. Colman and four children, Mrs. Cope and child, Mrs. Moore and child, Mrs. Rosendell and child, Mrs. Blackwood and four children, Mrs. Marshall and four children, Mrs. Hatton and two children, Mrs. Fox and three children, Mrs. McDermott and three children, Mrs. Beddows and three children, Mrs. Cowley and two children, Mrs. Cuffe and child, Mrs. McBride and two children, Mrs. Wright and two children, Mrs. Goodman and child, Mrs. Snell and six children, Mrs. Fowley and child.

Arrived in C.P. Liners

Those who arrived on Sunday from Manila and Hongkong in the ss. Empress of Canada, included:—

Miss V. Atkinson, Mrs. W. G. Crokam, Miss E. M. Grosse, Mrs. M. C. Haines and two daughters, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Parker, Mr. O. Pruessman, Mr. P. Annis, Mrs. D. B. Atwell, Mr. P. R. Buergin, Mr. F. S. Gibbings, Mr. H. R. Harling, Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Hayes and daughter, Mr. P. S. Hawkins, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Piercy, Mr. A. S. Potter, Mr. L. Svendsen, Mr. and Mrs. V. Wieder and son, Mr. E. V. A. de Becker, Mrs. A. M. Hall, Mr. P. E. Samman, Mrs. R. Zimmerman and two children, Mr. A. Harvey, Capt. R. McDonald, Mr. A. J. Maitland, Mr. N. T. Rankin, Mr. K. Krebs, Mrs. B. Cox and son, Mr. M. E. Hardcastle, Mrs. R. Lacson and two children, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bugaisky, Mr. M. Frassete, Mr. P. Konsterlie, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Olsen and Miss F. Smith.

Among those who arrived in the ss. Empress of Russia from Vancouver and Japan, yesterday, were:—

Mrs. K. Friedman, Mr. H. E. Jackson, Mr. W. Peltz, Mr. and Mrs. A. Plesner, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. S. Terry, Dr. G. Velliot, Mr. A. O. Whitehouse, Mr. F. P. Musso, Mrs. A. K. Aurell, Mrs. V. H. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Cahusao, Mrs. A. Clausen, Mrs. W. B. Spencer, Mr. E. A. Forsyth, Mrs. M. and Miss V. Russell, Mr. F. Vock, Mr. E. M. van Corhecs, Mr. H. G. W. Woodhead, Lieut. D. L. de Simone, Lieut. G. Lesca, Bishop A. J. Moore, Mr. L. G. Baker, Miss A. Baxter, Mrs. E. S. Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Cornfield, Mrs. R. N. Dickson and two children, Mr. and Mrs. A. Drosdoff, Miss G. Farr, Dr. and Mrs. P. K. Geiser and son, Mrs. E. Gomersall, Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Green, Miss I. Jeffers, Capt. F. H. Jeune, Miss W. Kelly, Miss L. Lenhart, Miss L. D. Lyon, the Rev. and Mrs. L. I. Moffett and daughter, Miss M. McCown, Mr. S. A. McGeary, Mrs. A. A. McKinnon and son, Miss W. Nott, Mr. T. O'Dwyer, Miss F. B. Patterson, Mrs. H. M. Peck and son, Miss N. Pugh, Mrs. Rankin and son, the Rev. and Mrs. R. P. Richardson and four children, Dr. M. Richey, Miss H. F. Salles, Mrs. S. Simmons, the Rev. and Mrs. E. F. Stewart and daughter, Dr. and Mrs. S. W. Vance and son, Miss R. E. Wilson, Miss L. Young, Mrs. M. S. Buckel, Mr. P. Antonio, Mrs. S. Morks and son, Mrs. D. Parselle, Mr. R. S. Sassoon, Mr. I. G. Vylegjanin, Mr. M. Chamnah, Miss M. Herring and Mr. A. S. Blanchensee.

Sailed Yesterday

Among those who left yesterday for Vancouver and way ports, in the ss. Empress of Canada were:—

Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Goodfellow, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Reib, Mrs. W. P. and Miss E. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Covington and two children, Mr. E. H. S. Low, Mr. C. Sampio, Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Rosenblatt, Mrs. E. F. Hardman, Mrs. W. R. Rice, Mr. H. J. Levine, Mrs. A. Cousins-Hix, Miss F. Utley, Mr. C. A. Nichols, Mr. J. L. Bowker, Mr. and Mrs. R. Lawrence, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Mozoroff and son, Mrs. B. W. Lipscomb, Mr. C. W. Hall, Dr. H. Bryan, Mr. J. Sharps, Mr. C. Avison, Mr. H. A. Deeks, Mr. and Mrs. F. Schilk and three children, Mr. V. A. Eysymontt, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. C. Tuck and son, Mrs. E. J. Challacombe, Mrs. Z. Lepenek, Miss E. Nowack, Miss C. Coleston, Mrs. L. Faers, Mr. T. Mellow, Mr. E. M. Richlieu, Mr. S. Jorgensen, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bell and two children, Miss B. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Wolf, Miss A. Gordon, Mrs. M. Pollock, Mrs. H. A. Gilman, Mr. Y. Futami, Mr. and Mrs. G. Robinson, Mr. C. Andreoli, Mrs. H. M. Syroboiarsky, Mrs. G. Brennecke, Mr. I. A. Stone, Mrs. H. Crompton, Mr. H. H. Stlotenberg, Mrs. S. R. Anderson, Mrs. J. E. Perkins, Miss K. A. Challacombe and Master B. Federoff.

Arrived From Japan

Those who arrived yesterday in the ss. Potsdam from Japan, included:—

Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Gilman, Mrs. E. Campbell, Mr. E. Bougon, Mr. P. Destillator, Mr. M. Rana, Miss N. E. Cameron, Mr. F. Cordt, Mr. W. McCutcheon, Mr. and Mrs. Barber, Mr. K. Sakhrani, Mr. G. Fuller, Mrs. M. Manley-Allat, Mrs. H. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. R. Sweetland, Mr. M. and Miss M. Gecker, Mrs. F. and Miss R. Vicari, Mrs. L. Henriette, Mrs. L. Floyd, Mr. and Mrs. J. Knox and son, Mr. C. Schroeter, Miss G. Tsirentschikoff-Sege, Mr. and Mrs. C. Doeksen, Mrs. G. Zwan, Miss E. Montford, and Mr. W. Pearson-Larsen.

From South China: Mr. and Mrs. Sabs arrived on Saturday from South China in the ss. Yatshing.

From North China: Miss A. Gordon arrived yesterday from North China in the ss. Taiseunhong.

Due From London: Mr. Kosterlitz and Mr. F. B. Kunstein sailed from London for Shanghai in the ss. Suwa Maru on September 30. They should arrive on about November 9.

For South China: Mr. B. H. Munson, Mr. and Mrs. G. Iwakuma and child and Dr. J. C. Thompson are sailing today in the ss. Kiangsu for Amoy and Hongkong.

For North China: Mr. J. Wilson, the Rev. Father E. Dielieus, Mr. C. Buerger, Mrs. Nikolav and Miss Shanek are leaving today for Tientsin in the ss. Hunan.